St. … Dispatch.

VOL. XXVIII. AUGUST 1, 187… NO. 93.

MEN'S

UNDERWEAR!!

To close a number of lines, we are making very great reductions in prices.
Our stocks of Men's Medium, Fine and Extra Fine

Hosiery

Have no equal in extent or variety, and are offered at lowest possible prices.

Wilson Bros

Largest retail dealers in America of

MEN'S

FURNISHING GOODS.

408 N. Fourth St., St. Louis.
67 & 69 Washington St., Chicago.
69 & 71 Fourth St., Cincinnati.

BROWN'S
Camphorated Saponaceous
DENTIFRICE
Large Bottles, 25 Cents.

CAMPHOR, united with SOAP and other pure and valuable ingredients, in this preparation, undoubtedly presents THE BEST DENTIFRICE yet offered to the public. It hardens the gums, kills animal and vegetable parasites, SWEETENS THE BREATH, *makes the Teeth glisten with Whiteness and prevents their Decay.*

A TOWER OF STRENGTH.
Purely Vegetable & All-Healing.
BROWN'S
WORLD-FAMED
HOUSEHOLD
PANACEA
HAS NO EQUAL
FOR RELIEVING PAIN.
Purely Vegetable and All-Healing.
We appeal to every family to buy one bottle of BROWN'S HOUSEHOLD PANACEA for trial. It can be had of almost any druggist for 25 cts. It will save heavy doctor's bills, and when once introduced will prove to be INDISPENSABLE. It quickly
HEALS FRESH WOUNDS--CURES SEVEREST PAIN.
USE IT EXTERNALLY AND INTERNALLY FOR
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Chills and Fever, Summer Complaints, Burns, Cramps, or any Distress in the Side, Back, Stomach or Bowels, not excepting Cholera.
Will extract the fire from a burn immediately, and remove all pain and soreness.
WARRANTED DOUBLE THE STRENGTH of ANY OTHER ELIXIR or LINIMENT.
Small Bottles, 25c.; large, 50c. Sold by all Druggists.

BROWN'S
VERMIFUGE
COMFITS
For Destroying Worms.
25 CENTS.
A substantial and effective confection, *stronger in remedial action than any other medicine of its kind, but which is very pleasant to the taste, and can do no possible injury to the most delicate child.* This valuable combination has been successfully used by physicians, and can be relied upon as a
Specific.



A NEW BOOK.
"The HORSE and HIS DISEASES."
No one who owns or works a horse can afford to be without this book. It is just the complete and practical manual that has long been needed by horse owners. It is written by a well known Veterinary Surgeon of great experience, so that no matter of importance relating to the Horse is omitted. It is invaluable when horses are attacked with diseases requiring prompt attention, and in districts remote from Veterinary Surgeons, because it enables any one to doctor their own horses. It gives the best rules for telling the age of a horse, with a fine engraving showing the appearance of the teeth at each year. Also much other INFORMATION of great value to every horse owner. Actually worth as much as other Horse Books costing from five to ten dollars, but condensed so as to give all that is necessary to know and sent by mail post-paid on receipt of the price, 50 cents, or 5 copies to one address for $1, either in stamps or money. Ask two of your neighbors to buy one copy each and thus get

A HORSE BOOK FREE!!

DR. WM. H. HALL, Canandaigua, N. Y., says: "I have bought books from England that I paid five and ten dollars for, which I do not like as well as I do yours." The Editor of the "WESTERN SPORTSMAN and LIVE STOCK NEWS," says of it: "It is a book that every owner of a horse should have. It has 35 engravings illustrating positions assumed by sick horses, and we would not exchange it for any book on the horse and his diseases that we have ever seen, and we have read some books of the kind that cost ten dollars." If space would allow we could give hundreds of testimonials in its favor.
AGENTS WANTED to canvass every County for this Valuable Book.
Farmers, Merchants, Doctors, Stable Keepers, and every owner of a horse, buys on sight; it outsells all others.
53 Thousand Sold. Sample Copy and Terms to Agents sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of 50 cents. Address all orders to S. E. PRENTISS & CO., Springfield, Ohio.
We refer to the Merchants, Bankers, Express Agents, Postmaster and Manufacturers of our city.

COFF CAUGHT.

He Endeavored to Capture Goldsoll, and the Tables are Turned

By Goldsoll's Friends Demanding and Obtaining His Removal from the Staff of Marshals.

Colonel James Coff, one of the shrewdest deputies under Marshal Mason, was officially notified last evening that his resignation would be accepted, and that if it was not tendered he would be most unceremoniously bounced without delay. It was one of those propositions that no sane man can take under advisement, and the upshot of the whole is that George Herbert occupies Col. Coff's desk in the Court of Criminal Correction this morning, while the latter is discussing man's inhumanity to man among his large list of Four Courts friends.

The announcement of Coff's removal has occasioned more talk in and about the … Courts than Judge Laugh… decision in the Smith case, … nothing else is heard from the janitors up … Judges. Marshal Mason is the only man … the building averse to discussing the … Rumors are rife as to what caused the …l, and assign a great many reasons for …tion of Marshal Mason. Desirous of get… …wn to the bottom of the vexed subject … DISPATCH representative called upon … Mason and requested in … a manner as possible … for removing Mr. Coff. "It is a pri…," said the Captain, "and I am at … derstand why it should interest … myself."

… lect of duty that caused you to …

… removed. He resigned of his … that is all there is about the …

… next sought out and told …
…IRELY DIFFERENT STORY
…ted by Marshal Mason.

… come to resign?" queried the …

… er resigned. I have been … d the ex-marshal.
… is authority for the state… last evening?"
… summons another and … resignation will be ac… … me that it would be ta… … tendered, I can see … invitation to step down … what I did at Marshal Ma… … t evening."
… er did you incur Marshal … re?"
… botom of it all, and I do … ing further at present." … umber of Coff's friends … Texas in search of Mayer … go he incurred the dis… … ntlemen, among others … Dental Company, Gold… … artner in business, and … on Marshal Mason, as … and demanded that … al. The failure to … Coff alleges, … o consideration,

but the fact that Coff had dared to get a leave of absence and go down after the bank breaker incurred their mortal displeasure, and as soon as the matter of a bond for that worthy was practically settled, Coff's removal was demanded and obtained.

A POST-DISPATCH reporter was approached in the Court of Criminal Correction this morning by Col. R. S. MacDonald, who broached the subject as follows:

"Now that the POST-DISPATCH has caused Coff to lose some $2,000 by announcing the fact that he had gone to Texas after Goldsoll, would it not be a fine idea to attack him for incompetency or something of that nature now that Goldsoll's friends have caused his removal."

Without waiting for a reply Col. MacDonald resumed:

"Jim Coff is the shrewdest and best man that ever Marshal Mason had in his employ, and his dismissal is an outrage, a public one. When Coff served a term as Marshal of the city of St. Louis he fulfilled his duties faithfully and made the best Marshal the city has ever had, and since he has been a deputy he has not only faithfully discharged his duties, but added dignity to the Marshal's desk. His discharge is a disgraceful act."

A petition for Col. Coff's reinstatement will be circulated among the judges and attorneys to-morrow, and Marshal Mason asked to reverse his hasty decision.

THE CIVIL COURTS.

Court of Appeals.

Mr. Wm. H. Gray, the popular deputy in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Appeals, is the subject of a strong petition to the appellate bench, asking that he be named first deputy clerk. The names on the petition are of such a character that the presentation of the petition will be enough to secure its object.

An Unpaid Note.

George Partrige and Wm. G. Eliat have entered suit against Robert S. Cavender and John S. Cavender under the following circumstances; James Smith died and left to plaintiffs a note for $5,000 made by Robert S. Cavender on June 20, 1873, for five years at 10 per cent. The note was never paid.

John Cavender died and left $17,169 49 to John S. Cavender in trust, the income of which was to be paid as it accrued to Robert S. Cavender, and this suit prays that enough of this income be sequestrated to pay this note.

THE GOLDSOLL BOND.

A Slight Delay Experienced in Arranging It.

There has been a slight degree of trouble in securing bondsmen for Mayer Goldsoll, and the result will be that he will not be surrendered until to-morrow. M. H. Smit, the pawnbroker, is very likely to go on the principal bond of $15,000. He was closeted with Collector Rosenblatt and Mr. August Binswanger for quite a period this morning, and there can be little doubt but what he will becomeone of the principal bondsmen. Goldsoil is very anxious to have the matter of the bond arranged as soon as possible, for there is no telling at what moment his hiding place may be discovered.

Cashier Krieger.

J. Philip Krieger, Jr., is back in his old cell in the city jail anxiously awaiting the arranging of a bond in his case. His attorneys are confident that one will be given by the latter part of next week, and then he can step out to temporary freedom. He entertains the idea of going to Sulphur Springs, Va., for the season, to escape in part the many annoyances he would be subjected to daily here.

MR. WILLIAM T. WILKINS, of the firm of W. M. Senter & Co., was seriously injured yesterday by a fall while alighting from a car at the Plum street depot.

Last Edition

YELLOW FEVER.

Thirteen New Cases and Three Deaths at Memphis.

Mrs. Athy and Daughter Reported Dying.

Sixty-Six Patients Cared for by the Howards.

No Discrimination Made by the Fever as to Color.

Everything Quiet and Peaceful in the Stricken City.

Organized Preparations for Preserving the Peace.

Arrival of a Ship at San Francisco Filled With Fever.

The Latest News, as Telegraphed by Our Special Correspondent.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

MEMPHIS, August 1.—The following new cases were reported to-day up to noon:

NEW CASES.

Lindsay Payne, colored, six years, College avenue, outside the city limits.

Amy Payne, colored, forty-two years, College avenue, outside the city limits.

Mrs. M. E. Bennett, twenty-eight years, Greenwood nurseries.

Jim Payne, colored, twelve years, College avenue, outside city limits.

James Collins, twenty-one years, 193 Linden street.

Wm. Morgan, colored, nine years, 100 Court street.

Ed. Toblen, colored, City Hospital.

James Burns, forty-five years, 142 Rocco alley.

Marshal Haskins, twenty-two years, 142 Rocco alley.

Willis Allen, colored, thirty-four years, 67 De Soto street.

Tom Burns, three years, 142 Rocco alley.

Father Doyle, thirty years, corner De Soto and Linden streets.

Wm. Hemerle, fifty-two years, 261 South street.

DEATHS.

The following deaths have been unofficially reported:

Tony Botto, corner of De Soto and Elliott streets.

John Holly, 56 Ross avenue.

Charles Bennett, Poplar street.

NOT EXPECTED TO RECOVER.

Mrs. P. R. Athey and Miss Dora Athey, sick at Raleigh, are not expected to recover.

THE HOWARDS

have sixty-six sick in charge and fifty-five nurses on duty. Among their sick are Dupratt and wife, Hernando road, four miles south of the city, and one member of Goebel's family, near the south gate of Elmwood Cemetery.

QUIET AND PEACEFUL.

All is quiet and peaceful. Minute men will organize to-day to preserve order.

By Western Associated Press.

MEMPHIS, TENN., August 1.—Nine new cases were reported to the Board of Health this morning.

Among the number was Rev. Father Doyle, of St. Bridget's Catholic Church.

Four additional cases, not included in the above, are reported of persons residing beyond the city limits.

Three deaths have occurred since last night—John Holly, Chas. Bennett, Jr., and Tony Botto.

Weather clear and warm.

Fever at New York.

By Western Associated Press.

NEW YORK, August 1.—Charles Otto, of the steamer City of New York, and William Kennedy, of the steamer Morro Castle, have been sent to the Quarantine Hospital, sick with yellow fever.

Fever at 'Frisco.

By Western Associated Press.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 1.—The ship Templar arrived last evening, 161 days from Rio Janeiro, where she put in for repairs on her voyage out from New York. While in Rio Janeiro the Captain

TOOK THE YELLOW FEVER,

but recovered. Nine of the seamen died in the port from that disease. The first day after leaving Rio the fever re-appeared. The wife of Captain Armstrong, and Harry Cave and Michael Walsh, seamen,

DIAD,

and Captain Armstrong, his daughter, the ship's carpenter, and several sailors were taken down. Captain Armstrong is still ill, and several of the crew have not fully recovered. The quarantine officers took charge of the vessel,

DESTROYED THE BEDDING

and carpets, disinfected the ship and took her to quarantine. There has not been a new case of fever on board for three months.

A Yellow Fever Romance.

[From the Cincinnati Commercial.]

Last year when the epidemic was raging in Memphis, among the Cincinnati physicians who tendered their services and lives to Health Officer Minor, was young Dr. Collins, of this city, an unusually bright and intellectual man, who was making a precarious living at his practice, not through lack of ability, for of that he had abundance, but from the lack of patients. His services, with those of five others, were accepted, and on a certain evening they all went to the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad depot to take the half-past 9 o'clock train for the South. Young Collins, in taking leave of the health officers, who had gone down to see the little band off, said: "Doctor, I will either make a reputation in Memphis or never come home again." He arrived in that city, and reporting to the Howard Association for duty, was given an assignment in a part of the town where the disease was carrying people off by the scores. Among others that he attended was the to… youn… went to… through… say that by… mutually atta… followed, to wh… was given by the par… ney were married, the father investing his so… with a handsome interest in his plantati… Collins is now one of the rising young … cians of Memphis, and is the efficient sec… of the Board of Health.

The Furore Created by a Load of Watermelons.

[From the Memphis Appeal.]

Yesterday several country wagons laden with watermelons created a furore on the street among the darkey population, who purchased the melons by the hundreds. We can well imagine how many melon-eaters suffered last night, and to them is dedicated the following apostrophe:

Come to the mortal as he sits
Upon a dry goods box and sips
The nectar from thy juicy lips—
Come to the youngster as he flits
Across the high and peaked fence
And moves with ecstacy intense
Thy charms from off the native vine,
And thou art terrible!
O August-born monstrocity!
Incarnate colicosity!
Beneath thy emerald bosom glow,
Like glittering bubbles in the wine,
The lurid fires of deadly woe,
And from thy fascinations grow
The pain, the cramp, the pang, the throe—
And all we fear or dream or know
Of agony is thine!

Typhoid Fever Germs in Ice.

[From the Popular Science Monthly.]

About eight years since, Dr. Flint, who has studied and written a great deal on the subject, became satisfied that a source of typhoid fever existed which was little dreamed of, and which, at first thought, would seem impossible. This source, as he then enunciated it to his home medical society (and not to his knowledge having been before suggested), is found in ice. If this idea is thoroughly investigated, it will not appear to be very problematical. In the first place, the poison is not destroyed or impaired by freezing (some one long ago remarked that ice often masks or conceals what it does not kill). Now, whence comes our ice supply? Often from shallow reservoirs in the midst of neighborhoods of large towns purposely made to receive surface drainage from all around, under the erroneous idea that no harm will ensue, as freezing is supposed to purify and render harmless what might otherwise be objectionable. Great quantities of ice are taken from canals, from creeks, from stagnant ponds, and from streams that are either the natural or artificial recipients of surface drainage, of the outpourings of sewers, and of uncleanliness from various sources. The danger of ice taken from improper places is not only from that which is drunk, but from its use in refrigerators and preservatories, where milk, butter, fruits, vegetables and meats are subjected to its saturating influence as it vaporizes. Several instances have fallen under the doctor's observation where the disease, by the most careful investigation, could not be traced to any other source; and if we accept as a fact the statement positively made by Budd in the London Lancet, in July, 1859, that it never originates de novo, but proceeds from a special and specific poison which is capable of diffusion to a great extent, and which preserves its noxious qualities for a long period, even if buried for many months, we can not reject the hypothesis of ice infection; and it is hoped that it will be made the subject of very thorough and careful examination.

Undaunted Hymen.

[From the Memphis Avalanche.]

Neither war, pestilence nor high water can frighten away the matrimonial deity, or cause his torch to burn less brightly. An illustration of the proposition was seen yesterday. A couple came arm in arm into Yahrling's Hotel on Adams street, and asked for a private room, which the urbane proprietor furnished at once. Seeing symptoms of intended matrimony in their demeanor, the proprietor did not wait for further developments, but rushed right out and got 'Squire Spellman, and the two returned to the house. The result showed the correctness of Mr. Yahrling's power of divination; for the couple immediately stood up, and the 'Squire, who had almost as soon perform a marriage ceremony as hold an inquest, forthwith joined them together in the holy bonds of wedlock.

Captain Davis and Sergeant Kuhnholz, who approve of such proceedings, on general principles, witnessed the contract. After the usual congratulations everybody took wine in honor of the happy union of Mr. John Ch. Korneriss and Mrs. Sarah Jennie Hoffman, and they went forth to thread the pathway of life together.

The New Orleans Cases.

[From the New Orleans Times.]

The boy Fitzpatrick, sick with malarial fever, on Third street, between Constance and Laurel, is much better this morning, and, for the first time since his illness, has been able to take nourishment. Not even a rumor of other sickness was heard in this neighborhood.

Dr. Bemiss appears confident that the precautions taken by Dr. White will effectually eliminate all trace of disease, and with plenary powers from the sanitary association, that eminent scientist is virtually master of the situation.

The Spano family have removed to a brick building below Camp Parapet and just above the upper line of Carrollton, and will be looked after closely by the sanitary officers until a sufficient time has elapsed to prevent their contracting disease.

Besides the mattresses and bedding, about 100 watermelons and a quantity of fruit were destroyed. All this will be paid for by the Board of Health.

Yesterday at 2 o'clock, a representative of the Times called at the house No. 105 Bourbon street, and being conducted to a rear room was shown a little child named Louis Affrey, apparently about three years old, who seemingly was at that time in extremis.

The writer took up the child's hand and found that he was entirely free from fever, but he was extremely nervous, restless and a little delirious. This sufferer was taken sick on Friday last with a severe cold, and was brought to the city on Sunday last, reaching the city and the present location about five o'clock Sunday afternoon. Dr. E. A. Murphy, a leading homeopathic physician, was sent for and reported the case to the Board of Health as one of unmistakable yellow fever. An elderly lady of the house stated that when the child arrived his face was a fiery red, and that he had a high fever with great heat. He threw up black vomit copiously. It is stated that Dr. S. S. Herrick, secretary of the Board of Health, visited the patient with Dr. Murphy, and concurred with him in his previously expressed opinion. In medical circles the case was very generally known almost as soon as it was reported, and a majority of these gentlemen admit that it is a genuine case, although not originating in this city. The patient was yesterday morning visited by Dr. S. S. Herrick, of the Board of Health, who pronounced it unmistakably yellow fever. The writer hereof, although possessing no professional knowledge whatever, is nevertheless of opinion that the child was in a much better condition at 11 o'clock last night than it appeared to be at 2 p. m., and although he may be deceived, he is nevertheless under the impression that it is slowly improving.

Accompanied by Mr. J. C. Henderson, Secretary of the Auxiliary Sanitary Association, a representative of the Times yesterday afternoon made a tour of the fourth district. The sanitary work done in this district yesterday is evidence of the zeal of the Auxiliary Sanitary Association. No less than four carts loaded with disinfectants were sent out during the day, two at 7 a. m., one at 10 and one at 2. The corps yesterday made 894 inspections, which included the examination and disinfection of thirty-two squares. The work will progress until the entire district has been inspected.

The only case of yellow fever in the district is located on Seventh street, and was seen on Monday evening by a representative of the Times. The patient is a man of middle age.

Mempis Brevities.

[From the Memphis Appeal.]

Sporadic marriages occur weekly in our city.

Avoid the man who talks of nothing but germs, spores, sporads and fomites.

The undertakers have been officially notified to report deaths and burials at five o'clock daily.

The almond-eyed Chinaman walks the streets with his usual shuffle, not seeming to even dream about Yellow Jack.

The Odd Fellows have had nine cases of yellow fever among their members, one of whom died, three convalesced and five are still sick. The number of brothers and families sent out of the city was fifty-five.

A gentleman at the Peabody last night said he had just been to see a friend who was sick with yellow fever, and found two intoxicated doctors in the room. He went and called in another doctor to see his poor sick friend, but he fears his friend will die.

Yesterday Esquire Spellman was called upon to perform the marriage service at No. 34 Adams street, and make two young people happy. The 'Squire performed his duty in the presence of Captain Davis and Sergeant Kuhnholz, of the police, who were witnesses.

Says the Vicksburg Herald: "We hear that there is an effort being made in our city to raise money for the purpose of alleviating the sufferings of the fever-stricken and destitute of Memphis. This is a good move, and remember 'He who giveth to the poor lendeth to the Lord.'"

Those physicians who do not report new cases of yellow fever until the patients have …ead and buried a few hours should hur… a little and get in ahead of the hearse, … sible. The reporters cannot tell what … a person died of until the medical cer… is filed at the office of the Board of … and it is sometimes rather difficult to … cause even then.

… ad enough to have a few cases of yel… … r in the city, but to be annoyed by … s mosquitoes at night is too much for … nary quality of patience. The poet … the present sings:

… e night shall be turned into gaslight,
… our brows the sweat we shall wipe,
… b the pillow by the back of the neck,
… e the mosquito a swipe."

… lling has ceased, so far as the police … erned, and now, owing to the absence … ny citizens and the number of closed …s, cats and dogs, induced by hunger, … to the dwellings that are inhabited, a… …t them by the score. Eleven cats and a d… dogs are a greater calamity than half a doz… …s of yellow fever of mild type. The residen… …mphian has now engaged in the business … …ughtering dogs and cats, the former as t… bay the moon while sitting on their haunche… back yards, and the latter as they engage in trapeze exercises on back porches and fences. This accounts for so many pistol-shots being heard at night, and so many dead cats and dogs being found in the street gutters in the morning.

ST. LOUIS SANITARY NOTES.

Board of Health.

Mr. Francis was at his office this morning for a short time. He is very feeble and shows traces of his recent illness. He returned to his residence after a brief stay and promised to return again this afternoon. He is not yet fit for work, and Conery continues to be Acting Health Commissioner.

Dr. Conery last evening sent the following letter, which explains itself, to Mr. N. O. Nelson with reference to the excursion trips of the Fresh Air Mission:

July 31, 1879.

N. O. Nelson, Esq., Manager Fresh Air Mission for the Benefit of the Children of the Poor:

SIR: At a meeting of the Board of Health held this afternoon, among other sanitary and quarantine matters, the propriety of the Fresh Air excursions down the river on the steamer Chouteau in the vicinity of Quarantine Hospital was discussed.

The Board, fully appreciating the worthiness of the noble cause in which you and your associates are enlisted in the care of the indigent sick of our infant population, doubt most seriously the advisability of venturing past or in the neighborhood of Quarantine Station, where we already have had one death from yellow fever and where there are other cases of the same disease now confined taken from steamers from infected districts now quarantined at that point.

Wishing to avoid all possible risks of infection and the introduction of the disease into the city, we deem it wise, if to err, to err on the side of safety, and we would respectfully suggest that your excursion trips be directed up the river instead of down.

Hoping you will recognize the importance of this precaution and will comply with the suggestions of the board, I have the honor to be respectfully,

W. B. CONERY, M. D.,
Acting Health Commissioner.

The following telegram was sent this p. m. to Quarantine by Dr. Conery:

Dr. F. T. Outley, Quarantine:
The limits of quarantine of steamer Coahoma having expired, you will issue permit to her to come up to-night. WM. B. CONERY, M. D.

The officials at the Health Office show no relaxation in their vigilance. The same strict scrutiny is kept up over the sanitary condition of the town, and all the regulations are rigidly enforced. No "suspicious" cases have so far been reported to-day.

Quarantine.

There are only two sick persons at Quarantine now—Alston and Martin. Mrs. Brandy and her two children are convalescent. They will only be detained for a short period.

The various steamers that have been held in detention at Quarantine have also been released, and to-night the Mollie Moore will be the only vessel there. This morning the boat Hard Cash was released and permitted to come up the river, and this evening the Coahoma, in accordance with instructions from the Health Commissioner, will be set free.

The Scudder is expected at Quarantine from New Orleans at daybreak to-morrow.

The Fresh Air Mission.

Only two small subscriptions for the Fresh Air Mission were received today by Mr. Nelson. The reporter asked Mr. Nelson whether he had received a communication from the Board of Health in reference to the excursions. The gentleman was surprised at the question, and said no; he had received none. When informed of the tenor of the letter (which is published above) he said he was not positive, but he thought the steamer Chas. P. Chouteau was not able to go under the bridge. As he was not in possession of the official communication he could not say what course the managers of the Fresh Air Mission would adopt.

To-Day's Mortality.

The following burial permits were issued today by the Board of Health:

Wilhelmina Wittich, seven months, St. Louis, 1624 Cass avenue, cholera infantum.

Henry Heeb, nine months, St. Louis, 1461 Columbus street; cholera infantum.

Louisa Rodemacher, fifty-two years, Germany, Poor-house; dysentery.

Jas. Brown Kick, nineteen years, St. Louis, 1213 Hebert street; phthisis pulmonalis.

Anna Carr, two months, St. Louis, 2241 State street; cholera infantum.

Solomon Block, eighty years, France, 1801 Carondelet avenue; marasmus.

James T. O'Connor, ten months, St. Louis, 221 Howard street; whooping cough.

James Dolan, one year, St. Louis, corner Mallinckrodt and Tenth; meningitis.

Theodore Lampe, seven months, St. Louis, 1315 Mallinckrodt; marasmus.

Blanch Dalz, 1 year, 1323 Twenty-first; bronchitis and marasmus.

Mary Maxwell, 24 days, 2004 Carr; diarrhœa.

Abraham Levin, stillborn; 1236 North Eighth.

Lucella McCullough, 5 years, St. Louis, 1212 North Ninth; remittent fever with convulsions.

George Quebbeman, 1 year, St. Louis, 1505 Madison; phthisis pulmonalis.

George Saunders, 35 years, U. S. Marine Hospital; complete paraplegia.

Memphians at the Hotels.

The following Memphians registered at the hotels to-day:

At the Laclede: Abe Godshaw, Julius Levy, Chas. E. Waldrun, Jas. B. Poton and wife, C. C. Hein and J. A. Hunt.

At the Lindell: John K. Speed and I. Suigarman.

Local Weather Report.

SIGNAL OFFICE,
ST. LOUIS, MO., August 1.

Time.	Ther.	Wind. Direction.	Weather.
7 a. m.	75	S.	Clear.
11:07 a. m.	89	S.	Clear.
2 p. m.	93	S.	Clear.
3 p. m.	..	.....	......

J. H. WEBER,
Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. A.

Daily Weather Bulletin.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, 6:42 a.m., August 1.

STATION.	Barometer	Thermometer	Wind	Rainfall in last 8 hours	Weather.
Boise City	30.19	50	SE	....	Clear.
Cairo	30.13	80	S	....	Clear.
Chicago	30.00	74	SW	....	Clear.
Cincinnati	30.13	77	SE	....	Clear.
Davenport	29.98	73	SW	....	Clear.
Denver	30.01	76	S	....	Fair.
Des Moines	29.85	77	SW	....	Fair.
Dodge City	29.55	73	S	....	Fair.
Fort Gibson	29.99	80	E	....	Clear.
Indianapolis	30.06	78	......	....	Clear.
Keokuk	29.95	78	SW	....	Clear.
La Crosse	29.91	73	SE	....	Lt. Rain.
Leavenworth	29.92	72	S	.02	Clear.
Louisville	30.12	78	S	....	Clear.
Memphis	30.09	76	E	.03	Clear.
Nashville	30.13	78	E	....	Fair.
New Orleans	30.06	82	W	1.39	Clear.
Omaha	29.74	78	S	....	Clear.
Pioche, Nev.	......	65	SW	....	Clear.
Pittsburg	30.14	69	E	.84	Foggy.
Sacramento, Cal.	29.71	74	N	....	Clear.
Salt Lake City	29.96	68	....	....	Clear.
San Francisco	29.74	61	SW	....	Clear.
Shreveport	30.04	76	SE	....	Fair.
St. Louis	30.05	73	S	....	Clear.
St. Paul	29.71	70	SE	1.00	Cloudy.
Vicksburg	30.09	73	SE	....	Cloudy.
Virginia City	......	....	....	....	......
Winnemucca Nev	30.07	57	E	....	Clear.
Yankton	......	....	....	....	......
Springfield, Ill.	30.06	75	S	....	Clear.

LOCAL FIRES.

A $50 Blaze.

At 12:40 o'clock to-day an alarm was turned on from box 47, corner Sixth and Chestnut, in consequence of a fire at No. 25 South Sixth street. Some persons passing Chas. W. Prentice's steam laundry noticed smoke issuing from the roof. A police officer investigated the cause and found fire between the roof and the ceiling. The fire department responded promptly and extinguished the flames. The damages will not exceed $50. The building was owned by Dr. F. R. Moore. The occupants of the house are unable to account for the origin of the fire. It was probably caused by a defective flue.

A Tannery Burned.

B. Loeblein's tannery, situated on Prairie and St. Louis avenues, was destroyed by fire about 11 o'clock this morning. Loss about $5,000.

FOREIGN FLASHES

Roumelian Territory Free of Russian Soldiery.

Formation of an English Arctic Expedition.

England and France United on the Egyptian Question.

News from an Exploring Party in Africa.

Refusal of French Deputies to Reduce the Stipends of Bishops.

Germany.

A SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC VICTORY PROBABLE.

By Cable to Western Associated Press.

BERLIN, August 1.—Herr Von Lucius, having had to resign his seat in the Reichstag for Erfurt, in consequence of his elevation to an office, Social Democrats and Liberals each brought forward a candidate, but as an equal number of votes obtained by the two opponents of the ministry will deprive Von Lucius of a majority, a second ballot will probably result in the return of a Social Democrat.

SUPPRESSED.

Within the last few days a half score of obnoxious publications have been suppressed.

England.

By Cable to Western Associated Press.

LONDON, August 1.—In the House of Lords yesterday the Marquis of Salisbury confirmed the statement that the last Russian soldier had left Eastern Roumelia.

ARCTIC EXPEDITION.

By Cable to Western Associated Press.

LONDON, August 1.—By the exertions of Commander Cheyne in London, an Arctic expedition has been established, and the head of forty-nine other committees throughout the country for a projected expedition for the discovery of the North Pole. It will in all probability leave England in the spring of 1880, and will co-operate with those sent out by Sweden, Holland, America, Austria and Denmark.

BULLION.

Bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England on balance to-day, £58,000.

France.

DEFEATED.

By Cable to Western Associated Press.

PARIS, August 1.—The Government's proposed reduction of stipends of bishops was defeated by a vote of 184 to 133.

THE EGYPTIAN QUESTION.

Waddington, Minister for Foreign Affairs, in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday said the policy of the Government in regard to Egypt was based on the exertion of equal influence by France and England, and on their agreement not to seek any territorial establishment. There never has been any doubt, he said, as to the intentions of the English Government, which have always been conformable to those of France.

Africa.

THE NEED OF SUPPLIES.

By Cable to Western Associated Press.

LONDON, August 1.—The Archbishop of Algiers has received intelligence that the African expedition, sent out by the Algerian Missionary Society, arrived at a point southwest of Lake Victoria in January. The leader of the expedition writes, expressing the fear that unless further supplies are immediately sent from the coast the members of the expedition will starve.

The Dominion.

DIED SUDDENLY.

By Western Associated Press.

QUEBEC, August 1.—Bishop O'Brien, of Kingston, died suddenly this morning.

SPORTING NOTES.

Victory of the Brother to Ersilia at Goodwood.

Parole's Staying Powers Doubted by the Sportsman.

An Important Race Declared Off—Saratoga Sport.

Races at Greenwood.

By Cable to Western Associated Press.

LONDON, August 1.—The Molcomb stakes at Greenwood to-day were won by the brother to Ersilia, Lorillard's Papoose second, Milan third. Seven ran. The brother to Ersilia was ahead of Papoose half the distance, Papoose then appeared to have the race in hand, but failed when called upon for a final effort. The race was won by a length and a half, with a like distance between the second and third horses.

Declared Off.

By Cable to Western Associated Press.

LONDON, August 1.—The match between Ten Broeck's Lincolnshire, four years, and Lord Dupplin's Royal three years, for £500 a side, with £100 forfeit, has been declared off by mutual consent.

PAROLE.

The Sportsman says: "It is plain that Parole is not a good stayer."

Races at Saratoga.

By Western Associated Press.

SARATOGA, August 1.—In the three-quarter mile dash Checkmate, the favorite, and Lady Middleton, which sold in the field, ran a dead heat, Gabriel third. Time, 1:17.

The mile dash was won by Lancewood; Dairy Maid second, and Andex third. Time, 1:46 1-2. Skylark was the favorite. Checkmate and Lady Middleton will run off the dead heat.

Fortune won the 1 1-4 mile dash; Jericho second, and Nipper third. Time, 2:10 3-4.

Charlie Gorham won the selling race, Jackscrew second and Bill Dillon third. Time, 1:45 1-4. Dan K. was the favorite.

Lady Middleton won easily the dead heat. Time, 1:15 1-4. She sold in the pools at $150 to $600 on Checkmate.

Athletic Amateurs.

By Cable to Western Associated Press.

LONDON, August 1.—Six members of the London Athletic Club and six other amateurs have given notice of their willingness to go to America.

CASUALTIES.

Accident to a Steamer.

By Cable to Western Associated Press.

QUEENSTOWN, August 1.—The steamer City of Richmond, as she started, yesterday, for New York, burst a steam valve and is detained for repairs. One man was slightly injured.

Poisoned Pickles.

By Western Associated Press.

NEW YORK, August 1.—Katie Moore, of Newark, died this morning fro… …ting a pickle. The family of Mr. James Da… of this city, where the young woman was visiting, are seriously sick from the same cause.

Ashore.

By Western Associated Press.

BRIDGEHAMTON, L. I., August 1.—The steamer Lizzie, Capt. Giddings, from New York, is ashore here, loaded with cattle and a general cargo.

Drowned While Bathing.

By Western Associated Press.

CAPE MAY, August 1.—Rev. John Graham, D. D., of Brighton, England, was drowned to-day while bathing.

CRIME.

Short in His Accounts.

By Western Associated Press.

FALL RIVER, August 1.—According to rumor another mill treasurer is short in his accounts $180,000.

LATER.

There is no foundation for the rumor that another mill treasurer is short $180,000 in his accounts.

Robbing the Mail.

By Western Associated Press.

NEW YORK, August 1.—Charles Bassler, carrier in the Post-office, was arrested to-day for embezzling letters.

WASHINGTON.

Interesting Figures from the Treasury Department.

Large Increase in the National Debt for July.

By Western Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 1.—The debt statement shows the increase of the debt for July to be $6,086,344. Cash in the Treasury, $382,905,273; gold certificates, $15,249,700; silver certificates, $2,785,850; certificates of deposit outstanding, $49,330,000; refunding certificates, $6,658,250; legal tenders outstanding, $346,681,016; fractional currency outstanding, $15,814,823.

THE INCREASE

of the debt is due to the payments on account of arrears of pensions from the United States notes held for the redemption of fractional currency as provided by the act of June 21, 1879.

BONDS REDEEMED.

During July the United States Treasury redeemed of 10-40 bonds $87,615,450; of 52-09s, $36,375,450; in all, $123,990,900, of the proceeds of which $87,939,810 was paid out by check, and $38,560,000 was credited to the banks on their bond account. There are now outstanding about $75,000,000 of called bonds of all descriptions.

THE POLITICAL PUMP

Worked by the Committee at Cincinnati.

The Character of Certain Kentuckians Drawn from Several Witnesses.

By Western Associated Press.

CINCINNATI, August 1.—The first witness before the Congressional Investigating Committee this morning was South Harris, who had made an affidavit as to the frauds.

HARRIS TESTIFIED:

Did not say I saw Francis with fifteen men on election day; had no conversation with any of them.

Mr. Brown here read from Harris' affidavit, wherein he stated he had talked with some of them.

Witness replied there were statements in the affidavit he did not make.

Mr. Brown read other portions.

Witness denied making the statements read. He said: "Shay put in things I did not authorize him to put in."

Mr. Brown then read nearly every statement in the affidavit.

Harris denied making the majority of them.

MORRIS MOONEY

appears in the affidavit several times as telling Harris that the Francis party were repeaters.

Witness positively denied ever saying a word about Mooney; had not seen him for two years; did not read the affidavit after Shay wrote it.

PATRICK BOLAN,

City Marshal of Covington, Ky., testified as to the character of certain Kentuckians who were alleged to have been brought from Covington by Francis. Some were of pretty good character, others rather dubious. Mr. Campbell here stated to the committee that one witness, Charles Hayman, had

JUST BEEN ARRESTED

on a capias from Prosecuting Attorney Campbell; said Mr. Wright had gone out of the room just previous to his arrest. He asserted the arrest was made to get witnesses out of the way.

MR. CONGER

said: "All this seems to be only for dramatic effect. Witness ought to go. There ought not to be any conflict here in Ohio between the authority of the United States and State." Mr. Hayman was arrested for rape.

JOHN A. GOODSON

testified as to the character of the Kentuckians brought over by Francis. He gave the majority rather a good character.

The First Bale.

By Western Associated Press.

SAVANNAH, GA., August 1.—The first bale of cotton of the new Georgia crop was received to-day, and classed good ordinary. It brought twenty cents per pound.

Marine News.

By Western Associated Press.

NEW YORK, August 1.—Arrived: Steamship Alsatia, from London.

First District Police Court.

A docket of forty-three cases in Judge Jecko's court only realized $17 to-day, continuances being granted in a majority of the cases.

Henry Ashner, a rag-picker, was fined $50 and costs for picking rags when the Police Department refused to give him a licence.

Andrew Stribler, for keeping a rat-terrier dog without a license, was fined $10 and costs.

Ed. J. Cross, an alleged steerer for a bunko house, paid costs on general principles.

Joseph Kleinhoffer and August Egger paid costs for disturbing the peace of one another on yesterday.

Maggie Kelly paid costs for disturbing the peace of John Kiley on lower Chestnut street.

MEMPHIS MERCHANTS.

Capital, Business and Future Plans of the Refugees.

Millions of Dollars of the Southern Trade Centering in St. Louis.

Ever since the outbreak of the yellow fever in Memphis there has been a large movement of Memphian merchants to St. Louis. A great deal of capital and an enormous amount of trade has been brought to this city in this way, and a great deal of it is very apt to become permanently located here. Few of the houses have as yet thoroughly decided on their future course, as they are awaiting the result of the present summer's trade before they will say definitely whether or not they will hereafter make the city of St. Louis their headquarters.

All the firms that come to St. Louis bring their own business and their own money with them, and they will do as they have do… hitherto, supply Arkansas, Tennessee, Alaba… and Mississippi and make a chanel into whic… other sonrces of supply from this city will n… urally flow.

The trades which have moved to this … are chiefly the commission, dry goods, notio… grocery and boot and shoe houses.

Brokers and Provision Dealers.

The Memphis commission firms, while dealing chiefly in cotton have been obliged by the value of their custom to trade also in groceries, provisions and nearly everything else, as the planter usually has but one correspondent in the city through whom he makes all his purchases.

HILL, FONTAINE AND COMPANY,

318 North Commercial, are the heaviest dealing firm in the commission line. Their capita… is stated at about $400,000, and the amou… cotton which this firm handles … something enormous, being 50,000 … year, representing at least $3,000,0… sides selling over half a million dollars' … of groceries and other merchandise. This firm has sold more cotton than any house on the river outside of the city of New Orleans. A conversation with Mr. Hill proved that the firm has by no means lost hope in Memphis. He says that last year, after the epidemic, a full amount of business was done. It depends on future contingencies as to whether Hill, Fontaine & Co. remain in St. Louis permanently or not.

SCHOFIELD, HANAUER AND CO.,

another very heavy commission house, represent nearly as much capital as the first named firm, and have covered very nearly the same territory. The firm is a very old one, and is now doing a large business.

ECKERLY AND BROTHER,

with over a hundred thousand dollars invested, are also doing a great and thriving cotton, grocery and liquor business.

A number of commission houses, some of them the most important in the late city of Memphis:

Treadwell & Brothers … a capital, it is said, of $300,000.

M. S. Meacham & Co., with $350,000.

W. B. Mallory & Co. are here, but not yet located.

Taylor & Arnold are at 224 North Commercial.

Estes, Doan & Co., with $250,000, have put up at the same house, 224 North Commerc…

J. K. Speed is now at 318 North Comme… Alley, with Hill, Fontaine & Co.

Jacobs & Booker are handling cotton a… North Main.

S. B. Carver & Co., dealers in hog prod… are going to locate, but have not yet foun… store to suit them. They represent at … $150,000 of capital.

J. S. Richardson & Co., with $250,000 … Gavin with about $150,000, and Day & Pr… fit, with about the same amount of money, … cotton brokers, and each doing a very h… business, are here, and nearly ready for tr…

Dry Goods, Clothing and Notions.

The oldest firm in Memphis,

WALKER BROS. AND CO.,

has located, but whether … …ntly or … can not yet be said. Their capi… which … variously reported from $200,000 to $300,000, has been employed in an immense handling of dry goods, their trade running over a million dollars a year.

B. LOWENSTEIN AND BRO.

are … on nearly half a million of dollars, and have been doing a safe and reliable business for some time.

… AND CO.

have perhaps more … any fi… has left Memphis, the… … $600,000. The house is one … Memphis, and has sold dry good… for a number of years. They wil… bility, make St. Louis their per… quarters hereafter.

A. SPIRO AND CO.,

at 315 North Main street, expect to … Louis permanently; they have bee… phis sixteen or seventeen years; the… not heavy, but their business is large.

GRUBBS, AUSTEN AND BERRY,

at 405 North Fifth street, have about … in the dry goods business.

Boots and Shoes.

FRIEDMAN AND BROS.,

at Sixth street and Washington avenue, are … representative Memphis shoe house. They … a large a business as is done in any Southern State. Their capital is nearly $800,000.

GOODBAR AND CO.,

near Fifth and Walnut, also sell a lot of boots and shoes.

Hill & Mitchell, Chas. Herzog & Bro., dealers in books and stationery, Platt, Irwin & Co. and M. Sampter are all very heavy firms that have recently arrived in the city, and most of whom mean to stay.

F. M. WHITE AND COMPANY,

grocers, with a capital of at least $180,000, have located at 17 South Main; H. Wetter & Co., dealers in stoves and coal oil, and Schwaab & Co., clothiers, in the Singer building, and Gaithright, Harbison & Reyner are also large firms.

Retail Houses.

So far Martin Cohn, on Fifth, near Pine, … a large invoice of hats and caps, is the o… solely retail dealer that has come up the rive… and started in business here. Sternberg & Lee and Solomon Coleman are selling cigars and tobacco at wholesale and retail.

So far, only nine or ten of the ninety-day permits to trade on the Exchange floor have been granted, as the greater number of Memphians go in as friends of members.

East St. Louis.

For the last few years farmers coming to St. Louis from the Illinois bottoms have often reported to the East St. Louis police that their wagons were robbed on the way to town by a crowd of boys. Frequently the farmers themselves were obliged to come off of their wagons and were robbed of small amounts of money. On several occasions arrests were made, but, by some means, the young robbers escaped punishment. This summer the boys began their occupation again, stealing apples, potatoes, melons, etc., and disposing of them at a low price. Last night Deputy Marshals Coffee, Boyne and O'Neil went out on the Caseyville road a short distance and … waited long when a crowd of about ten … ranging from ten to eighteen years of age … peared. The officers gave chase, fi… four shots over the boys' heads … Three of the boys, Henry O'Leary, William Kerwin and Nicholas Kennedy, we… arrested and locked up at the station ho… They will have a hearing to-morro… The police have received no … months of January, Februa… of April, though it has long … ing."

City Hall Notes.

There were sixteen burial permits is… the Health Department to-day.

The Mayor to-day approved of an or… repealing certain ordinances and parts o… nances and transferring the unexpended … ances of appropriations thereby mad… street improvement fund.

The House Committee on Public … ments met at 3 o'clock to-day to c… dinances for the reconstruction, … blocks, of parts of Gratiot an… with streets, and an ordinance … improve Gratiot street from T… street to a point 186 feet of the west line … Barlow street. A number of property owne… who pay for the improvements appeared be… fore the committee to oppose the reconstruc… tion, which, from the opposition shown … to be almost a confiscation of property.

A Dead Infant Found on a Vacant Lo…

Between 10 and 11 o'clock this … James Quirk and James McManus, … boys living at 2409 and 2410 D… st… were playing in a vacant lot between Jef… avenue and Twenty-fifth and Biddle and O'F… lon streets, when they discovered a dead ma… infant, about twelve hours old. The Coron… was notified, and the little body taken to … Third Sub-Police Station.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch

THE POST, Estab. 1878; THE DISPATCH, " 1862; THE STAR, " 1878; — THREE PAPERS United in One.

Only Evening Journal in St. Louis.

PUBLISHED BY

JOHN A. DILLON and JOSEPH PULITZER.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second class mail matter.]

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The POST-DISPATCH will be delivered by carriers to any part of the city, or sent by mail, postage prepaid, to subscribers in any part of the Union, on the following terms:

Daily, per week	20 cents
Daily, per month	85 cents
Daily, three months	$2 50
Daily, six months	4 50
Daily, per year	9 00

The carriers will collect the city subscriptions on their routes; all subscriptions by mail must be prepaid, and annual subscriptions will not be considered unless accompanied by the money.

THE SATURDAY POST-DISPATCH.

On Saturday the POST-DISPATCH is published as a six-page paper, with full reviews of all the events of the week and a choice selection of reading matter, making it the most popular and serviceable

WEEKLY PAPER

published in St. Louis.

Subscriptions to the SATURDAY POST-DISPATCH will be received at the rate of $1 00 per annum, in advance.

Single copies, 5 cents.

Address,

POST-DISPATCH,
111 North Fifth street, St. Louis.

INDICATIONS.

By Western Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 1.—For Tennessee and Ohio Valley during rest of Friday, warmer southeast to southwest winds, partly cloudy weather and slowly falling barometer. For Upper Lake Region, Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri Valleys, in southern portions, warmer southerly to westerly winds during rest of Friday, with falling barometer and partly cloudy weather; and in the northern and central portions areas of rain, falling, followed by rising barometer, and stationary … slight fall in temperature. The Upper Ohio River will fall slowly.

NOTICE.

We advertise free situations wanted; and "wants" help, miscellaneous, for rent, for sale, lost and found, if the advertisements do not exceed five lines, and are not of a business character.

Persons who cannot obtain the Post-Dispatch at News Agencies, on Railway Trains, Steamboats and other places where usually sold, will confer a favor by reporting the facts to us, giving dates and particulars.

Persons leaving the city for the summer can have the Post-Dispatch mailed to them, post-paid, on leaving their subscriptions for the same at our counting-room. The address of a paper may be changed at any time.

Commencing about the first of September next, the WEE… POST-DISPATCH will be an eight-page paper, larger and better in quantity and quality than any other weekly published in St. Louis.

BISMARCK has made his peace with Rome just at the time when Gambetta is commencing his war in earnest. Coincidences sometimes mean a good deal. Peace with Rome may mean another war with France.

THE best indication of the healthfulness of St. Louis is the fact that we have not had a fatal case of sunstroke in two weeks. This settles the question of heat. On the point of cleanliness, St. Louis is certainly cleane… it has ever been before.

COTTON is no longer King. The breadstuffs and provisions of the great West together are nearly fifty per cent greater in value than the exports of the South. Still, taking cotton and tobacco together, their value yet exce… breadstuffs.

… election of this year will take … Monday in Kentucky. It will go …ic, of course, by at least 50,000 … After that both Maine and Cali… will vote in the first week of Septem… …hio will follow in October and New …n November.

…here were five great powers in Europe. …re five great powers in the United …s. We name them in the order of …ir importance—grain, cotton, provisions, petroleum and tobacco. At least, these are the five articles which constitute the great majority of all our exports.

THERE are more people out of the city this summer than last summer, but there are also more people in the city. The first fact is evidenced by the number of subscribers who have the POST-DISPATCH sent to cheer them in their pleasure-seeking, and the second fact by the number of people who buy the POST-DISPATCH on the street.

THE United States seem to be doing a …etty fair business, even in hard times. The total value of our imports and exports together in one small year—the one that closed on the last day of June, 1879—amounted to the trifling sum of $1,156,220,894, or $437,051,532 for imports and $710,428,749 for exports.

POPULAR wit in Ohio has already seized upon Gen. Rice's wooden leg, and the fact that the "Rebel" or Democratic ticket only stands upon three legs seems to be a general issue. At a recent demonstration, for instance, the leading banner had the following interesting inscription:

OUR
STANDARD BEARERS
And
HEROES OF THE LATE REBELLION,
EWING AND RICE!
3 beats 4.
PEOPLE'S CHOICE.
Advocates of People's Government Demand
Free and Fair Elections,
And Denounce all Interference at the Polls by
Military Power!

…seph *Gazette* copies our edito… …out the starving negroes who re…ned from Kansas, and adds the following pertinent remarks:

…ssuredly, a great shame. But not so great a shame to St. Louis as it is to the unprincipled …cal party that, for an ignominious pur… …ragged these miserable wretches from …omes in the South, and left them in a …ge land, to starve and die. Why does not the POST-DISPATCH charge the blame upon those entitled to it? Humanity, of course, dictates that St. Louis must not let these poor negroes die in her …eets of starvation. But humanity does not …tate that the leaders of the Radical party, who shipped them thither like cattle to the …ughter, should be shielded by those who … power to brand them with the infamy of their act. The POST-DISPATCH should speak out and tell the whole truth.

THE New York *Herald* recalls attention to several features of the Confederate Constitution which were all great advantages and improvements upon our own. For instance, the Confederate Constitution absolutely established a permanent civil service reform by providing "that subordinate officers of the several departments (except the diplomatic) should be dismissed only for "*dishonesty, incapacity,* inefficiency, misconduct or neglect of duty." It also prohibited the re-election of any President, making his term six years. It required a two-thirds vote for all appropriations, gave Cabinet officers a voice but no vote in Congress, and contained other obviously excellent provisions. Now, we wonder whether we have committed treason.

ANOTHER evidence of the return of better times is furnished by Mr. Swank, the secretary of the Iron and Steel Association of the United States, who made the following important statement about the revival of the iron industry:

There will be more iron and steel turned out in the United States this year than in any one year in the annals of the country. When I speak of iron and steel I embrace categorically more rails, more bar-iron, more plated and sheet-iron, more pig-iron, more Bessemer steel, and more crucible steel. What is better, this large production is in answer to the demand, and manufacturers are not, as in many past years, piling up stocks in order to keep the furnaces in blast. Prices have not advanced to any considerable extent, yet they are from 10 to 15 per cent higher than last fall, when figures were lower than ever before in this country. Our present condition is decidedly encouraging."

A HAPPY THOUGHT.

The Board of Public Improvements has had a happy thought. It is to try the experiment of a granite pavement on Gratiot street, near the Twelfth street bridge. At this point Gratiot street is a howling wilderness of cheap shanties and cheaper vacant lots, the actual value of the property being indicated by the opinion of the owners that it will not pay to improve it.

Why this particular patch of unimproved St. Louis should be selected for the most costly form of improvement is a mystery we can not solve. By a beautiful illustration of the law of human nature all of the property-owners on the street who will not be called on to pay for the improvement are enthusiastically in favor of it, while those who will be made to pay for it oppose it. The principle that the imposing of taxes should be decided by those who do not pay them, and that no heed should be given to the wishes of those who do pay them, is a startling innovation.

But why should the Board of Public Improvements wish to lay a granite pavement anywhere? If they wish to make an experiment, the experiment has already been made in front of the bridge, on Washington avenue. The outlay there has given us full information as to the cost, duration and other conditions of the granite pavement. If the little dab of granite on Gratiot street is to be the beginning of a general system of granite paving, the B. O. P. I. ought to know that the city of St. Louis is in no condition to lay two hundred miles of granite pavement. Why, then, do they propose to bleed half a dozen property-owners for a foolish experiment?

BERNHARDT.

The announcement that Sarah Bernhardt has been secured, on almost fabulous terms, for a long engagement in this country, will intensify, if possible, the remarkable and eager interest with which the people of the United States follow the movements of this remarkable woman. Never has any woman occupied so much of our thoughts and tongues and pens as this French actress, although we have never been slow in showing our national gallantry before famous women. In a list of celebrities which includes Grisi and Nilsson and Mrs. Stowe and Miss Dickinson and a host of singers, authors and other distinguished women, perhaps Jenny Lind stands prominent as the object of a nation's chivalrous devotion, but the Jenny Lind fever was cold and tame compared with the ardor excited by the new favorite. If, instead of having her private secretary to jot down her impressions of the paintings in the *Salon*, the great celebrity had employed a corps of editors to collect all that has been said about her in the daily press, she would have enough to fill a small library merely from the selections from a country which has never seen her and which knows her only by reputation.

It is no exaggeration to say that no woman in ancient or modern times has been so widely known and so conspicuous. Not even the late Empress of France, when she was the acknowledged beauty of Europe and the leader of fashion for all the civilized world, was kept so constantly present before the public eye and mind. Her movements were not followed with so lively a curiosity, nor did she excite so intense a personal interest. The cynic may put it that she was not so well advertised, and, perhaps, this is not the worst way to put it. But, no matter what the causes are or what the methods are, Sarah Bernhardt enjoys the distinction of being better known and more talked of in a wider circle of civilized people than has ever happened to any other woman.

Is it possible to find an explanation for this sudden mania for Bernhardt? If her notoriety had any solid basis of enduring fame, it should rest on her reputation as an actress; but, as an actress, she cannot rank with Rachel. She has rushed into the domain of art; but the sober voice of truth and reason tells us that her art work is mediocrity of the worst kind, and her literary efforts are not worth mentioning. In beauty she is not supreme, and intellectually she is not to be named in the same breath with a Browning or Bronte, a George Sand or a George Eliot. A contradiction must be disposed of before we can account for her celebrity. Perhaps she is famous not because she is great but because she is not great, and the world admires in her that versatility which makes her a representative of the spirit and temper of the age, as truly representative of its shallowness and superficiality as the truly great women we have named represented its depth and its true greatness.

This opinion of her true place is justified by a study of the genesis of her renown. The fashion of admiring her was set by the leaders, not of thought, but of fashion. Her fame was made by princes and plutocrats whose following is more apt to be snobbish than critical. No very rich man ever had any true appreciation of real excellence in art; there is not a living prince or sovereign whose judgment in a matter of art is entitled to any weight apart from the influence of his position. High social station is always the indication of a commonplace mind, and in a case like this the dilettante leaders are as blind as the snobbish multitude that follows them. In matters of art and taste and culture, unless they take the cue from those wiser than themselves, they are certain to err, and no enduring fame can be built on their approval.

The question whether the age could appreciate or even endure a truly great man or woman is not worth considering until some true greatness comes forward to make the test. Bernhardt's nearest approach to greatness is as an exponent of the highest form of dramatic art, but she might have been a greater actress and won less renown if she had not kept a neat article of a coffin in her bed-room, and if in addition to acting well she had not painted and modeled badly. And above all she might never have had more than a local celebrity if she had not charmed the world by meeting it halfway, by repaying its admiration with a captivating lavishness in the display of her accomplishments and by allowing herself to be advertised in the way in which the world desires to see its celebrities advertised. She is something more than a celebrity, however; she is quite a phenomenal person who seems to have disappointed none of that interest which she has aroused, and her reception in the United States will be equally gratifying to her and creditable to that chivalry which is one of the strongest traits in the American character.

INSURANCE THAT INSURES.

The peace of the Commonwealth of Missouri is threatened by the existence of an illegal and dangerous insurance company, carried on by members of the Merchants' Exchange, and the attention of the Insurance Commissioner has been called to it. The offending institution differs from other life insurance companies in having no expensive office with plate glass windows, and highly-salaried officers, no actuaries with incomprehensible statements of reserve and risk, and loading and unloading, no pertinacious solicitors with glib statements of every detail, except the trifling one that they immediately pocket twenty-five dollars out of every hundred that you pay them; it has no ratio of expenses to earnings—in fact, none of the features which have made life insurance so popular with insurance men, and so unpopular with everybody else. It consists merely of an agreement among a thousand sufficiently solvent men to pay a dollar a piece to the heirs of any one of the thousand who dies. Thus far the scheme has worked admirably. There are no expenses connected with it. There is no chance of bad investment of funds or defalcation of officials; the full benefit of the insurance goes to the insured; those who die are substantially benefited and those who live are very glad to pay the moderate assessments required on occasion of a death. If any complaint were to be made it ought to come from those whose money supports it. But the only objection comes from those who have nothing whatever to do with it, but who are naturally irritated at seeing an insurance association accomplish the work for which it was intended, and who have summoned the State Superintendent of Insurance to rid the earth of this dangerous and noxious innovation.

We hope that the Superintendent will try, but we are reasonably certain that no law or official of the State can prevent individual citizens from paying a dollar or so whenever it suits them. It would be interesting, however, to see the State law, which was wholly powerless to prevent swindles by which the people were robbed of millions, strained to persecute a wholly volunteer association in which no element of dishonesty can enter and which is even free from the influence of greed or of gain. It is a fair illustration of how little is the wisdom needed to govern the world, that a State which is confessedly incompetent to punish swindles and swindlers in life insurance should atone for its incompetence by providing for the suppression of harmless and honest volunteer associations. It is the duty of the Government to punish dishonesty and fraud, but, though millions have been stolen in this State by bogus life insurance, not one swindler has ever been punished. With such a record in sight, it is rather comical to contemplate the appeal to the authority of the Commonwealth to step in and suppress and otherwise punish the only instance of insurance in the State in which the whole amount contributed goes to the benefit of those who contribute it.

THE *Globe-Democrat* this morning published an abstract of the several laws passed at the last session of the Legislature. During the session, and while one of its reporters was drawing pay as a clerk of committee, the *Globe-Democrat* never ceased to belittle, ridicule and vilify the legislators, to create in every way an unfavorable impression of them and of the State they represented. Yet we challenge the *Globe-Democrat* to pass an opinion on the work they have done, and to deny that the legislation was beneficial to the best interests of the State. Nearly every one of the laws passed has for its object the correction of some abuse, the removal of some public burden, the improvement of the methods of government. The wisdom of some of the acts may be questioned, but, on the whole, the record of the session will compare favorably with that of any Legislature in this country; and we call on the *Globe-Democrat* to show a little common fairness and decency to the State in which it is published.

SCHURZ is generous. He will donate $1,200 to the Ohio canvass. Four speeches at $300 each.—[Chicago Times.

Nothing of the kind. Mr. Schurz doesn't allow assessments in his department. When he make speeches his terms are C. O. D.—cash on delivery, $300 per speech.—[Cincinnati Enquirer.

This is the execrable fashion in which the leading papers of the country talk about the partner of our good Dr. Preetorius. He s… ful… …least … d…ow partisan …ssments to be levied in his c… reform department. But … believe the C. O. D. charge. M… to be sure, is an eminently prac… but the generous and gifted D…torius would never tolerate an… his to be C. O. D.

SPIRIT OF THE PR…

New York Herald (Ind.): Mr. S… ues to be theoretically a practical…

New York Public (Ind.): The st… dollar has already become a pu… Piling up these dollars in the t… no one, however. But if … ernment begins to force them … tion, no matter on what terms … it will soon find that it has made … grave mistake.

Charleston News and Couri…em.): The Democratic party must av… pitfall of appearing to be the oppone… a sound currency, and make the fight … the cause of constitutional liberty, keep the tyrannical, bloodthirsty and corrupt record of the Republican party before the eyes of the people, and arouse once more throughout the length and breadth of the Union that spirit of State pride which, while consistent with the idea of a great Republic, revolts at the petty tyrannies and "paternal" intermeddling of a consolidated central Government.

PUBLIC OPINION.

Many Questions but no Stop

St Louis July 30th '79

Editor Post Dispatch

Sir i would like for you to inform me and the public why the Police Board have taken no action in closing up Gambling houses some weeks ago they had a meeting for that purpose and you stated in your paper that on a certain day that all such houses would have to close but such is not the case i see that they are all runing the same and are not interrupered are they going to allow them to run this way or do they intend to take eny action in this matter or not and is the News papers a going to allow them to proceed this way with say ing enythingabout it are is the Gamblers bought the papers the same as they did last fall ——— one that Knows

Mr. Francis' Drinks Reviewed.

ST. LOUIS, August 1, 1879.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

"Your grand jury are charitable enough to believe that he would not have been guilty of this misconduct in office but that he was under the influence of liquor." Quotation from the grand jury's report in relation to the Health Commissioner.

"Large quantities of beer, whisky and other liquors were consumed by the members of the grand jury at the Insane Asylum at its last official visit to that institution." Quotation from a resolution the House of Delegates refused to table by a vote of fifteen in a possible twenty-three.

Oh, base ingratitude! To consume "large quantities of beer, whisky and other liquors" given them by the appointees of the Health Commissioner, and then to indict him for consuming some of the same.

A card appeared in one of the morning papers, signed by several of the grand jurors, to the effect that the undersigned did not drink with Mr. Francis on the Coahoma. Can it be possible that the signers of that card "bulldozed" those members who did not sign into agreeing to Mr. Francis' indictment for drinking? Another quotation: "But to prevent future like occurrences, we recommend that he (Mr. Francis) be removed from the position he holds, and that some person be appointed who *has received a medical education*," because, I suppose, a person who "has received a medical education" would not remonstrate "against our making a landing," would not forbid "the grand jury to come ashore," would not state "he had five well-defined cases of yellow fever there"—"which your grand jury found upon examination to be absolutely false," (how about the Brandy family?) and would not say "that the grand jury had no business there."

I am convinced that the grand jury while at the Insane Asylum did not consume large quantities of beer, whisky and other liquors, because the gentlemen in charge of that institution have received a medical education and therefore would not "set 'em up." Mr. Kirby was inconsiderate last evening in the House to say, "What if the grand jury did take a drink? They all do it."

Yours, TRULY.

A GOOD HIT.

A Letter which Mr. Tilden may Write.

[From the New York Herald.]

Would it not also greatly raise Mr. Tilden in the esteem of the party of which he is a member, and of the public at large, if he should to-morrow morning send to the papers a notice to his fellow-Democrats to the following effect:

"To my Fellow-Democrats of New York and the Country at Large:

"Believing that the welfare of the country urgently requires a change of parties, and seeing that my continued presence in public life, and the desire of my friends to make me the Presidential candidate in 1880, is the cause of dissensions which threaten to destroy the harmony and therefore to prevent the success of the Democratic party in this State and in the country, I have determined to retire definitely and finally to private life. No man ought to desire office, except as a means of serving the public. For my part, while I am anxious that true Democratic policies shall prevail in the Government, I know that the Democratic party has many members capable of carrying these out; but that without united and harmonious action in the party it is in vain to expect its success. I announce, therefore, that I am not and will never again be a candidate for any office whatever; that I shall hereafter take no part in conventions or in the selection of candidates for office; but that I will give my earnest support as a private citizen to the candidates of my party, in this State this fall, and in the country at large next year, whoever they may be.

S. J. TILDEN."

Mr. Tilden is too shrewd and able a man not to know that such a declaration from him at this moment would almost certainly give New York to his party in November.

Republican Reforms.

[From the Cincinnati Enquirer.]

The fools are neither dead nor confined to any particular latitude. The Okolona States has had to bear the brunt of being the champion jackass paper of the United States for some time past, but now it has found an equal in Iowa, on the Republican side. The Lemar (Iowa) Sentinel, of last week, under the caption, "How to make us a Nation," has this crack-brained proposition to offer:

"Complete the revolution of 1860-1865 by—

"1. Formally changing the name of this Republic to America.

"2. Abrogating so much of the Constitution of what was the United States as conflicts with National solidarity. For example, such clauses as recognize the individual departments as States; that give to each State two Senators irrespective of population; that give to each State one and only one vote, in case a Presidential election is thrown into the House; that permit each State to adopt a Constitution of its own; that recognize State courts; that inhibit the National Executive and his Cabinet from reviewing so-called State legislation.

"3. By abrogating all State Constitutions, and granting to the provinces or departments thus created charters, under which the citizens of each department might transact their business.

"4. By withholding charters from those rebellious States that forcibly resisted the Revolution of 1860-'65.

"5. By inaugurating Grant into the American Presidency March 4, 1881, and keeping him in the Presidential chair till the nation was consolidated.

"This would complete the Revolution, and the Stalwarts will never rest until they have accomplished their glorious work."

If the Stalwarts of Ohio, who are the representatives of their class the country over, want to try their scheme of federalization as a preliminary one to a monarchy, they should make the issue at once. Here they have a leader in the field; let them follow him.

…nual Increase in S… …ce 1873.

The Value of the Trade in Hard Wood Doubled in Four Years.

St. Louis is the third largest lumber market in the world. This is the more remarkable from the fact that this point is so far removed from the great lumber regions, out of which the main supplies of the world are drawn. The Mississippi River plays a prominent part in this question. Its broad bosom and rapid but regular current are well adapted to rafting, which is the cheapest method yet discovered for the transportation of lumber. And here, again, comes the advantage St. Louis has over all other cities in the matter of location. She is not only on the banks of the great river, which presents an unbroken and unobstructed passage-way to the Falls of St. Anthony, far to the North, but she is at the foci of a series of railroads that traverse a mighty and growing region of country. Think of the cities, towns, villages, hamlets and dwellings that have sprung up in the great West and Southwest during the past ten years! These have been built mainly with lumber purchased at this market. But as yet the vast regions that look to

ST. LOUIS AS A MARKET

are in their infancy, and only the preliminary march of civilization, wealth, and general improvement has commenced in their borders, and the growth of the lumber industry at St. Louis will be far greater during the next twenty years than it has been during the twenty years past. In 1860 the war cloud spread over the land and darkened the prospect of every enterprise, and while, after the terrible conflict was over, there was a period of remarkable prosperity, yet there came with the panic of 1873 a corresponding period of depression which checked and blighted many an industry almost beyond recovery. It is well known that building has greatly fallen off throughout many portions of the country in consequence of the dullness of the times, and that there should be a decrease in the sales of lumber here was to be expected. Considering these things, St. Louis has held her own well, as will be seen by the following table, showing the

STOCK ON HAND

of lumber, at this market, on the first day of January, for each year since 1871:

Stock on hand Jan. 1.	Lumber, all kinds.	Shingles.	Laths.
1871	119,882,265	11,281,000	14,281,000
1872	91,755,000	12,203,000	10,854,000
1873	106,985,816	9,565,500	2,361,350
1874	184,191,400	10,406,750	3,427,500
1875	156,823,584	16,229,750	7,290,900
1876	121,270,671	14,680,000	6,850,000
1877	138,168,000	18,863,000	13,740,000
1878	112,403,581	16,688,000	4,579,000
1879	107,810,510	29,506,750	5,738,500

A large stock on hand indicates poorer sales during the season just passed than a small stock, or rather it should be said the smaller the stock on hand the better the sales have been. It will be seen by the above table that the smallest stock of nine years was on hand January 1, 1874. This was just after the panic of 1873, and business was completely paralyzed. The smallest stock on hand in nine years was on January 1, 1872, which was just before the panic of 1873. Since 1877 there has been a gradual decrease of stock and a consequent increase of sales. On January 1, 1877, there were on hand 138,168,000 feet; on January 1, 1878, there were 112,403,581 feet, and on January 1, 1879, there were 107,810,510 feet.

The following table will show the

RECEIPTS AND SALES

of lumber for 1878:

	Receipts 1878.	Sales 1878.
White pine, lumber and logs, ft	129,806,733	136,017,658
Yellow pine, ft	20,008,000	18,286,421
Poplar and hard wood, lumber, logs.	39,423,600	39,527,325
Total feet	189,238,333	193,831,404
Shingles, pieces	88,059,500	75,240,750
Laths, pieces	29,414,500	28,255,000

It is impossible to give the sales up to this time in 1879, but it is safe to remark that they will be twenty per cent better than last year. Owing to the very favorable rates obtained on the railroads running west, lumber dealers here have done an immense business, and it is not too much to say that there is no line of business to-day which is in a healthier and more prosperous condition than the lumber trade. Some account of its character may not be uninteresting. At St. Louis it amounts to $5,000,000 a year, and gives employment to about 3,000 men.

The following are the lumber-yard proprietors of St. Louis:

Schulenburg & Boeckeler.
Knapp, Stout & Co.
Eau Claire Lumber Co.
J. J. Ganahl & Co.
Wm. Druhe.
L. Ansley.
G. H. Broeckenkamp.
Cole & Glass.
Ph. Grunner & Bros.
F. Heim & Co.
Hecker & Hengelsberg.
J. A. Holmes & Co.
E. H. Hymers & Co.
Chas. Ladenberger.
John Meyer.
G. T. Mincke.
Muehling & Heilweck.
Charles Naber.
Charles G. Nicholas.
O'Neil Lumber Co.
Philibert & Johanning.
James Verdin & Son.

Messrs. Schulenburg & Boeckeler are considered the largest retail lumber dealers in America, and Knapp, Stout & Co. are probably the

LARGEST LUMBER PROPRIETORS

in the world. They possess their own pineries, cut their own logs, saw them up on their own mills, and do their own ratting down the Mississippi. They own an extent of territory in the pine regions as large as the kingdom of Wurtemberg, Germany. The Eau Claire Lumber Company also owns its own pineries, and is a very powerful and wealthy organization. It stands among the greatest in the country. These three concerns are the leading lumber firms of the United States.

Most of the lumber brought to this market comes from Wisconsin, Minnesota and Michigan. That from the first two States comes by raft, but a good deal from Michigan comes by rail. The logs are cut in the winter and taken to the streams, down which they are floated in the spring to the saw-mills. These saw-mills are located mainly at Eau Claire, Chippewa Falls, on the Menominee River, Wisconsin, Stillwater and La Crosse. After the logs are sawed up, the lumber is put into rafts of about 1,200,000 feet each, and sent into the Mississippi River. Most of the rafts come into the Mississippi at Reed's Landing, 120 miles below St. Paul, and out of the Chippewa River. The Wisconsin River lumber comes by Prairie du Chien, or is shipped by the Wisconsin Valley Railroad. The rafts come down the Mississippi in the summer. Some of them simply float down on the current of the river, while others are propelled by steamers. As soon as they reach St. Louis they are drawn up to the river bank and the lumber removed to the yards. Most of the yards are located on the west bank of the river, just below the Water-works. Here the lumber is piled for drying and seasoning, after which it is ready for the market. Much of it goes to the planing mills, where it is dressed and made into sash, doors, blinds, etc., while much of it is shipped looking just as it does when it comes from the river.

THE GROWTH OF ST. LOUIS

may be easily appreciated when the amount of lumber used here is compared with that shipped away. The following statement gives the ratio between local consumption and shipments for 1878:

	Lumber, feet.	Shingles, pieces.	Laths, pieces.
Shipments (river and rail)	100,483,000	41,450,000	17,250,000
Local consumption	93,348,404	33,790,750	11,005,000

The city of St. Louis and the county of St. Louis, in the year 1878, used fully two-fifths of all the lumber that came to this market.

THE COMMISSION MEN.

The following are the lumber commission merchants of the city:

Methudy & Meyer.
Berthold & Jennings.
Alford, Warner & Moore.
Clarkson, Christopher & Co.
J. P. Richardson.
J. N. Williams.

A large part of the lumber business of St. Louis is transacted by the commission men. They sell to the lumber yards, the railroads, the furniture factories and the coopers. The lumber they sell comes from parts of the country altogether different from the regions of the white pine. They deal in hard woods, staves and furniture woods, which … pine, poplar, … mainly from Il… …ansas, Mississippi, … The total number of … received here in 1878 was … total number of feet of pop… …, 39,423,600. The business … of the lumber trade has … …ast four years. In 1877 the … of feet of hard wood received … 51,235,650, while for 1878, as above … was 39,423,600, an increase of 25 per … one year. The increase for this year … be still greater. This gratifying growth in the business of the commission men is mainly owing to the increase of manufacturing interests in the city. For instance, in the line of staves, there is a constantly growing demand from the brewers. This year Methudy & Meyer, who stand at the head of the commission men and who do three-quarters of the business in staves, have hardly been able to supply their orders. The same is, no doubt, true of other firms. There is a constant and growing demand for all kinds of furniture wood owing to the increase of manufacturing, and so great is the demand for walnut, which is used mostly in furniture, that it commands almost as high a price to-day as it did in 1865, when lumber of all kinds reached the highest figures ever known.

MORNING NEWS CONDENSED.

FOREIGN.

The Consolidated Bank of Montreal closed its doors.

The expenses of England in the African war will reach $25,000,000.

Russia formally declares that she has but three cavalry regiments remaining in Bulgaria.

The ex-Khedive leaves Naples for Rhodes next week, where he has concluded to reside.

England accused by France of aiding the Sultan of Morocco to prepare for a conflict with Spain.

Osman Pasha has been appointed Commander-in-chief of the Turkish army on the Grecian frontier.

The Comte de Chambord in a political manifesto expresses a willingness to save France by becoming king.

Minister Waddington states that France hopes to succeed in introducing a good administration for Egypt.

On account of the state of the crops throughout France, 40,000 soldiers will be furloughed on the 1st of September.

The French Chamber of Deputies will reduce the salaries of Bishops and Archbishops and increase that of the minor clergy.

Fourteen persons arrested by the Spanish authorities at Gibraltar for endeavoring to levy blackmail on Horatio J. Sprague, United States Consul.

WASHINGTON.

General Ben Harrison will accept either the Russian or the English Mission.

Ex-Minister to Russia Stoughton is endeavoring to secure the English Mission, vice Welsh, resigned.

President Hayes is decidedly opposed to the Darien Canal scheme of M. De Lesseps, and favors the Nicaragua route, to be built by American capital.

CRIME AND CASUALTY.

James A. Nichols, a St. Louis convict, pardoned by Gov. Phelps.

Doc. Middleton, the notorious outlaw, captured by detectives in Nebraska.

John Morton, a gambler, fatally shot by Fred. Rohman, a cigar maker, at Louisville.

By the burning of a pleasure steamer, at Battle Creek, Mich., two lives were lost.

B. R. Boothe, ex-County Attorney, assassinated by R. T. Springfield, at Hempstead, Texas.

Twenty-three murder indictments in Chicot county, Arkansas, nolle prose'd by the State's attorney.

Five convicts make a bold dash for liberty from the Kentucky Penitentiary, but are recaptured.

Mrs. John Dunnigan and Miss Kate Horan drowned by the capsizing of a boat at New Brunswick.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The police force of Chicago receive a general overhauling.

Southern cities rapidly quarantining against New Orleans and the fever.

The starch works recently destroyed by fire at Vincennes, Ind., are to by rebuilt at once.

Columbia, Mo., is to have a daily paper, the Statesman, by Col. Switzler.

The Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company announce an increase of four per cent in miners' wages.

THE SPANISH COLONY.

Number and Business of the Iberian Part of St. Louis.

It has been the custom for such a long time to speak of the "Spanish population" of St. Louis that few people have taken the trouble to think whether St. Louis really has or has not a Spanish population at all.

The element has certainly been noted as a very quiet one. The few representatives of the pure Castilian blood that are in the city have kept out of the police courts and other places more famous than notorious, and have gone on in a manner for which the Iberian does not usually get credit, attending to their own business and working steadily and industriously.

Mr. Lopez, of the firm of Lopez & Bro., cigar manufacturers, president of the Spanish society "La Union," was called on by a reporter and asked concerning the number of Spaniards in St. Louis.

"Do you mean Spaniards from Spain or all the people here of Spanish blood?" he asked.

"All the Spanish-speaking persons."

"Well, there are about twenty-seven all told, Spaniards, Mexicans and Cubans."

"Are you sure the number is so small as that?"

"Yes, sir; counting the men alone. Of course, some of them have families; but those who have, have nearly all married in the United States to American women."

"Well, how many have you in your society La Union?"

"We have, I think, about twenty five."

"You are positive the number is not greater than that?"

"Yes. The majority are from Spain, there are two from Cuba and four or five from Mexico."

"How are the Spaniards divided in trades?"

"There are about fifteen in the cigar business. We employ eight here ourselves, six or seven keep saloons and fruit stands and the balance can not be classified; they are in all businesses."

"You are from Spain yourself, Mr. Lopez?"

"Yes, of course, from the Province of Asturias."

The reporter next hunted up Mr. Cahill, the Consul of Mexico, and found him inclining to the belief that the population had been much underestimated by Mr. Lopez. Mr. Cahill said: "I am positive there are at least two hundred Spanish speaking people in the city, that is, of Spanish and Spanish-American origin."

Mr. Cahill then wrote down the names of all of whom he knew, including the young ladies and gentlemen now attending boarding-schools in this city, and the list, which was made out with the assistance of Senor Cordero, who happened to be present, runs thus:

From Mexico and New Mexico	12
From Cuba	2
From Spain	23
Total	37

Mr. Cahill went on to state that there were a number of Spanish ladies married to American gentlemen. And, while he could not state where they were to be found, in his opinion the number of the colony would be found to be nearer two hundred than twenty-seven.

The Spanish society La Union will give a picnic on August 10 at Bamberger's Grove, at which there will be a reunion of all the representatives of the land of the Cid Campeador within the corporate limits of St. Louis.

A Jesuit Catechism for Indians.

From the papers of Father Brugas, printed in the Magazine of American History, we take the following extracts from the Jesuit catechism which was taught to the Iroquois, Hurons and other Indian tribes some two hundred years ago:

Of the Paradise the Indian Proselyte asks:

Q. How is the country in paradise, is it fine?

The Father Jesuit answers: A. It is very beautiful, there is no lack of every kind of eatables, of all that is necessary to clothe yourself; you are happy in every respect; if somebody says, I would like to be dressed in such a dress, there is the dress before you in an instant; if he desires to eat anything, Jesus Christ brings it immediately.

Q. Do people work in Heaven?

A. They do nothing whatever. They do not sow nor do they cultivate the fields, for they always find the wheat ripe and plenty of pumpkins and Indian beans, etc.

Q. Are the trees the same as here?

A. No; for the trees in Paradise are extremely beautiful; they are always in bloom, their leaves always green and they do not fall; the grass never dies.

Q. Is the sun the same as here? Does it rain? Does the wind blow? Does it thunder?

A. No; it is always fine weather and the sky is never cloudy.

Q. Have they fruits in Heaven?

A. That is not impossible.

Q. How are the fruits made?

A. They are fine fruits; each tree is so loaded with them that, although people may gather them every day, there is never an end of it, for as soon as you have eaten one another grows in its place.

Q. Is it cold in Heaven?

A. There is no winter, but an eternal summer.

Q. Are there many inhabitants in Heaven?

A. Yes; a very great number.

Q. Do they know each other?

A. They know each other and are brothers and sisters; they greet each other, and never refuse or deny anything.

Q. Are the inhabitants of Heaven handsome?

A. They are very beautiful; for people who, when dying, were misformed are straightened; there are no blind, no deaf, no hunchback people; for they are all made new in Heaven.

Q. Then there is no sickness in Heaven?

A. No; people live there very quietly. There are no diseases, no famine, no war, and no death.

Q. Is it not rather tiresome in Heaven?

A. No, for one hundred years are like a day. People have a great pleasure to look at each other.

THE COOPERS' STRIKE.

Details of its Progress from the Beginning.

An Address to the Public Which Explains it All.

To-day is the twenty-second of the strike of the coopers. They have held daily meetings at Vorwaerts Hall since it was inaugurated, and from a mass meeting in which disorder reigned they have merged into a parliamentary body, the proceedings being conducted in a quiet and orderly manner, under a regular order of business. They have been encouraged in every possible way by brother coopers in Illinois and other States, by the workingmen generally of St. Louis, and from persons in no way connected with their interests other than that prompted by sympathy for a class of men willing to earn their living by the sweat of their brows but prevented from doing so by grasping capitalists—a feeling possessed by all who have a spark of humanity within them. Business men of the city have aided them by contributing largely, which has produced a good feeling among the coopers and demonstrated the fact that there are many men of means who are interested in the cause of labor. Since the strike there has been collected about $2,500, which has been distributed among those on strike and used for the support of themselves and families.

The meeting was called to order this morning at Vorwaerts at 9 o'clock, Mr. Coffey in the chair.

Mr. Kadell, from the committee appointed to examine into the truthfulness of the report that barrels were being shipped to this city from other States, reported that the committee had visited the several depots and that no such shipments had been made.

A letter was read from Cleveland, O., stating that the coopers' strike at that place was still in progress, but that they intended to persevere until they accomplished their object, and urging the coopers of St. Louis to do likewise.

Mr. Kellogg read the following address, which was accepted, and a vote unanimously passed requesting the press of the city to publish the same:

ADDRESS TO THE PUBLIC.

In order to justify the course pursued by the striking coopers of St. Louis, we desire to make the following statement of facts which led to our trouble:

1. It is a fact susceptible of proof that the price paid for making flour barrels in this city has been for the past year lower than that paid in any other Western city, while the cost of living has been equal to, and often higher, than in surrounding cities.

2. For the past year or two our employers have been unjust in their demands on us for a reduction of wages for want of a uniform system, which would oftentimes cause strikes that would result disastrously to both employer and employe. Many times those exactions have, from time to time, been acceded to.

3. After having complied with these repeated demands on more than one occasion, as the public well know that our wages have been reduced far below the cost of living, and that our wives and children have had to join with us in earning a livelihood as best they could.

4. As a fitting finale to all these unjust and oppressive demands, on Monday, the 7th of July, a committee from the unions of our city called a meeting of all coopers in the city working slack work to assemble at National Hall, Broadway, to take into consideration such measures as would result to the best interest of both employer and employe. A committee was appointed to draw up and present to us a bill of prices that would equal those paid in other cities. The committee reported the price list, which was adopted, and with instructions to contract for one year so as to avoid all strikes that might follow in the case of no contract. The committee called a meeting of all employers to meet with them, and a majority of prominent employes met with the committee; but those present could not agree, as there were three employers who declared they would do as they pleased, and refused to take any part in the matter. While barely able to make a living at the prices paid, we were still unwilling to embarrass our employers by striking, and therefore met those employers for three consecutive days, while sub-committees were appointed to wait upon Mr. Carpenter, of Belcher's Sugar Refinery, Mr. Jaynes & Co., and Mr. Charles Wonderlich, who rejected our propositions; and it was not until, in our conference with those employers, they would give us no promise of immunity from further reductions in the future, and give us no limit to possible exactions, that we gave up all hope and determined to leave their employ.

5. Seeing that they, Mr. Jaynes & Co., Belcher's Sugar Refinery Co., and Mr. Charles Wonderlich, adhered to their determination not to join with other employers who have considered our proposition and signed agreements with our comrades and all have gone to work, we of Mr. Belcher's, Wonderlich and Jaynes', Feeling that the compensation offered us was inadequate to support ourselves and those dependent upon us, refused to continue longer in the employ of a soulless corporation, whose chief object appears to be to reduce their employers to a condition of abject poverty.

We, therefore, state to the public this our address, and should we be longer in asking you to withdraw your support from these corporations, who would willingly injure the labor of our city by robbing the laborer of his hire?

We leave our actions to be passed upon by the judgment of an unbiased public.

This appeal comes from about 180 coopers, who compose the number now on strike. About ten of their number have obtained positions at Alton, Ill., and will start for that place to-day or to-morrow.

A resolution regretting the circumstances which forced these men to leave the city was passed.

After the regular speeches, the meeting adjourned to Saturday night, when there will be a rousing mass-meeting of all coopers of the city.

HUXLEY ON SNAKES.

The Great Scientist Turned Snake Charmer.

Grace Greenwood writes from London: "I lately attended one of a series of natural history lectures, given in the picture gallery at the zoological gardens, next to the snake house. It was on "Snakes," and delivered by Prof. Huxley. I went, and must confess, principally to see him, though the subject has for me a horrible fascination. I found the lecturer marvelously like his picture, the photographs especially. The sun could hardly miss fire on so marked and individual a head as his. He looks, however, more like a close and careful student than the bold thinker and theorist, his face having a pure and passionless expression for all its rugged and powerful character, and his eyes a serious, absorbed, almost inconverted look. He came on the platform very promptly, but quietly, and immediately set to work on his simple exordium. An attendant had brought in an ominous looking box similar to those we had once seen on the stage of a Paris theater in the "Spectacle of Rothomago," in the snake-charmer scene, and presently the professor slid back the lid, and gently lifted out a young boa-constrictor, which he said was quite tame, having been born—or hatched—and reared at the "Zoo." This, with occasional remandings to his prison, he kept before us as an illustration, till he came to treat of poisonous serpents and their peculiar construction. The general anatomy of the snake, its movements, its mode of coiling and uncoiling, this gentle creature was made to exemplify. He handled the formidable but sluggish reptile almost as though he loved it, winding it about his wrists, patting it and stroking it, playing with it caressingly and coquettishly, as a young lady, during a morning call in winter time, plays with its soft and comfortable namesake of sable or ermine. To some of the audience the sight was a trying one; several sensitive ladies grew faint and went out, to the relief of those who remained, as the little hall was crowded to suffocation and hot enough to have melted down the brazen serpent of Moses."

Astronomy for South Africa.

Gen. Cunynghame, who for several years commanded the British forces in South Africa, in a book lately published, tells the following story that he heard in the Transvaal, as illustrating the primitive condition of affairs in that province: A schoolmaster was lately appointed in Zoutspunberg. One of the earliest lessons was to teach the children that the earth turns on its own axis. The children went home and were impertinent to their parents and told them that the earth went round the sun. The elders of the district met and consulted regarding the new doctrine, and finally agreed to refer the subject to the minister, who requested the schoolmaster to explain.

The schoolmaster said: "I teach them nothing but the movement of the heavenly bodies and that the earth revolves around the sun." The minister answered: Well, this may be, no doubt, what the earth does in Holland; but it would be more convenient at present if in Zoutzspunberg you would allow the sun still to go round the earth for a few years longer. We do not like sudden changes in such matters." The schoolmaster took the hint, and for the present the sun is allowed in Zoutspunberg to move as heretofore.

THERE stood in meadow grasses ankle deep
One who awakened from her maiden sleep,
And waking, turned to me with smile divine,
And blushing let her hand clasp close to mine
In summer.

And all the golden sunlight rained its gold
On tresses bright as any ray they hold,
And all the fervent splendor of the day
Wore fairer splendor than in sky and ray
Of summer.

For what is earth if love be not our day?
And what is love if love care not to stay,
And staying steal our hearts in dreamless rest?
And resting thus, who dreams and is not blest,
In summer?
—[London Society.

COME, LOVELIEST SARA, COME.

[From the New York Star.]

Oh, Sara, sweet Sara, we're waiting for thee,
With our hands on our wallets and eyes on the sea;
We're howling and wailing,
To know if you're ailing,
Or whether you're failing,
And when you'll be sailing—
Or which of the three.

Sweet priestess of art, we are dying to know
If you'll make up your mind to come over or no.
Like clay in the hand
Of the potter we stand,
To be mixed up and molded,
And moddled and scolded,
Whenever you think it worth while to do so.

The harvests are ripening, the corn's in the ear,
The land is o'erladen with fruits of the year,
There's no sickness or woe,
And wherever we go
Gold is ready to flow,
I assure you it's so,
Right into your pockets as soon as you're here.

There's no doubt at all of your social success,
How could there be that with our freedom of press?
You can play as you please,
Break your contracts at ease,
For we know you're the cheese,
Having found it all out by your G. W. S.

Let no prejudice move you nor scandal affright;
The press will take care of you, that is all right.
Leave your critics behind,
And you'll very soon find
A superior kind
In our Timothy Titcombs and Richard Grant White.

Then come, charming Sara, and breathe our free air,
And bring all your bric-a-brac, costly and rare;
A letter or two
From my Lord Too-ral-loo,
With a line parlez vous,
Is a good thing to do
If you'd have the doors open in Madison Square.

So linger no longer, for precious time presses,
And our impatience leads to the loudest excesses;
But should envious fate
Wipe you out of our slate
You can keep us elate
If you'll give us a look at your jewels and dresses.
—[Nym Crinkle.

PENCILINGS.

—It is generally safe to ask the man with a red nose for a corkscrew.

—Sarah Bernhardt's children do not evidently belong to the legitimate drama.

—The workingmen demand cheaper whisky or glasses with thinner bottoms.

—There's a good deal of shooting at Leadville. Probably because the place is lode-d.

—Susan B. Anthony says she is awfully afraid of sharks, whereas if anything will make a shark climb a tree it is a sight of Susan B. Anthony.

—Atlanta has an amateur singer whose vocal performances frightened two canary birds to death. She, however, declares that they died of envy.

—The scalping business of this country is very dull. Sitting Bull can't catch the army, and Gail Hamilton can't find anybody whose hair she has not already lifted.

—Chastine Cox, it is said, can dance the plantation dances of the Southern negroes, and we accordingly expect that he will double-shuffle off this mortal coil.

—The Count Joannes always studies the egg market with great application previous to starting on a dramatic tour. If eggs are high he starts; if low, he doesn't.

—A lady writer in a contemporary explains "Why Eve did not keep a hired girl." It was for the same reason, it is presumed, that she didn't employ a dressmaker or a coachman.

—Eli Perkins tells how he brought "a drowned man back to life." If the resuscitated man ever has an opportunity to return the favor it is hoped he will refrain, in the interest of truth.

—"Pork and Beans" is the name of a new Iowa paper.—[Ex. Hominy subscribers does the editor of such a paper expect to secure? "Pork and Beans" should be published in Greece.

—Forney's Progress says billiards is an excellent game for ladies, and "there is no reason why it should be so generally tabooed among them as it is." Especially as there is so much "kissing" in it.

—The travel from this country to Europe is unusually large this summer. And we don't wonder! The manager of Gilbert and Sullivan has arrived in New York, and is advertising for singers for the purpose of desolating the land with "Pinafore" next fall.

—There is too much silver in this country, despite the assertions and arguments of the Greenbackers to the contrary. A Binghamton man has just died from swallowing a silver half dollar. The doctors couldn't find a specific for the relief of the unfortunate man.

—Hoopskirts are coming in fashion again, and pretty soon the illustrated comic monthlies can introduce the cuts used fifteen years ago without being guilty of an anachronism. These pictures frequently turn up in the comic papers, and they look mighty odd in these days of tight skirts and pull-backs.

—Here is a conundrum that failed to take a prize at the recent International Conundrum-making match, for $10,000 in prizes and the championship of the world, viz.: What is the difference between Judge Manning's unmarried daughter and the individual who disappeared last May and has not been heard of since? Ans.—One is Miss Manning and the other's a man missing.

The Appearance of Jupiter.

[From the New York Sun.]

A very curious spot is now visible on the disk of Jupiter. It lies north of his main equatorial belt, and partakes of the planet's motion of revolution without materially altering its position. By rough calculation it is about 20,000 miles in length, by from 1,500 to 2,000 miles wide. Since it was first seen by the writer it has performed about thirty revolutions with the planet, without suffering any special change of shape or appearance. In the meantime smaller spots and markings in its neighborhood on the planet have undergone many changes, some disappearing and others coming into existence. One of the most remarkable features of this strange spot is its color. Under magnifying powers varying from 160 to 320 diameters it presents a coppery hue verging on the color of burned brick or red chalk. Assuming as tr… the theory that the dark markings on Jupit… are openings, or rifts, in his cloud-choked a… mosphere, revealing glimpses of the real bo… of the planet beneath, the thought instinctiv… ly occurs, in looking at the spot, that the co… cealed body must be glowing with heat, li… red-hot metal. This accords with the vie… of those astronomers who think that Jupiter is now passing through a stage of the cooli… process that was completed in our globe a… before life appeared upon it.

The Kiss of a Serpent.

[From the N. O. Democrat.]

A correspondent in Lafourche Parish gi… tees the truth of the following details:

Near the Cutoff M. Lambasse and his so… fell a victim to snake bite under the f… circumstances:

Lambasse and his son Bibi were … charmers, who cared as little for rat… as they would for turtle doves. … constantly surrounded by their veno… serpents of the most deadly … with which they played …

Last Sunday Bibi, who had a … rattlesnake, tried to sell it to one … For this purpose he took it o… where it was kept, and, in ord… skill, tried to make the reptil… The serpent, unwilling to gra… sired, ended by becoming so … bit his charmer's tongue, a… arm. Immediately afterwa… took the serpent in his han… show those present that hi… clumsily, or was a charme… character to himself. So s… head of the hideous crea… The serpent bit him also. … both attacked with frightfu… and their bodies became … They died in excruciating …

A Canadian Lady's …

[From the Toronto G…]

We have received … native of Toronto, … New York—a lette… knowledgment of a… dered to her b… Thirteenth Brook… ited Montreal … Having been compe… business, she was robb… return, and was left de… Unable to obtain a s… ences, she bethought … the officers of the Thi… cordially received a… All of them to whom … aided her, and in pu… services rendered … ural hope that any … son from the United … da with treatment…

To make th… plump and whi… metic, Hagan…

And...
Wafts...

There is s...
Silence b...
Countless s... ...keep,
While the bl...
Soothes the... ...moan
Of the des...
Rising vis...
Through...

There is s...
Silence bro... ...where.
Can it be th... ...one,
Sleepless watch the starry zone,
While the memories of the past
Gird my soul and hold it fast?
Oh! the pain, the mute despair,
That seek and find me everywhere.

God's deep peace upon the air,
Peace and quiet everywhere.
There is peace in duties done;
There is rest in triumphs won;
And life's purposes are those
Which our truest acts disclose.
Therefore, weary heart, forbear;
God's peace finds thee everywhere.
THERESA M. SETLEY.

—[Yonkers Gazette.

THE POETRY OF MURDER.

How a Young English Girl Met Death at the Hands of Her Lover After He Had Written Her Obituary Verse.

[From the London Times, July 19.]

At the Crown Court, Leicester, yesterday, before Lord Justice Thesiger, John Biggs, eighteen, millwright, was charged with the murder of Mary Ann Bromwich at Evington on the 19th of June, 1879. The deceased, a mill-hand, was in her twenty-second year, and had been keeping company with the prisoner. Both seem to have been much attached to each other.

Elizabeth Matthews, a factory hand, deposed that in the morning she heard the prisoner asking the deceased to "have a half-day with him." She refused, and a slight altercation occurred. It ended by the prisoner giving the deceased a slight slap in the face and saying she would have to go. Then the witness, at her request, got her a half-holiday, and the prisoner and deceased started for a walk together.

Ann Peberdy saw them the same afternoon on the road. She thought the prisoner seemed much agitated. The deceased was smiling and cheerful and had a bunch of white hawthorn blossoms in her hand, and Mrs. Peberdy had some talk with her about the beauty of the fields and the landscape, thinking, as she said, to "pass off" the young man's agitation.

George Smalley saw the prisoner and the deceased together about 4 o'clock. About 6 he passed along the road again, going home from his work, and saw a woman lying in the ditch; thinking her drunk, he passed on. Later he came back with Peberdy, the brother of the former witness, and found the same woman still lying in the ditch. They took her up and she proved to be the deceased, quite dead, with her throat cut.

On the following day Biggs was arrested near Wigston. At first he resisted and denied his guilt; but afterwards, when brought to the police station, said, "It is all right; I am the man. I did it." He also said that if he had not been taken he would have put his head on the line before night. A woman's apron was found in his pocket. The prisoner said, "That is Polly's: I loved her." In his pockets two documents were also found. The first ran thus:

John Biggs, 29 Thomas street, Leicester.
DEAR MOTHER:—I bid you and all farewell, and I hope this will be a lesson to all my brouthrene and sisters and I hope that none of them will take my steps, and Harry be rule with me and never go into a publick case and never go with any girls a tall for you may be the same as me if you do. God bless you all and farewell till I meet you in another world, and I hope that mother will bury me and Polly well and both together, for I loved her, or else I should not have done what I have to her; and she lays on that new road as goes off of the Umberstone road in the dics. God bless you all, and hope you will have this bit of poetry put on Polly's card:

Like a lily fair and green,
Soon cut down and no more seen.
Beloved she was, in pece she dide.
Her life was craved but God denied.
Weap not for me but pray repent;
She wos not yours, but only lent
Dry up your tears and weep no more,
I am not lost, but gone before.

God bless you all, uncle, harnt, mother, sisters, bretner and father.

The second was as follows:

My portrate is at Randell's, and fetch Polly home as soon as you can. If not found she is in the Dyke along that new road as goes to Eventon rite down the Kinberstone road, and do berry her with me if you please. God bless all of you.
Field in my (pocket) for the other paper.
J. BIGGS, 29 Tomas street, Leicester.

The prisoner acknowledged the documents as his own, and signed the first at the request of the police. He afterwards said he had cut the girl's throat with one of his uncle's razors, which he had put back in its place.

For the defense the chaplain of the jail was called to prove that the prisoner had no idea of the nature of the offense he had committed and that his thoughts seemed to be entirely occupied with the question whether he should see the deceased in a future state. He generally occupied himself with writing on a slate the lines which he wished to be printed on her funeral card. His manner was strange and he was in the habit of smiling even when talking of the most serious subjects.

It was proved that the mother of the prisoner had been several times out of her mind since 1863, and had to be kept under constant supervision for fear of suicide; that she never recognized one of her children for a year after its birth; that up to the present time she was in a strange state of mind and had lately asked to be sent to a lunatic asylum. Her brother was also deranged and had been under restraint, and his father also had shown derangement on several occasions. The prisoner himself had been subject to epileptic fits up to the age of thirteen years, and one of his brothers had shown signs of mental weakness. Dr. Crossley confirmed the evidence of the insanity of the prisoner's mother and brother and of the epileptic fits of the prisoner himself, and gave evidence of the fact that epileptic fits frequently led to mania. He had visited the prisoner in jail, and was of opinion that he was suffering from monomania with regard to the crime he had committed. Mr. Simms Reeve said he proposed to put the surgeon of the jail into the box, and, if he confirmed the evidence which had been given as to the prisoner's state of mind, he would not press the case further. The surgeon of the jail confirmed the evidence of Dr. Crossley.

His Lordship expressed his concurrence in the course taken by Mr. Reeve, and told the jury that not every form of insanity would show that the man who committed a crime was ignorant of the nature of his act. The moral powers of a man mentally affected might be left untouched, so that he might know that he was doing wrong. But if the mental condition of a man at the time he committed a crime was such that he either did not know the nature of the act he was committing, or knowing it was unconscious that it was wrong, then, according to the existing state of the law, he would be entitled to acquittal on the ground of insanity. His Lordship then pointed out the concurrence of several kinds of evidence in favor of the view that the prisoner's mind was unsound, saying at the same time that if they thought he knew the nature of his act they had no choice but to find him guilty.

The jury after a long deliberation found the prisoner guilty, with a strong recommendation to mercy on the ground of his youth.

His Lordship passed sentence of death in the usual form. The prisoner was removed, exclaiming, "Ain't I happy now?"

...ORD BYRON'S WIFE AND SISTER.

...etters That Seem to Explode Mrs. Stowe's Scandal.

[From the New York Evening Post.]

The scandal, revived some time ago by ...s. H. B. Stowe, with reference to Lord ...ron and his sister, has at length received ...t looks very much like its death-blow. In ... number of the London Academy for the ... of July appears a series of letters from ...e late Lady Byron to her husband's sister, Mrs. Leigh, which date from January 16, 1816, the day after Lady Byron left her husband's house, to the year 1851, immediately preceding Mrs. Leigh's last illness. "All these letters," says the London News of the 18th of July, "testify to the constant esteem and affection which Lady Byron entertained toward her sister-in-law. The expressions of affection they contain entirely discountenance the idea that the charges brought against Mrs. Leigh after Lady Byron's death, and said to rest on her direct personal testimony, had any foundation in fact. Writing only ten days after she had left her husband, Lady Byrons addresse Mrs. Leigh as 'My Dearest Augusta,' and concludes by saying, 'Feelings must not now be indulged; but whenever I feel at all it will be as kindly as you could. Independently of malady, I do not think of the past with any spirit of resentment, and scarcely with the sense of injury. God bless him.' There was at a later period a serious dispute between Lady Byron and her sister-in-law; but it arose on the appointment of a trustee under Lady Byron's settlement. Lady Byron appointed Dr. Lushington, to whom Mrs. Leigh objected. ...ure of their intimacy ... clearly arose out of this quar... ...meeting was to have taken place ...st Reigate in the presence of ... Frederick Robertson, but it did ...nd some months later, when ...was in her last illness, Lady By... ...to her daughter: "Whisper to her from me the words, 'Dearest Augusta.' I can't think they would hurt her;" and added a postscript that she was at Esher till Wednesday, and if she was wanted they were not to hesitate to send for her. The whole of this interesting correspondence, which throws new light on the relations of Lady Byron to her sister-in-law in the years after the separation from her husband, is entirely inconsistent with the theory Mrs. Stowe has promulgated as to the causes of that separation. Every reader of the letters will agree with Mr. Thompson that if the words have any meaning, 'they dispose of the whole calumny and banish it into the regions of after-thought.'"

TEN MEN'S ESCAPE.

How an Engineer's Presence of Mind Saved Their Lives.

[From the Virginia (Nev.) Enterprise, July 22.]

Yesterday morning at 7 o'clock, as the shift was being changed at the Yellow Jacket Shaft, ten men had a narrow escape from death. These men got on board the small skip at the 2,300 station to go to the bottom of the shaft. They had gone but a short distance before the eccentrics of the donkey engine broke, and the skip, with its living freight, started for the bottom at lightning speed. P. McCarthy, the engineer, knew that the descending skip must be stopped or all on board would be dashed to pieces at the bottom of the shaft. He instantly seized a heavy plank, the end of which he thrust between the pinion shaft and the reel or drum from which the cable was paying off. By hauling down on the end of the plank acted as a brake, and finally brought the skip to a stand, when it was within twenty feet of the bottom of the shaft. The drum was revolving at lightning speed when the plank was first introduced, and the friction produced streams of fire and smoke, but the pressure gradually told, slowed down the speed of the skip, and finally stopped it. To thrust the plank into the rapidly-revolving machinery was a dangerous experiment, and might have cost Mr. McCarthy his life, but he got the right hold in the start, and held on with bull-dog tenacity. To do the right thing, just as he did, at the right moment, required great quickness of thought. The plank, the place where it was to be inserted, and how it was to be used, must all have been thought out in a single instant. During the descent of the skip one man leaped from it and caught the bell rope, holding to which he managed to swing himself to a wall-plate. Another jumped and caught a wall-plate, but lost his hold and fell, but in falling caught a rod passing horizontally between the sinking-guides, some ten feet over the skip, where he held on till it stopped. Thus it will be seen that this man did some lively traveling. He got off the skip, and not finding a good landing place on the wall plate, he went down until he overtook the skip, when he got aboard of it at the point which seemed most convenient. Aside from a severe shaking up and a bad scare, the men all came out of the scrape about as sound as when they got into it.

Owing to the Weather.

[From the Detroit Free Press.]

A big newsboy was yesterday doubled over a bench at the City Hall Market, too sick to move and too discouraged to care what became of him. Two or three of the motherly marketwomen fixed him up a dose of pepper, and when he was a little better one of them said:

"Boy, you want to let harvest apples alone?"

"Harvest apples!" he sneered. "Do you think eight or nine harvest apples could double up a big boy like me?"

"I saw you eating cherries," put in another woman.

"I know you did, but hain't I used to cherries? Humph! Why, I'm fifty times as big as a quart of cherries!"

"And he bought two cucumbers off my stand an hour ago!" squeaked a little black-eyed woman.

"Yes, I did," answered the boy, "but they didn't only make a mouthful. T'other night I ate ten all at once and they didn't hurt me a bit."

"And I saw him eating tomatoes and turnips!" solemnly remarked a tall man with green glasses on.

"Sposin you did!" wailed the boy as the colic got a fresh grip: "wasn't tomaters and turnips made to eat? Don't you folks want to give a boy any show to git along? I tell ye, it's this here storm what affects me, and if you women had any mercy on me you'd bring me some plums and green corn and bologna and pears and a dish of ice cream to take this pepper taste out of my mouth!"

A Minnesota Bride Abducted by Her Brothers.

[From the Fergus Falls Advocate.]

"The story of true love never runs smooth," and we are compelled to chronicle an event that proves the old proverb to be true. On Sunday last George Haynes, of Campbell, and Miss Nancy A. Cross were united in the holy bonds of matrimony by Justice Beardsley, of St. Olaf—a runaway wedding. The bride has been residing at Campbell with her brothers, her parents living in Wisconsin. The "big brothers" did not approve of the marriage—in fact, they were mad—mad all over—and followed on the track of the bride and groom, with "blood in their eye." On Tuesday they discovered the young couple at Bell's Hotel, and George, the bridegroom, afraid of their threats of shooting him, kept close in his room. On Wednesday a parley was commenced, and, under the thin guise of the bride going to Wisconsin to visit her parents, the big brothers abducted her from the bed and board of George, who is now a "grass-widower"—and just what he is going to do about it remains to be seen. Nevertheless, the proceedings and threats of the brothers would seem to be a gross outrage.

A Man Who was Tapped Sixty-Three Times, and From Whose Body One Hundred Gallons of Water Were Drawn.

[From the Little Rock Gazette.]

Mr. John R. Walker, of the drug firm of Cook & Walker, is dead, having rendered unto the earth the body that is the earth's, and unto God the soul that is God's, late night before last. Mr. Walker's sufferings were almost unparalleled. About four years ago he was seized with that terrible disease, dropsy. It soon became necessary to tap him, after which he partially regained his health. But the hand of the disease that had grappled him still remained, and after a time he was again stricken down, when it again became necessary to tap him. Since then he has been tapped sixty-three times. One hundred gallons of water, aggregating from these tappings, were drawn from his body. But even this temporary relief failed to be produced by tapping, and a week ago last Friday, while behind the counter at his store, he sank to the floor, never to rise again. Mr. Walker was a native of Danville, this State.

A Deaf Mute Speaks From Fright.

[From the Philadelphia Press.]

LANCASTER, PENN., July 28.—Between 2 and 3 o'clock this afternoon a seven-year-old deaf and dumb boy, son of Benjamin Charles, of this city, was knocked down by a two-horse coach, on North Queen street, and was trampled under the feet of the horses. Singular to relate, no bones were broken, nor were there any internal injuries, or even severe cuts or bruises; but more singular by far is the fact that the child, who had never been known to utter a loud sound before, cried out lustily when he found himself under the feet of the horses. He was conveyed to his home in the coach which ran over him, and it remains to be seen whether the accident will result in his finding speech.

A GOOD investment is a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, for it never disappoints. 25 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

AMUSEMENTS.

Uhrig's Cave.

Uhrig's Cave continues to be the attraction for the amusement-loving people of the West End. The "Bells of Corneville" maintains its popularity, and the garden is thronged nightly by large audiences. "Griofle-Griofla" is in preparation.

Bodemann's Garden.

H. M. S. Pinafore is now fairly launched and the performances of this ever popular opera run exceedingly smooth. Mr. Rennie as the Admiral has made quite a hit, and is a feature of the performance. Miss Tillie McHenry is one of the best Buttercups ever seen in St. Louis. Miss Metlar's Josephine is a very artistic performance. Mr. Frank Howard plays Dick Deadeye. The company is shortly to be strengthened by the accession of Mr. Stanley as Ralph Rackstraw. The admission is only twenty-five cents.

THERE are many hair preparations in the market, but none have so desirable an effect upon the hair and scalp as Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.

THE C... ...LENCE.

Terrible Predi... ...w York Street Car Cond... ...phet's Past Successes.

Conductor Michael C... ...e Eighth Avenue Railroad, ... says, is one of the most popu... the city.

He is a tall, powerful man of 60. ...e has a large, round, earnest face, and as his car for the past fifteen years has drawn up in Vesey street regularly at half-past 2 every morning, he has a larger acquaintance among newspaper men than many even of those in the profession. He has a store of anecdotes of Horace Greeley, Henry J. Raymond, J. G. Bennett, and other celebrities, ancient and modern.

It was Mr. Coyle who inspired the editor of a morning paper with one of his predictions of a general war in Europe. This was based on Mr. Coyle's exposition of one of St. Cullum-kill's prophecies. According to Mr. Coyle there were only two copies of the saint's original prophecies in Ireland. One had been sacredly preserved by the Coyles, and father and son had sworn to learn the prophecies by heart and defend the book with their lives. Mr. Coyle's grandfather had, by means of the prophecies, predicted the Irish rebellion many years before it actually took place. The old gentleman was known to possess the sacred book of prophecies, and one day when left alone he was murdered and the book stolen from him.

Conductor Coyle was sacredly taught the prophecies, and his predictions have turned out so true, it is said, that every one on the Eighth avenue railroad knows his powers.

Conductor Coyle predicted the Turko-Russian war a year before it actually took place. He predicted that England would get mixed up in the war, that Russia would be prevented from fighting through troubles in her empire. He predicted the split in the English cabinet, the Zulu war, and the killing of a foreign prince. Then he predicted a terrible pestilence, which will visit the whole earth, and especially severe in 1880. This summer will be fine, and next winter will be a remarkably warm one. The summer of 1880 is to be extremely hot, and the terrible pestilence will come.

Coyle now claims that he alone in this country possessess the true secret for curing yellow fever and pneumonia. According to the prophecies of St. Cullum-kill, both pneumonia and yellow fever will defy all science, yet the remedy is simple. Mr. Coyle, however, says he is ready at any moment to cure, within ten minutes, the worst case of either disease.

RIVER NEWS.

THE Josie will follow the Josephine to St. Paul.

THE Carrier, Capt. Sam Lewis, leaves for Pittsburg this evening.

THE Kerr came in with a cargo; also barge North St. Louis, with 1,000 sacks.

A PRIVATE telegram reports the Dakota below Yankton, en route to St. Louis.

THE Alex. Kendall is getting in larger engines at La Crosse, and will be fast.

SPREAD EAGLE daily at 3 p. m. for Alton and Grafton. Capt. Henry Leyhe is master.

THE Geo. W. Cheek is said to be preparing to leave again this afternoon for Clarksville.

THE Golden Eagle, Capt. Dave Asbury, for Keokuk and way landings at 4 p. m. to-day.

THE Bald Eagle has the reputation of being the fastest sternwheeler running to this port.

SEVERAL young Steubenville boatmen are passengers on the John Porter, coming to St. Louis.

THE Alice Brown and Iron Mountain, towboats, probably arrived at Pittsburg on Wednesday.

COM. R. C. GRAY is taking a rest at the sea shore. He will soon take some large contracts for transportation for his Iron Line.

THE Bald Eagle, new and nice, leaves for lower points on the Upper Mississippi this afternoon. Capt. Williams commands.

THE favorite Northwestern, Capt. Fi. Lee, will leave for St. Paul to-morrow at noon. She is a fast through boat of the great K. N. line.

CAPT. WM. CAMPBELL, of the Thompson Dean, had a narrow escape from death a week ago while en route to his home in Mississippi City.

FOR Cape Girardeau and way landings, the John D. Scully will leave at 5 this evening from Kountz' wharf. Capt. Iron commands, with Mr. John A. Burk in the office.

THE elegant and popular passenger steamer Josephine, Capt. Congar, leaves positively this afternoon for St. Paul and all way landings. She has comfortable accommodations.

WEATHER sultry. River falling slowly. Depth to Cairo for steamboats, thirteen feet in the channel. Good water in all the upper rivers, and all rising more or less. Business continues fair.

OF course $5 to $7 per week as wages for coopers is a miserably low sum. What have the editors to say about those pilots and engineers on the Western rivers who make no more, on an average?

GOLDEN EAGLE in this forenoon with a fine freight and passenger list. The K. N. line has a large fleet of boats which run to all points daily and hourly, and giving perfect satisfaction to the communities.

CAPT. ROWLEY will back out the Fannie Tatum this afternoon for Cincinnati and Pittsburg. She has visited East St. Louis and the elevators for freight, and will have all she wants. Mr. John Conway officiates at the desk.

THE Jno. B. Maude is again coming from Vicksburg after another cargo. She is a very popular Anchor Line boat, never lies up, is never delayed, and her master, Blake, now rusticating in Cote Brilliante, was one of the earliest navigators in the Vicksburg trade.

JOHN W. KING'S last transportation manifesto begins in a startling manner, thus: "To all interested in preventing the culmination of one of the grandest monopoly schemes to control the commerce of the Mississippi River." These "brochures" are being scattered broadcast along the river below St. Louis, and are read with great interest.

[For Additional River News See Fourth Page.]

ADDITIONAL COMMERCIAL.

Stocks and Bonds.

Corrected by L. A. Coquard, stock and bond broker corner of Third and Pine streets.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

	When Payable.	Rate Int.	Coupons Due.	Buying.	Selling.
5-20s	1881	6 ₩c gold.	Jan. & July.	104¼	105
New 5s	1881	5 ₩c gold.	quarterly...	103⅜	104⅓
New 4½s '76	1891	4½ ₩c g'd	quarterly...	105¾	106½
New 4s 1877	1907	4 ₩c gold.	quarterly...	101¼	102½

RAILROAD BONDS.

N. Mo. 1st m	'95	7 ₩c cur.	Jan. & July.	113	113¾
Mo. Pa. 1st m	'88	6 ₩c cur.	Feb. & Aug.	105	105¾
I. M. 1st m.		7 ₩c gold,	Feb. & Aug.	113½	114¼
K. Pac. 1st m		6 ₩c gold.	Feb. & Aug.	117	117½

MISSOURI SIXES.

Due 1882....	102	Due 1888....	106
Due 1886....	104	Due 1889....	104
Due 1887....	105½		

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 6s, gold	106½@107½
City 6s, gold sterling bonds	106½@107½
City 6s, currency	106½@107½
City 6s water bonds	106 @107
County 6s, gold	105½@106½
County 7s, currency	106 @107

Interest to seller.

LAND WARRANTS.

	Buying.	Selling.
Land warrants, 160 acres	$155	$175
Land warrants, 120 acres	115	120
Land warrants, 80 acres	75	80
Land warrants, 40 acres	35	40

COIN AND EXCHANGE.

New Orleans Exchange, sight........par. 2.50

MONEY.

Bank Discounts for 1st class paper	7 @ 9	₩ cent.
Outside discounts for 1st class paper	1½@ 2½	₩ cent.
Real estate securities	7 @10	₩ cent.

ST. LOUIS CLEARING HOUSE.

Clearings	$ 3,536,317
Balances	291,761

Receipts and Withdrawals of Wheat

FROM ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDED 6 P. M. JULY 31.

	Receipts.	Ship'ts.
St. Louis	53,309	21,437
Central A. & B. & W.	19,240	16,250
E. St. Louis	40,780	27,818
Advance	45,600	......
Venice	11,300	13,120
Total	170,229	78,625

Grain in Store in St. Louis.

In the various Elevators named, at 6 p. m., July 31, 1879.

Elevators	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
St. Louis	164,077	353,955	134,909	10,735	....
Central*.	49,482	196,352	12,825	1,091	....
E. St. L.	89,214	5,199	1,431	....	....
Advance.	83,524	10,559	13,850	....	....
Venice...	63,345	24,921	2,336	....	....
Total..	449,642	590,986	165,351	11,826	....

General Markets.

LEAD—The market is dull and unsettled. Soft Missouri selling at $3 75.

RYE FLOUR—Quiet and steady, at $3 00 @3 20 for choice in first hands.

CORNMEAL—Unsettled. Sales city on orders at $2 30@2 35.

HIGHWINES—Slow and unchanged at $1 05.

CHEESE—Dull and weak. We quote: Choice full cream and slightly skimmed 5½ @6c; good skimmed 4½@5c; off lots 1@2½c.

WHITE BEANS—Very little doing. We quote: Medium Eastern (from store) $1 35@ 1 40; do navy $1 60@1 65; Western—Common, mixed and off-color 75c@$1; fair to good medium $1 10@1 20; navy $1 20@1 30.

GRASS SEED—Nominal quotations are: Timothy at $1 70@1 75. Clover $3 90@4; redtop 40@42½c.

WOOL—Dull and unchanged. We quote as nominal market limits: Tub-washed—Choice 35½@36c; medium, 33@35c; dingy and low 30@31c. Unwashed — Medium and combing mixed 24@25c; medium 23@24c; light fine 19@21c; heavy do 17@19c; coarse 19@20c; Southern burry 10@13c; burry, black and cotted, 3 to 10c ₩ lb less.

HIDES—Receipts light; demand about equal to offerings. Dry flint 15c—damaged 11½c. Dry salt 11½c—damaged 9½c. Green salt— No. 1 7½@8c, damaged 6½@6... 8@8½c—latter for veal.

FEATHERS—Firmer. Prime L. G. ... mixed 32½c to 35c—tare 3 to 10 ₩ cent.

SHEEP PELTS—Green: Sheep 30@40c: lamb 20@50c; shearlings 15@25c—dry sell 5@10c less. No wool pelts arriving.

LIVE DUCKS—Light receipts; fair demand. We quote young at $1 75@2 50; old $1 50@2.

LIVE TURKEYS—Young in light demand, at ...6 ₩ doz.

...E—None of consequence arriving yet. ...e: Wild pigeon $2 per doz live; upland ...; woodcock $5; young wood duck $2...

VEA... ...ir supply and slow. Sell within the range... ...$8 ₩ head live—mainly $6 @7.

ROOTS—We... ...Large Western ginseng at 95c@$1; ...thern 75@85c; seneca choice, free of tops, ...27½c; toppy and inferior 10@15c; golden ...6½@7c; snake 10 @15c; black 4@5c; May ...2½@2½c ₩ lb.

CASTOR BEANS—Prime ... worth $1 10.

HEMP SEED—Quiet at $1 50 ...5 for prime new.

NUTS—Pecans—5@7c, as in size ... condition. Peanuts—Red—4@5c; white 5@...

FLAXSEED—In demand at $1 10... for prime.

BEESWAX—Dull at 20c for prime.

DRIED FRUIT—Market firm. We qu... Peaches—Mixed 2½@3½c, as in quality; fair halves 3½@3½c; choice do 4c. Apples—Choice Western 3½@4c; prime 3½@½c; common and fair 2@3c.

LEMONS—Active at $7@7 50 ₩ box repacked choice fruit on orders.

ORANGES—Firm at $9@10 ₩ box repacked.

LAMBS—When offered sell at 75c@$2 ₩ head, as in size, etc.

SAUERKRAUT—Very little selling. City make in lots worth $5 50@6 per brl and $3 00 3 25 per half-brl.

HOPS—In steady demand and firm; selling from store only at 12c to 15c for N. Y.

SORGHUM—Nominal at 25c per gal for prime.

BROOM CORN—Unchanged. Salable at 2½c for poor to 4½c for choice.

POP-CORN—Steady. Old 2@½c, new 1@½c.

CIDER—Sweet at $4 50@5 00; hard $3 00@ 3 50.

HEMP—Undressed in demand, scarce and stiff, at $85 to $107 50. Other descriptions nominal—Dressed $135@155, hackled tow $70@80, break tow $50@60, shorts $115@130. Sales: 1 bale break tow at $55, 24 bales prime undressed at $100.

BALING STUFF—Bagging scarce and in demand; jobbing on basis of 10½@10½c for 2-lb jute—(small orders 10½@11c). Hemp twine 11 @12c, iron cotton ties at $2 50@2 75.

SACKS—Jute corn bags—2½-bu 11½c, 3-bu 13c; burlaps—2-bu 8½c, 2½-bu 9½c, 3-bu 11c, 4-bu 11c, 5-bu 12c, 6-bu 12½c, cotton seamless 19½@26c, flour—98-lb 8½@9½c, 200-lb 18@ 25c, wool 35@45c

Free of Charge.—All advertisements under the head of "Wanted," not exceeding five lines and not of a business nature, will be inserted free. We propose to make the Post-Dispatch the medium by which the people of St. Louis can supply their various wants. A postal card containing the advertisement mailed in the morning will reach the office in time to secure the appearance of the advertisement the same afternoon.

PERSONAL.

AT GRAY'S news rooms, 308 and 709 Olive street, look for latest papers, books, stationery, etc.

10000 Standard new and old books—Boydell Shakspeare, $150. D. Linahan, 4th and Washington ave. 11

1000 Bill heads, $1 50, business cards $1 per 1,000. Tanner & Bro. 414 N. Third st.

AT Henson's, 502 N. Third street, you can get a pair of Home-made Congress Alexis or English Walking Shoes for $2 50. 14

A. B. PEARSON & CO., Manufacturers of Pearson's Patent Scales and Beams, 409 and 411 Morgan. 7

ACROSTICS written on any name. Apply Cross, this office. 22

A YOUNG GENTLEMAN, in the drug business, would like to correspond with some Christian young lady; object improvement and matrimony, if suited. Address W., Paris, Texas, box 52. 28

BY a young man, head clerk in a dry goods and grocery house in this place, a lady correspondent; object matrimony. Send age and photograph. Address Horace, Newtonia, Newton County, Mo., box 400. 26

BARRED out—mosquitoes and flies—by Isaacs' Mosquito Canopy. Call and get one at Excelsior Building, 1210 Olive street. 30

BY a gentleman of twenty-four, a lady correspondent; object fun and mutual improvement. Address L. F. C., Lawrence, Kas. 26

BY a young merchant doing good business, lady correspondents; object matrimony; send photograph and age. Address, Merchant, Ritchey, Mo., Newton county. 30

BY a young Chicago journalist one or two nice lady correspondents not over twenty; brunettes preferred. Object—"well, who knows?" Address Dave Stuart, Gen'l P. O., Chicago. 31

CAST-OFF clothing bought by calling or addressing M. B. Barnett, 302 Locust street.

DR. J. SMITH, Dentist, 1310 Franklin avenue. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction.

DIVORCE SUITS attended to by J. M. Fulton, Attorney, 505 Chestnut street. 28

GENT 23 years of age wishes correspondence from young, respectable girl; object matrimony. No triflers need apply. Address J. B. Mason, St. Louis P. O. 22

GENTLEMEN, go to 1428 Franklin avenue to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and renovated.

GUINEVERE—Uhrig's, next Friday night; a la belle etoile. Lancelot. 30

GET your Bath and Flesh Brushes of Laitner Bros., No. 8 S. Fifth street. We have the largest assortment of brushes of all kinds in the city, for the least money.

INVENTORS wanting patterns and models, either in wood or metal, with valuable suggestions, should call on D. Strawbridge, 907 North Sixth st.

J. A. SEIBERT has reopened his photo gallery, No. 415 Franklin avenue, between Fourth and Fifth streets, where he is ready to accommodate his friends and the public in general. Pictures guaranted to suit.

JULIA BLACK, formerly of Bond county, Ill., will hear of an old friend by addressing "Greenville," this office. 25

KITCHEN ranges $15 to $40; Baltimore heaters. Dana & Co., 115 and 117 Washington avenue. 7

LADY CORRESPONDENT, aged seventeen to twenty years. Object pleasure and improvement. Ad. Henry Little, P. O. box 203, Carrollton, Mo. 28

LADY correspondent wanted. Object matrimony and fun. Ad. O. G. D., Forney, Tex., Box 35. 10

MONDAY, A. M.—George, meet me Wednesday evening on Fifteenth and Franklin avenue, at 8 o'clock sharp, and oblige a friend. X. Y. X. 29

MORGENS, THE FANCY DYER, 118 North Sixth street, near Pine. 14

MRS. LANKTON, Indian Fortune Teller, 921 N Seventh street (side entrance), St. Louis.

OYSTERS—Fresh from Baltimore, received by express daily, at G. F. Eastman's, Stand 45, Union Market.

PILES cured by Drs. Wortman & Co., 906 Pine st.; no knife or pain; not a cent if not cured. 11

PERSONAL—Chronic and private diseases speedily cured. Dr. H. Schwartz, 521 Pine, bet. 5th & 6th.

PERSONAL—Calf shoes, $3 00, to measure, at Jno. Lottrup's, 614 N. Fourth street. 17

PERSONAL—8 and 9: All right; back gate open, Ida. 31

PERSONAL—Bill-heads from $1 50 to $3 per 1,000, and all printing proportionately low; A. R. Fleming, 305 N. Third st. 8

RETIRED physician, 55 years old (bachelor), desires to correspond with a lady of about 35, with view to an early marriage; must be healthy and robust, have good education and some culture. Ad. Chas. Heidel, Carrollton, Mo. 16

SOBER young gentleman desires to make acquaintance with some lively young lady, her age not to exceed 20. For further particulars ad. A. L., 622 N. Third st 24

THE Great Five Dollar English Walking Shoes for $3 50, warranted sewed. R. Robinson, 718 Olive.

THAT Fountain of Ice Cream Soda that never runs dry is now in full blast at Skinner & Co.'s old stand, 503 North Fourth street.

TRAMP WANTED—A small, young man, long, dark hair, had not been shaved for many weeks, long nails, stoop-shouldered, rolls up his eyes, blinks rapidly, wore blue clothes a third too large, suspenders round his waist, old slouch black hat, worn-out boots; was seen at Montgomery City June 13. Reward paid for information at this office which will lead to his return to friends. 17

UMBRELLAS and Parasols neatly repaired and covered at 920 Washington av. Charges moderate. 22

YOUNG miller and grain dealer would like a lady correspondent, with a view to matrimony. Address Miller, Ritchey, Newton County, Mo. 25

817 MARKET ST.—Call and examine the coal oil and gasoline stove at C. Herboth. 11

WANTED—MALE HELP.

AGENTS everywhere, fastest selling picture published. C. F. Short, 11 N. Seventh. 22

COMPETENT instructor in French by a young man. State terms and address Paphas, this office. 24

CLOTHING salesmen, furnishing goods men, advertisers, cashier, cash boys and porter, apply Friday, August 1, from 9 to 12 a.m., and from 4 to 6 p.m., at room 19, Hotel Barnum. Thomas Mabley. 31

GOOD business man with small capital to act as agent for highlight rope walker for the Fairs. Address or call on J. F. R., 703 Chestnut street. 31

I WANT a young man immediately with $30 capital to run as News Agent on the Wabash Railroad. To right person a steady and paying situation guaranteed. Apply at once. A. Bennett, care Post-Dispatch office, St. Louis, Mo. 30

SAW-MILL man, with good references. Apply to Peter Masson, 2112 Franklin avenue. 26

TWO young men to run in capacity of news agents on fast trains on Wabash Railway; $25 to $50 capital required; both good paying runs. Apply at once with stamp, Bennett & Rosenbaum, Union Depot, care Grand Central Hotel, St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—AGENTS—Every style chromos cheap. Samples and catalogue free. American Art Co., 2102 Olive.

WHITENER wanted—one that can take charge of a shop. He must speak English and German. Inquire at Henry Westlins', 2001 Carondelet ave. 28

YOUNG man, as salesman; one who has some city trade on hand preferred. Address Push, this office. 31

YOUNG men with $25 to $50 capital to run on different railroads in Illinois in the capacity of news agents. Apply with stamp to A. E. Kinney, Decatur, Ill. 15

EDUCATIONAL.

I HAVE A LIFE SCHOLARSHIP on Mound City Business College of St. Louis, which I will sell for one-half its face value. A cheap and thorough education for some young man. Ad. N. Y. H., Box 219, Louisiana, Mo. 24

MOUND CITY Commercial College, 310 and 312 N. 4th street. Est. 1859. T. A. Rice, A. M., LL. B., Pres't. 34

...NTED SITUATIONS—MALES.

...NDSCAPE gardener, familiar with all branches of the profession, desires a situation, would ... very cheap if employed immediately. Address ... 21, this office. 18

A YOUNG man wants a situation as light porter in store or private dwelling; first-class at cleaning stone steps, attending to yards; willing to make himself useful at anything for a livelihood. Address Willing, this office. 21

ANY KIND of copying. Will copy for 1½ cents per 100 words. Address J. C., this office. 21

ANYONE wanting to secure the services of a practical and reliable engineer, capable of taking charge of a first-class situation, can address J. P. C., P. O. box 2,730, or call at Challenge Well Auger Co.'s office, 1000 N. Main street. 31

A YOUTH of eighteen, well recommended, speaking German and English, who can read and write, and willing to work, can take care of horses. No objection going to the country. Address, for one week, C. Fluehr, 3132 Division street, up-stairs. 30

BY an old experienced commercial man, something to do to support self and wife; accept anything; competent, honest and sober. Best city references. Address B. I. C., this office. 21

BOY of fifteen desires a situation in office or commission house. Address, J. W. Overstreet, Union Stock Yards. 26

BY A YOUNG LADY, who can give the best of references from former patrons, a position as governess, either in or near St. Louis. Music a specialty. Address GOVERNESS, Post-Dispatch. 30

BY a young man of experience and ability, a position as book-keeper, hotel clerk or cashier. French spoken. Address, "King," this office. 21

BY ind. young man of 18, situation at anything honest. Ad. Jack Jones, East St. Louis, Ill.

BOY of 15, living with his parents, fairly educated, desires a situation in either office or store, or any light employment. Address D. J. H., this office. 29

BY a boy 18 years old, to work on a farm. 609 Wash street. 31

BY a competent shoe man, who is temperate and willing to work at a moderate price; can speak and write English and German; refs. given. Ad. L. G. E., this office. 24

BOY about 15 wants a situation in a wholesale or commission house; writes a fair hand. Wayland. 28

BY a competent business man of practical experience, a situation as book-keeper, assistant do, or some office work. References A 1. Address E. A. T., 1839 California avenue. 26

COMPETENT male nurse, who is not afraid of yellow fever and highly recommended, speaking several languages, wants a situation as infirmier or assistant in a hospital. Address for one week Physician, 3132 Division street. 26

COMPETENT shoe man, temperate and willing to work at moderate wages, desires a situation. Reference given if required. Address L. G. E., this office. 22

COMPETENT and reliable druggist. Best references, desires position. Address G. L., this office. 22

CITY collector would take accounts, mercantile or professional, at fair percentage; reference or security given. Address O. K., this office. 23

EXPERIENCED packer in a book and sta. house wants a sit.; has had charge of packing department in a large house for many years; is familiar with all that pertains to packing and shipping goods; can fur. best ref. Address B. B., this office. 22

GENTLEMAN having had years of practical experience wishes a situation with some wholesale house, flour and grain or grocery preferred. No dealers in alcoholic liquors need address Edwin, this office. 23

IN a book and stationery house, a sit. by a man of large experience in country jobbing trade; is thoroughly posted in city, and can influence trade; can fur. good reference. Address Books, this office.

OCCUPATION by a young, active willing man. Wages no object. John, this office. 29

POSITION by an industrious young man in a grocery store; best city reference given. Address John, this office. 21

PENMAN desires work; terms moderate. Ad. M. A. George, Bakery, 301 South Fourth street. 1

RIVER clerk desires a berth on some steamer; no objection to shipping South. Ad. C.C.B., th. off.

SITUATION by a young man as porter in some business house or hotel; will also do the house and sign painting for the establishment. Wages moderate. Please address Experience, this office.

SITUATION by journeyman plaster from up the country. Address Geo. A. Clark, care R. S. Kelly, 404 N. Fifth. 26

SITUATION as salesman for a wholesale grocery or liquor house by a man of experience and large acquaintance. Can give satisfactory reference. Address H. A., room 30, St. James Hotel. 26

SITUATION by a young man and wife, to take charge of a small farm. Address E. F. Davis, this office. 21

SITUATION in a wholesale house or office by an experienced young man, first-class references. Address Crawford, southwest corner Thirteenth and O'Fallon. 25

SITUATION WANTED by a man who is temperate and willing to work. Can speak English and German. Address E. M., this office. 31

SITUATION wanted to run steam engine. Fifteen years' experience at the business. Ad. J.W., this office. 28

SITUATION by young man that understands care and driving horses; willing to milk and make himself useful about the house. Address C., Clifton Post-office. 22

SITUATION by a No. 1 box-nailer and slack cooper. Address T. W. B., this office. 25

SITUATION as barkeeper by a reliable, temperate man in hotel or first-class saloon. Ad. J.E.C., this office. 1

SITUATION as teacher, by a gentleman of experience, competent to teach English Literature, Latin, higher Mathematics, and kindred branches. Teacher, this office.

SITUATION in a wholesale house or office by a young man of experience. First-class reference given. Address "Crawford," southwest corner Thirteenth and O'Fallon streets.

SITUATION by middle-aged man, in some wholesale drug house; has previously had some twelve years' experience. References can be given. Jos. R. Backenstose, 1523 Broadway. 19

SITUATION for a boy who has best of references; accustomed to be errand and cash-boy. Apply to Mrs. Joyce, 1120 Olive street. 30

SITUATION as salesman, either country or city; fair salary expected; best of city reference, and can loan employer, if required, money. Address for three days, this office, A. Z., 22. 30

SITUATION by a competent salesman or shipping-clerk and porter in a wholesale grocery; acquainted in Kansas, Nebraska and Colorado. Best of references given. Address H., this office. 29

SITUATION—By a young man from Memphis, as salesman in a retail, or stock-keeper in a wholesale, dry goods business; has made hosiery, notions and gents' furnishing goods a specialty for twenty years. Can furnish No. 1 references. Address Hosiery, at this office. 30

SITUATION by a young man not afraid of work; has sold goods in general stock for three years. Best city references. Address JAK., 3125 Vineyard street. 28

SITUATION as shipping clerk or any kind of office work in a wholesale house by a young man who is thoroughly competent. Is salesman also. Address Leonidas, Post-Dispatch. 28

SITUATION as salesman in a wholesale or retail dry goods, notion or gents' furnishing house. Could do office work also, if required. Address N. O., Post-Dispatch. 28

SITUATION to travel on commission for some grocery or hardware house. Am thoroughly acquainted in the West. Address "Drummer," Post-Disp7tch office. 28

SITUATION by a young man, with a good house, as a traveling salesman in the State of Texas; good references given. Ad. Gus., Lock Box No. 84, Terrell, Kaufmann county, Texas. 24.

SITUATION—As assistant bookkeeper, shipping clerk or to do writing of any kind; a good marker: will work cheap. Address R. M. K., this office. 29

SITUATION, by a Swede, as coachman and gardener. Address Coachman, this office. 24

SITUATION wanted—A young man, good accountant, English and German, would like to keep books for some small business or factory; also a bill clerk. Ad. A. B., this office. 22

TO LAWYERS—A collector acquainted with whole city would make arrangements with some law firm. Address O. K., this office. 22

WORK—By a young man who has had several years' experience in a wholesale dry goods store as bill clerk and stock man. Writes well. Will be happy to obtain any kind of work; am willing to work for my board; must work to eat. Address J. C., this office. 21

WORK of any kind by a young man of 28. Rapid writer, good business experience; seven years in retail drug business; A 1 city references. Address H. P. F., this office. 29

YOUNG man (Israelite) 25 years of age, speaking and writing English and German, good penman and salesman, would like to get some work at $5 a week. Best references. Address "Pushed," office of this paper. 21

YOUNG man desires a situation to do light store work or travel with a gentleman. References exchanged. Geo. Thompson, care grocery Fifth and Myrtle. 1

YOUNG gentleman largely experienced in banking, desires a position of any kind that is honorable. Address I. G. B., this office.

WANTED SITUATIONS—FEMALES.

A YOUNG GIRL wants a place to do housework and care for children. Address M. R., this office. 22

ALL KINDS of sewing neatly done. Children's dresses, 15 cents; chemises, 25 cents; nicely trimmed dresses, 30 cents. Apply to Mrs. Joyce, 1120 Olive street. 30

BY an intelligent young lady, a position as governess in a widower's family; can teach English branches, music and fancy work; prefer leaving the city. Address L. C., this office. 23

BY a respectable girl, a place in a private family to work morning, night and Saturday for board, clothes and school; small town preferred. Address M. E. Warne, Hematite, Mo. 29

INDUSTRIOUS young woman wants employment for four or five hours each day, or would take charge of a child at home. Call or ad. Mrs. Whiten, No. 2611 West Eighteenth street. 28

LADY who understands cutting and making all kinds of children's dresses and underwear would like to take it home on reasonable terms; best of references. Address Dressmaker, this office. 25

MUSIC TEACHER would like a few pupils at 25c a lesson. Can give first-class ref. Call at 1129 Locust street. 28

POSITION as private secretary by a lady fully competent. Highest reference given. Address Miss E., this office. 24

SITUATION as wet nurse by a healthy, respectable young woman. Address M. A. M., this office.

YOUNG lady wishes a situation to teach English and music—one or both—either in school or as governess; references good. Address Miss A. B. C., Waco, Texas. 23

PROFESSIONAL.

CANCER cured without the use of knife or pain. Call at No. 14 N. Eighth street, St. Louis, Mo.

DR. MAGUIRE'S Dispensary, 314 Vine street. All diseases treated and cured. 28

BOARDING.

COUNTRY BOARD—High, healthy, well shaded; twenty-two miles from St. Louis on O. and M. R. R. Address Bishop House, Lebanon, Ill.

WIDOW LADY of respectability, to board and care for a boy ten years old, for a reasonable compensation. Address W. G., 2726 Penrose st.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

2 SHIRT MAKERS on W. & W. Machine. Freeman's, 611 N. Eighth street. 24

A FEW LADY CANVASSERS on part salary and commission. American Sewing-machine Co., No. 10 North Sixth street.

COOK, wash and iron at No. 6 South Twenty-first street. 30

GOOD German girl for general housework. Apply at 1548 Chouteau avenue; refs. req. 26

GIRL for general housework wanted at No. 2706 Chestnut st. 38

GOOD female cook can get employment at Roodhouse, Ill. Wages good and expenses paid. Address Sroft, care Post-Dispatch.

NEAT girl to assist in plain sewing. Wages $3 per week. Send address to Mrs. A., this office. 1

SECOND COOK wanted at 521 Chestnut street. 30

SHIRT FINISHERS wanted at Freeman's 611 N Eighth street. 24

WANTED immediately—A number of young ladies and gentlemen who have never been on the stage and who desire to take it as a profession to take positions in a traveling dramatic company. Address J. B. Thorp, Jr., New York.

FOR RENT.

914 AND 916 GARRISON AVENUE—Three-story stone fronts, first-class, with all improvements. Rent low to prompt tenants. E. S. WARNER & CO., 205 N. Eighth Street. 30

1006 PINE, nicely furnished front room, second floor; bath privileges. 24

1120 Olive street—Parlor for rent, furnished or unfurnished. Hall room $5 per month.

1221 PINE STREET—Handsomely furnished front and back rooms, with the use of bath.

1410 OLIVE—Two handsomely furnished second-story rooms, southern exposure. 24

1500 OLIVE—Elegantly furnished, airy front rooms from $8 to $20.

1500 OLIVE, elegantly furnished, airy rooms, en suite or single; very desirable.

1500 OLIVE—Elegantly furnished, airy, front rooms, en suite or single. Reasonable prices. 19

1501 Chestnut street. Suite of furnished or unfurnished rooms in private family. References exchanged. 24

1504 PINE—Furnished or unfurnished rooms, single or en suite.

1707 OLIVE—Nicely furnished 2d and 3d story front and back rooms, with board; so. ex.; day boarders accom. 30

1825 OLIVE ST.—Rooms fur. and unfur., single or en suite, with board; also, day board. 12

1825 OLIVE ST., rooms single or en suite; southern exposure; furnished or unfurnished; with board. 19

1827 OLIVE ST.—Desirable furnished rooms, with or without board; reference required. 26

FINELY furnished rooms with board, single or together, 1344 Garrison ave. 22

FURNISHED ROOM for rent, at 1902 Franklin ave. 21

FURNISHED room with board to two gentlemen, 1020 N. Nineteenth street, between Wash and Carr streets. 25

LARGE handsomely furnished rooms, 1502 Washington ave., S. and N. exposure. 23

NICE second story front room, neatly furnished, 824 Morgan street. 26

NICELY furnished front rooms, with board, southern exposure. Reference required. No. 1831 Olive street. 31

ONE furnished room; nice house; two persons in family; use of bath; no questions. 1708 Wash street. 24

THREE rooms and bath room, N., S. and E. exposure, pleasantly furnished for light housekeeping, for young couple without children, from August 1 to October 1; terms reasonable. Apply 2736 Penrose st. 23

TWO rooms for rent on second floor, single or en suite, near Stoddard School and Washington avenue. Furnished or unfurnished, newly whitened and papered and good attendance. Reference exchanged. Address M. G., this office. 29

TWO handsomely furnished rooms, single or en suite, with or without board, bath and gas and all conveniences, and one small single. Call 3010 Olive street.

THE desirable and commodious dwelling, No. 2812 Locust street. Apply to T. S. Rutherford, 219 North Eighth street. 24

TWO adjoining second story rooms, unfurnished, 804 S. Eighth, near Gratiot street. 22

WELL furnished second story front room in small private family, 203 N. Twelfth street. 22

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

A GOOD FARM, close to the city, will be sold at a bargain. Call at 2726 Clark avenue. 31

AN IMPROVED, 200-acre farm, within two miles of a railroad town, in Eastern Kansas; healthy location; clear title; unincumbered; 200 bearing fruit trees; two-story frame house; price $3,000; terms to suit, or will exchange for merchandise or business. Address M. Milo, Omaha, Neb. 17

FOR sale or exchange, 340 acres unimproved land in Jefferson county, Mo., 47 miles from St. Louis, near Vineland station, on Iron Mountain Railroad; will sell cheap, or trade for city property and pay some cash. A. Mittelberg, No. 8, N. 7th street.

FOR sale or exchange for city property—A fine 40 acre farm, situated on Iron Mountain Railroad, 30 miles from city; has a good house, stable, outhouses, fine orchard, vineyard, never failing spring; for full particulars call or address J. Armand, 2628 Mills street. 23

FOR SALE.—$5,000 will buy 500 acres of first-class farm land, all under fence, with 430 acres of it in cultivation, soil deep black, sandy. Four good frame houses on it; one of them has four rooms and three of them two rooms each. Plenty of good water and as fine grass for stock range as in the State. Address, F. W. Abney, Abney's Farm, Denton County, Texas.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—1,100 acres, stock and grain farm, situated on the waters of Hickory Creek, in Denton county, Texas. The above is well improved, and has 500 acres in a high state of cultivation. Has five tenant houses, a good barn, residence of eight rooms, plenty of good water and an extensive stock range. With the farm are 300 head of improved cattle and sheep. The whole or half the above would be sold to one who would aid in the general management of stock or farm. Address T. W. Abney, Abney's farm, Denton county, Texas. 23

SUBURBAN home; the nicest in Central Missouri, 80 acres, grand improvements, grounds and trees; three hours run from St. Louis. Price $7,000. Address L. A. Thompson, Montgomery City, Mo.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

ALL KINDS OF OFFICE DESKS FOR SALE cheap; desks, store and office fixtures made to order. F. BOLLHAGEN, 711 Pine st. 1

FOR SALE—One of the best stands on Franklin avenue for dry goods, millinery or clothing. Address B. N., this office. 25

HANDSOME bedroom set, also 2 sets of French gold-band china, also a Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine, cheap for cash. Call at 1416 Chestnut street. 21

PEACHES—Peaches received daily at David Humphrey's, 712 Broadway. 22

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

A SILVER watch, Howard or Waltham make, new or nearly so; must be a bargain; cash. Address card to R. L. B., East St. Louis, Ill. 26

A FEW pupils wanted for piano by a lady of skill and patience; $12 per quarter. Address Piano, 1905 O'Fallon. 29

BY gentleman and wife, two partly furnished rooms; private family preferred. C. A., this office. 22

FURNISHED room in a private family where there are neither children nor dogs, and absolute quiet prevails. Address, stating location and terms, R. B., this office. 26

FIFTY torches wanted at Coulterville, Ill., Elliott House; state lowest price. 26

FURNISHED ROOM WANTED—By single gent (with or without board) where there are no other boarders. N. Q. 29

GIRL wants family mending and plain sewing by hand to take home. Address Miss Wells, 914 Morgan street. 23

MAN AND WIFE want to rent the lower half of a six or seven-room house located west of Fourteenth and between Washington avenue and Cass avenue. Would join party without children in renting house. Address Hill, this office. 30

ORGAN, second hand, wanted for Sunday school. Will answer if organ and price suits. Mrs. Calhoun, Huntsville, Mo. 24

PIANO pupils by a competent lady teacher; will come to their homes; terms moderate. Address Music, 1905 O'Fallon. 22

PURCHASER for a first-class hotel with twenty rooms and having a good patronage. For terms, etc., apply to George Phipps, Glasgow, Mo. 28

PAINTER as partner with small capital. No humbug. Direct Ph. F. Schireck, East St. Louis P. O. 29

SECOND-HAND saw-mill of 40 horse power. Apply to Peter Masson, 2112 Franklin avenue. 26

SUBURBS.—A gentleman wants board in Webster or other suburb, within easy reach of city, in a family where he can enjoy the comforts of home; must be reasonable. References. Address, giving particulars, F. J. S., Polytechnic Building. 29

SUITE of three rooms, unfurnished, by gent and wife between Tenth and Twentieth, Market and Morgan streets; second floor; want cheap, large and airy. Address A. L. Williams, 801 N. Sixteenth street, city. 22

TO BUY a nice set of bed-room furniture low down. Chamber, this office. 30

TO buy a light single Surrey or Park phaeton, cheap for cash. Address Buggy, this office. 29

WANTED—To buy the outfit of a six-room house. Address U. S. P., this office. 26

WANTED—Within thirty days, two unfurnished rooms with board in private family where there are no other boarders. Address, stating terms, W. E. F., this office. 25

WANTED — AGENTS —Every style Chromos cheap. Samples catalogue free. American Art Co., 2102 Olive.

STORAGE.

BEST storage for furniture in the city. Dry, clean and cheap. Loans made Office 514 Pine st.

ALL SORTS.

LIBERAL premium paid for 1851 and 1852 U. S. half dollars. Send stamp for list of American coins wanted by E. F. Gambs, 621 S. Fifth st. 1

LIGHTNING Steam Laundry, 304 N. Seventh. Satisfaction guaranteed. Call and see us.

PATTERNS AND MODELS OF wood and metal; patterns for malleable iron a specialty, at A. WIMMER'S, No. 7 N. Third st.

SKINNER & CO.'S Oakes' Candy, Ice Cream and Ice Cream Soda, known by everybody to be the best, can now be had at their old stand, 503 North Fourth street.

WM. N. TIVY, successor to Tivy & Purcell, 424 N. Second street, has choice dairy and creamery butter always on hand. 16

W. P. OSBOURN, practical taxidermist, 315 North Fifth street, St. Louis.

LOTTERIES.

Louisiana, Missouri & Havana Lotteries.

Tickets for sale and sealed circulars sent by addressing E. KAUB & CO., 417 Walnut street, St. Louis, Mo.

ESTABLISHED 1865. General Agency of the Missouri, Louisiana, Havana, Kentucky, Commonwealth and all German Lotteries.

Tickets for sale, sealed circulars sent, and all information given by applying to HENRY LEHNDORF, No. 110 SOUTH FOURTH STREET, St. Louis, Mo.

Kentucky State Lottery, $15,000 for $1.

DRAWS on the 15th and 31st of every month. Authorized Western Agency, where tickets are sold and prizes cashed. HENRY LEHNDORF, 110 South Fourth Street.

REAL ESTATE.

M. A. WOLFF.......W. A. MEAGHER

M. A. WOLFF & CO., Real Estate Agents, Notaries Public AND CONVEYANCERS.

Rent collections a specialty, and liberal advances made on same.

OFFICE.......211 N. SIXTH ST

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CAVENDER & ROWSE, House & Real Estate Agents,

NOTARIES PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCERS Loans negotiated on Real Estate. Special attention paid to Collection of Rents and care of Property. No. 800 Olive Street. - ST. LOUIS, MO.

E. G. OBEAR, REAL ESTATE AGENT, Auctioneer, Notary Public & Conveyancer. 310 North Sixth Street, - - - St. Louis

LOANS NEGOTIATED ON REAL ESTATE.

FINANCIAL.

L. A. COQUARD, BANKER AND BROKER, 124 NORTH THIRD STREET, ST. LOUIS.

DEALER IN Government, State, City and County Bonds, United States Land Warrants and Texas Land Scrip. ☞ Correspondence Solicited.



(Cut is not near full size.)

This is an elegant Pocket-Book of a new design, made of Russia leather and handsomely finished with nickel plated mountings and clasps. It is arranged with pockets suitable for either silver, scrip or bills, and has a beautiful silk handle with tassels attached. They are equal to pocket-books sold in the stores for $1.25 to $1.50, and yet we send one by mail post-paid as a premium to any one sending five subscribers to Farm and Fireside at 50 cents a year. We are confident that our lady readers will be delighted with this new premium, and are sure that a more acceptable present could not be found.

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It is only because they are manufactured in large quantities especially for us that we can afford them at such a low price.

FARM and FIRESIDE is the most popular Agricultural and Home Journal in the U. S. It is suited to the home circle in city, town or country, and is a welcome visitor in every household. Farm and Fireside is published twice a month, it contains 8 large pages, and the circulation is so large that we can afford to publish it at 50 cents a year, although each copy contains as much reading matter as most journals costing $2 to $4 per year.

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ADDRESS ALL LETTERS plainly to PUBLISHERS of FARM and FIRESIDE, Springfield, Ohio.

LEVISON & BLYTHE, Blank Books, PAPER AND STATIONERY Of Every Description. 219 OLIVE STREET.

ESTABLISHED 1842. The Collection Office JOSEPH LATHROP & CO. 411 North Third Street, ST. LOUIS.

Rooms 3 and 5 over Continental Bank. Collections made at all points.

FOR SALE, LEASE OR RENT! Near the improvements being made for WILLIAM BARR & CO. THE PREMISES 620 LOCUST STREET

Will be SOLD on accommodating terms; $11,000 can remain for a long time at low interest; or LEASED for a term of years with privilege of making alterations; or will be RENTED temporarily while the adjoining premises are being erected. Apply to E. G. OBEAR, Real Estate Agent, 310 N. Sixth street.

DR. WHITTIER 617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer engaged in the special treatment of all Venereal, Sexual and Chronic Diseases than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show, and all old residents know; patients everywhere. Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, or Rupture, all Urinary Diseases and Syphilitic or mercurial affections of the throat, skin or bones, are treated with unparalleled success, on latest scientific principles. Speedily, privately, with entirely safe medicines. Spermatorrhœa, Sexual Debility and Impotency, as the result of Self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or other causes, and which produce some of the following effects: nervousness, seminal emissions, debility, dimness of sight, defective memory, pimples on the face, physical decay, aversion to society of females, confusion of ideas, loss of sexual power, etc., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, are permanently cured. Confidential. A friendly talk or his opinion costs nothing. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent by mail or express everywhere. Curable cases guaranteed, where doubt exists it is frankly stated. Hours: 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 1 P. M. Pamphlet for Men, 1 Stamp; for Women, 1 Stamp; German for both, 2 Stamps.

MARRIAGE GUIDE. 260 PAGES. FINE PLATES. Elegant cloth and gilt binding. Sealed for 50c. in postage or currency. Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; articles on the following subjects: Who may marry, who not, why. Proper age to marry. Who marry first, Manhood, Womanhood, Physical decay. The effects of celibacy and excess. How life and happiness may be increased, and many more. It ought to be read by all adult persons, then kept under lock and key. Popular edition, same, but paper cover, 200 pages, 25 cts. by mail, in money or postage. Cheapest good guide in America. Read it.

[From the Missouri Democrat Aug. 15, 1865.]

SOMETHING PRACTICAL.—Dr. Whittier, No. 617 St. Charles street, having made private and chronic diseases the study of his life, has, regardless of expense, fitted up an establishment occupying a whole house, in which may be found consultation, waiting and office rooms; also an extensive laboratory and the purest drugs. The Doctor has been longer engaged here than any other so advertising, as the back files of our paper show.

[From the Missouri Republican, 1869.]

If experience, permanency of location, or facilities for curing disease are matters of importance, invalids should consult Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles street, whose practice is confined to special diseases.

PRIVATE matters cured safely, speedily, advice free; no matter who have failed; no fee until benefit, at old office, 705 Chestnut. Dr. Jacques, 9 to 7.

Fabricio D'Ultra e Silva, BAHIA, Brazil, Receive consignments of all kinds.

LEMONS! LEMONS! THE BEST FRUIT AND LOWEST PRICES AT 214 N. COMMERCIAL ST. GEO. W. WOODWORTH, Supt.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—On the 29th instant a gold locket; had place for four likenesses; had two in; any one finding it, and returning it to 107 North Sixth street, will be rewarded. 30

LOST—$5 REWARD—A small stone locket, with monogram, E. F. W. Any one returning same to 314 North Main street will receive the above reward. 22

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

STATE SAVINGS ASSOCIATION, ST. LOUIS, MO., July 31, 1879.—The Board of Directors have declared a semi-annual dividend of seven (7) per cent out of the earnings of past six months, payable on demand. JNO. H. McCLUNEY, Cashier.

LEGAL.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Dorothea B... ner, a widow, Prosper Otto and Henrietta O... his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated July ... 1876, and recorded in the Recorder's office for ... City of St. Louis, in Book 547, page 445, convey... the undersigned Trustee the following described ... estate, situate in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, ... wit: A certain lot of ground fronting fifty feet ... north line of Estella street by a depth of 100 f... bounded east by Adolph or Twentieth street, ... by Walnut or Estella street, north by a line ... to and 100 feet north of Estella street and west b... line 50 feet west of Adolph or Twentieth street, a... being in Adolph Paul's subdivision of the easte... portion of lot 1, series 2, Chouteau Mill tract, now ... City Block 1,697, which said conveyance to the ... dersigned was made in trust to secure the paymen... certain promissory notes in said deed described, ... whereas, default has been made in the payment of ... principal note and last interest note. Now, th... fore, at the request of the legal holder of said no... and by virtue and in pursuance of the provisions c... tained in said deed of trust, I will, on TUESDAY, THE 25TH DAY OF AUGUST, 187... between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'cl... p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Cou... house, in the city of St. Louis, proceed to sell sai... real estate at public vendue to the highest bidde... for cash, to satisfy said notes and interest and th... expenses of this trust.
AUGUSTUS W. STRAUB, Trustee.
242

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Benjamin G... Badger and Sophia F., his wife, by their deed o... trust dated July 13th, 1876, and recorded in Boo... 552, page 306, and also in Book 558, page 110, o... the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the county... now city of St. Louis, Missouri, conveyed to the un... dersigned Trustee the following de... scribed real estate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: A certain lot of ground in what is known as Joseph S. Hall's subdivision, near the Fair Grounds, in said city of St. Louis, and in block number three (No. 3) of said subdivision, beginning at a point in the south line of Moore street, one hundred feet (100 ft.) eastwardly from Bryan avenue, thence southwardly and parallel with Bryan avenue one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet to an alley ten (10) feet wide; thence eastwardly and parallel with Moore street twenty-five (25) feet; thence northwardly and parallel with Bryan avenue one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet to Moore street; thence westwardly along the south line of Moore street twenty-five (25) feet to the place of beginning, and being the same property acquired by said Badger of Henry Berry by deed recorded in book 532, page 326, of the St. Louis county (now city) records, which said conveyance being made in trust to secure payment of certain promissory notes in said deed described, and whereas, default has been made in the payment of some of said notes, and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I, the undersigned trustee, will offer said re... estate for sale at public vendue to the highest ... der, for cash, at the eastern front door of the Cou... house, in said city of St. Louis, Mo., on SATURDAY, THE 2D DAY OF AUGUST, A.D. 1879, between the hours of 8 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon for purposes of said trust.
B. M. MILLION, Trustee.
July 21, 1879.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, William B. Hasel... tine and Sallie E., his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the 12th day of April, 1878, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis in Deed Book 592, page 62, conveyed to the undersigned, Ephraim G. Obear, trustee, all their right, title, interest and estate in and to the following described real estate situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, viz.: ... at a point in the north line of Pine stre... eastwardly seventy-seven (77) feet and s... from the intersection of the said north ... street with the east line of Leffingwell a... east along the said north line of Pine ... seven (77) feet six (6) inches to a point, ... and parallel with said east line of Leffingwe... one hundred and thirty-one (131) feet to an alley ... teen (15) feet wide; thence west along the south lin... of said alley seventy-seven (77) feet six (6) inches to a point; thence south and parallel with the eastern line of said lot one hundred and thirty-one (131) feet to the place of beginning, being lots numbered fourteen (14), fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), and a portion of lot seventeen (17) of block twenty-one (21) of Stoddard Addition (alias city block No. 986), together with all improvements thereon; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of seven certain promissory notes in said deed de... scribed, and whereas, the twelve month inter... note has become due and is unpaid, now therefore in accordance with the provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I will proceed to sell the above described real estate at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State aforesaid, to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, on THURSDAY, THE TWENTY-EIGHTH DAY OF AUGUST, 1879, between the hours of 9 in the forenoon and 5 in the afternoon of that day, to satisfy said notes in said deed of trust described, together with the cost and expense of executing this trust.
EPHRAIM G. OBEAR, Trustee.
251

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Default having been made in the payment when due of one of the notes secured by that certain deed of trust executed by Jos. Hirn... to John Grether, trustee, dated August 14, 1877, and recorded in book No. ..., page 556, in the Recorder's office in the city of St. Louis, and said Grether having refused to act as trustee in said dee... and the undersigned having been, by the Circu... Court in and for the city of St. Louis, appointed successor in such trust, with directions to execute th... same; now at the request of the holder of ... note, public notice is hereby given that I will, as ... trustee, so appointed, sell at public vendue, for ... to the highest bidder, at the east front door ... Court-house, in said city of St. Louis, betwe... hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., ... SATURDAY, AUGUST 23D, 1879, the real estate in said deed of trust described, ... ly, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, ... dred and forty-nine (1149) of said city, and be... four and five (4 and 5) of subdivision made ... heirs of Victor Habb, said lots numbered f... five having together a front of ninety-eight ... the west line of Bellefontaine Road by a ... the northern line of lot No. five (5) ... and eighty-nine feet (189) and on the ... of lot four (4) of two hundred and nine... north by lot six, east by Bellefontaine ... by property now or late of Floyd, excepting ... serving so much of said lots as heretofore ... taken in the opening of Branch street.
PRESTON PLAYER, Trustee.
254

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, ... ough, Trustee of Emma M. Da... Daly, and, as such, acting by her writ... and request, did jointly with the said Em... and the said A. M. Daly, by a certain deed of ... dated October 25, A. D. 1877, and recorded November 22, A. D. 1877, in book No. 579, page 428, of the office of the Recorder of Deeds, in and for the city of St. Louis, Missouri, convey to the undersigned Trustee the following described real estate, situated in said City ... St. Louis, to-wit: A lot of ground in block No. 131 of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, ... taining a front of ... on the east line of Se... street, and running ... by a depth of ... feet 6 inches, more ... of Alber. T... and John E. Gleim, bein... of David C. Gamble in part, and ... easterly by ground now, or late, of Albert ... John E. Gleim, and south in part by land ... and Dickson, and, in part, by land of ... Fleming; the south line of said lot being ... feet north of the north line of Market ... said conveyance was made to the unders... to secure the payment of cer... isory notes in said deed ... And, whereas, default has be... in payment of one of said notes; now th... the written request of the legal holder and ... said note, and in accordance with the provisions ... trust, I, the undersigned Trustee, will, on THE 25TH DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. ... between the hours of eight o'clock a. m. ... o'clock p. m. of said day, at the eastern fr... of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, Missouri, offer for sale the above described ... at public vendue to the highest bidder for ... the purposes of said trust.
BRAINARD M. MILLION, Trustee.
St. Louis, August 1, 1879. 258

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Herbert L. For... (single) by his certain deed of trust, dated January 26th, 1876, recorded in Recorder's office of St. Louis city and county, in book 536, page 465, conveyed to the undersigned certain real estate therein described in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes therein described, and, it being provided in said deed of trust that each note therein described should be secured upon a separate lot of said ground; and, whereas, notes numbered number one to number twenty are past due and remain unpaid; now, therefore, at request of legal holder of said notes, I will offer for sale at public auction, for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house, in city of St. Louis, Missouri, on FRIDAY, AUGUST 8TH, 1879, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m. of that day, the following lots or parcels of ground, viz.: Lots number 43, 42, 41, 40, 39, 38, 37, 36, 25, 24, 21, 20, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2; all in block number three, Page avenue subdivision, as appears on plat of said subdivision now on file in Recorder's office, and as described in said deed of trust, to satisfy said notes and costs.
HENRY M. NOEL, Trustee.
233

LOUIS C. BOHLE'S LIVERY AND BOARDING STABLE... The finest Carriages in the City furnished at lo... prices than any other stable.

Party calls.......$3 00 Theater calls.......$3 00
Calling, 1st hour.......$1 50, all succeeding h'rs $1 00
Carriages to funerals.......$4 00
Hearse.......$8 00

To any of the cemeteries. Special attention given to funerals. Having secured the services of a first-class Undertaker, who has had fifteen years' experience in the business, I have opened an Undertaker establishment in connection with my stables, and am prepared to furnish Funerals at low prices, and furnish the best quality of goods.

Large Sizes. Im. Rosewood, Glass-face Coffins.......$15 00; Im. Rosewood Caskets....... 25 00; Common Coffins.......$8 00 to 10 00

And small size Coffins and Caskets at prices in proportion. Metallic Cases and Coffins on hand at low prices. Also a full supply of all articles appertaining to funerals. ☞ Call and examine for yourselves.

LOUIS C. BOHLE, St. Louis Stables, 610 and 612 N. Eleventh st. Globe Stables, 410 and 412 North Sixth Street.

NO MORE RHEUMATISM OR GOUT ACUTE OR CHRONIC SALICYLICA SURE CURE.

Manufactured only under the above trade mark by the European Salicylic Medicine Company, of Pa... and Leipzig. Immediate relief warranted. Permanent c... guaranteed. Now exclusively used by all celebr... physicians of Europe and America, becoming a st... harmless and reliable remed... The highest medical academy ... cures out of one hundred cas... —the only dissolver of the p... exists in the blood of rheu... One dollar a box, six ... address on receipt of ... Sold by all druggists. WA... Only Importers' De...

MUTUAL F... MISSOURI STATE ... ance Company, ... DIRECTORS—W. A. ... Smith, S. M. Edgell, ... B. W. Alexander, C. S... F. B. HOMES, Secret... Office: Chamber of Co... 128. Entrance from Che... ken only in the City and Co...

TAMAR... (Universally... ulty).—A Laxativ... icated Fruit Lo... relief and effec... Headache, Bilio... ar (unlike pills ... is agreeable to ... irritation. ... lau, Paris. Sold by all ... & CO., 30 North Willia...

[F]LEISCHMANN'S

H. FRIEDLANDER, Prop.,

[V]ienna Model Cafe and Restaurant,

217 N. FIFTH STREET.

In addition to the departments already familiar to the public, we have added a Restaurant, complete in all of its details, where Ladies, with or without their escorts, will be served with meals satisfactory in every particular.

SHOES

BEST ASSORTMENT

IN ST. LOUIS.

MOUND CITY.

411 NORTH FOURTH ST.

GEO. N. LYNCH,

UNDERTAKER!

Removed to

1008 Olive Street.

Lehigh Valley Anthracite,

Big Muddy, Basin Block

And Illinois COALS.

[L]EWIS P. HARVEY & CO.,

311 OLIVE STREET.

LOCAL NEWS.

FINE OLD HAND-MADE SOUR MASH WHISKIES, from one to eight years old, from the celebrated Anderson & Crow distilleries, for sale by gallon or cask, at James Lupe's, 322 Olive.

DR. WHITTIER, all private matters, hours 8 [ti]ll 8 p. m., as for 25 years past, cures [...] diseases, impediments to marriage, [ch]arges moderate. Advice free. Call or [...]

[...] F. L. MARSHALL is the duly authorized traveling agent of the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, and is authorized to canvass for the paper outside of St. Louis.

Mulford & M'Kenzie, brokers, sell R.R. Tickets to all points at reduced rates, 512 Chestnut.

DR. G. F. BEATTY,

208 North Eighth street, rooms Nos. 1, 2 and 3 first floor. Office practice a specialty. Particular attention given to chronic and nervous diseases, female troubles and minor surgery. Medicines furnished. Hours, 9 to 4 and 6 to 8.

DR. E. C. CHASE,

Dentist.

NO. 922 OLIVE STREET (CORNER TENTH).

Rooms all on first floor.

A full upper set of best teeth	$8 00
Gold fillings	2 00
Silver fillings	1 00
Teeth extracted, with or without gas	50

All work guaranteed to give satisfaction.

MR. W. C. STEIGERS is the only authorized advertising agent of the POST-DISPATCH in St. Louis. All contracts made by him will by recognized as if made in the office.

SHE has the Complexion of a peach. Pozzoni's Face Powder did it.

ABOUT TOWN.

[B]URN Eupion Oil.

[A PI]CNIC will be given at Bamberger's Grove, [...] 10 by the Spanish society La Union.

[...]stoms collections for the month of [...] reported by Col. St. Gem are $219,-[...]25 41.

EVERYBODY sells Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic.

[TH]E Board of Health met yesterday and issu[ed ...] the abatement of several small [...]

[N]O accidents can occur from Eupion Oil.

THE price of tickets to New York, to-day, is written down on all the bulletin boards of scalpers, $9.

EVERYBODY knows Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic.

COMMANDER POTTER, assisted by Dr. Draper, will begin [...]mination of naval re-[...]

[...] office of the Vehicle Inspector was [abol]ished yesterday, and his duties transferred [to the C]ity Collector.

[...] Oil is the best family oil.

[...] fifteen clerks in the Assessor's office [...] allowed a vacation of a couple weeks [...] the present month.

[REED]'s Gilt Edge Tonic is used by all.

[SEV]ERAL ladies of the Fresh Air Mission, ac[com]panied by a Sergeant of the police, visited [the] poor in the Third District yesterday.

[A]SK your grocer for Eupion Oil.

MRS. MATILDA LOCK, a widow, her mother and two children, reside at 933 North Seventh street, and are in destitute circumstances.

REED'S Gilt Edge Tonic tones the system.

THE firemen of No. 6 turned their hose into the alleys in the vicinity of their engine house, yesterday, and gave them a thorough washing.

EUPION Oil does not crust the wick.

ON account of the crowded condition of the Work-house, fifty-four male and forty-seven female prisoners were pardoned out yesterday.

DRUGGISTS all sell Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic.

A NEGRO burglar was discovered in Bishop Ryan's residence last night, and while the police were searching for him he jumped from the second-story window and made his escape. Nothing was stolen.

EUPION Oil insures the safety of the family.

BERNARD KALLENER, a nine-year-old lad who resides with his parents at No. 2641 Gravois Road, lost the ends of two of the fingers of his right hand while experimenting with a hay-cutter yesterday afternoon.

GROCERS all sell Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic.

THE sum of $48,550 50 was collected during the month of August by General John D. Stevenson, Assessor and Collector of Water Rates, for water licences. The increase over the corresponding month of last year is $7,037 55.

EUPION Oil gives a brilliant light.

MR. CARL UNGAR, for several years a reporter for the Westliche Post, has laid aside the quill, and is now an insurance agent. The companies he represents are the Travelers' Life and Accident Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.

EUPION Oil is absolutely non-explosive.

A RESOLUTION authorizing the appointment of a committee to ascertain whether funds of the city had been used by officials of the Insane Asylum to supply the grand jury with liquor during their recent visit to that institution was indefinitely postponed by the House of Delegates last night.

EUPION Oil has no unpleasant odor.

LOCAL PERSONALS.

Jno. S. Bishop, U. S. A., has rooms at Barnum's.

[...] Stanton, Mo.; J. G. Hud[...] are at Barnum's.

[...]go; E. H. Clawson and wife, [...] Scott, Indianapolis and [...]pan, are at the Laclede.

[...]y; Maj. C. H. Pierce, [...]ice, Horse Island, Mo.; [...]ty, Mo., are at Bar[num's].

[...] Jefferson City; E. W. [...]M. Fox, Caddo, I. T.; [...]rk; M. W. Marsh, [...]oine and W. H. Brow[...]anters'.

[...]rk; H. O. Fairbanks, [...]icago; J. B. MacCau[...] New York; Chas. E. [...] T. Gentry and S. Al[...] Anthony Higgins and [...]are, are at the Lindell.

[...]rancisco: J. C. Boyle, [...]rowley, Shreveport, La.; [...]e; T. B. Johnson, Spring[...] Weare, Boonville, Mo.; J. [...]tucky; W. L. Kennedy, [...] Sutor, W. Stelfox, Austin, [...]'s Hotel.

[...] Y.; H. C. Thornton and [...] Ind.; Miss Ella Johnson, [...]hn C. White, Cairo, Ill.; [...] Ill.; M. Gibson, Chester, [...]hicago; George Reeves, [...] Pekin, Ill., and F. Doug[...]nd., are at the Hotel [...]

[D]OWN TO $9.

The Fare to New York, Washington and Philadelphia.

Sharp and Bitter Railroad War Now in Progress.

The Trunk Lines Accuse the Wabash of Perfidy.

A Pleasure Trip of the German Turners Occasions All the Trouble—What the Wabash People Say in Their Defense.

The war between the railroads has extended from the Western to the Eastern lines. Last night the cutting in passenger rates was inaugurated by the Eastern roads, and tickets can now be purchased for cities in the East at extremely low rates. The "scalpers" are selling tickets to-day as follows: New York, $9; Philadelphia, $9; Washington, $9; Baltimore, $9; Cincinnati, $6, and Buffalo, $9. In consequence of these low fares, there has been quite a rush to the railway offices to-day, and the scalpers have been doing a rushing business. The "special cut" may terminate by to-morrow night.

The fight really commenced nearly two months ago. It broke out among the Western roads, and for weeks tickets from Kansas City to St. Louis have been purchasable at fifty cents. The cutting then arose between the "Four in Hand" roads as they are termed, namely, the St. Louis, Kansas City and Northern, Missouri, Kansas and Texas, Wabash and Illinois Central, and the Chicago and Alton.

THE FIGHT

has been long and protracted, and is still going on. The rate from Kansas City to St. Louis is fifty cents; to Chicago, $4 75. During the continuance of this war the arbitrary rate of $24 25 from St. Louis to New York and $20 from Chicago to New York has been maintained by the Eastern trunk roads, based upon the cut rate of fifty cents from Kansas City to St. Louis and $4 75 to Chicago, thus making the fare to New York via either St. Louis or Chicago from Kansas City $24 75. During the last few days, however, the cutting amongst the Western lines has become fiercer, and tickets could be bought for $15 from Kansas City to New York. The chance for doing this was afforded, it is said, by the Wabash, and the lines run in connection therewith via Hannibal. Of course all the lines east suffered, as the arbitrary rate is divided amongst the lines over which the passenger goes pro rata, according to the mileage of each road.

Yesterday the "cutting" reached St. Louis. On the 3d inst. there is a grand Turnerfest in Philadelphia, in which the German Turner Society of this city was to participate. Of course the society wanted to procure special rates for their members, as quite a number of them were going to Philadelphia to take part in the fest. The trunk roads going east agreed to issue tickets to the society for the return trip at twenty-five dollars. It is, however, contrary to the rules of the trunk lines and to the arrangement existing between them to allow any round-trip tickets to be issued. When the head authorities of the roads were informed of the arrangement that was contemplated they

ORDERED IT TO BE CANCELED.

This was accordingly done, all the roads agreeing thereto.

It may be stated here that the trunk lines running east from this city are the Wabash, Indianapolis and St. Louis, Vandalia, and Ohio and Mississippi. The Chicago and Alton and the Illinois Central also run east, but these two roads have a sort of "pooling" arrangement, and do not enter materially into the present fight. The four companies first mentioned now accuse the Wabash of bad faith and causing the "cutting." They assert that the Wabash Road in violation of the agreement between the companies and of its express pledges granted a special rate to the Turners, and by a subterfuge got over the difficulty of selling round-trip tickets. Last night the Wabash issued to the Turners tickets over the Wabash, Canada Southern, Erie and Lehigh Valley at the rate of $22 50. Then when the Turners were on the train they furnished them with a return ticket free, thus acting according to the letter but not the spirit of the trunk agreement. This of course was the same thing as selling a round trip ticket to Philadelphia for $22 50.

As soon as the Vandalia heard of this move of the Wabash they, to meet this "cut," also issued round trip tickets to the Turners. Last evening ninety-seven holders of these round trip tickets went over the Wabash and about fifty over the Vandalia. Of course this brought on a war between all the Eastern roads. The roads which have issued these

"CUT" TICKETS.

besides the Wabash and the Vandalia, the Ohio and Mississippi, on account of the Baltimore and Ohio, Atlantic and Great Western, and Erie and Lehigh Valley. On the Vandalia the name of the purchaser of the ticket is entered in writing.

The present "cut" is only a special one, and will terminate to-morrow unless the lines become embittered with each other and determine on continuing the fight. These tickets that are issued are good until the 4th inst., when the bearer must have arrived at his destination, so that to-morrow night will be the last opportunity for Eastern bound travelers to avail themselves of the cheap fare, as they would not arrive in New York or Philadelphia until the 4th. The tickets are good for return to the 31st of August.

As all the other lines concur in blaming the Wabash for inaugurating the present war, a POST-DISPATCH reporter interviewed the agent of that line. That gentleman seemed to think the Wabash was not to blame. He said that last November the roads agreed to what was called the redemption scheme, by which each line was to redeem all tickets issued below regular rates. This agreement had, however,

PARTIALLY FALLEN THROUGH,

and was not strictly complied with. Last Tuesday a meeting was held in Maj. Simpson's office at the Vandalia, to officially determine whether the redemption scheme was in force or not. The Wabash had always acted up to it, and only last Friday redeemed some of its tickets that were sold below regular rates, but the other companies declined to redeem their tickets. At the meeting the redemption scheme was declared off; consequently there was no agreement between the eastern lines out of St. Louis at all, and the Wabash had a perfect right to sell tickets at any rate they saw fit. The Wabash had sold no round trip tickets, neither had they violated any agreement, because there was none in existence for them to violate.

The actual prices at which the roads are selling tickets now are difficult to obtain. The officials are very reticent, and simply say they are issuing them a little below regular rates, but there must be an immense cut, as the "scalpers" are enabled to offer them at $9 for New York and other Eastern points, and of course they make a profit.

A meeting of the agents of the various roads was to be held in Chicago this afternoon, when the "cutting" will probably be considered and a decision arrived at.

FRIDAY'S FINES.

The Record of a Dull Day in the Police and Criminal Courts.

Petty Cases of Crime and Misdemeanor—Police Notes.

Unlucky Fitzpatrick.

John Fitzpatrick is decidedly out of luck. On last Sunday he went out to the Sons of Erin's picnic at St. Paul and got badly clubbed, besides hearing an address of Prosecuting Attorney Hogan. On his return home he went to Lundt's grocery store at No. 916 Biddle street and stole a package of coffee while the proprietor's back was turned. He was arrested shortly after and brought up before Judge Cady this morning on a charge of petit larceny. He pleaded not guilty and Counselor Warnhoff made an eloquent address in his behalf, but it was of no avail, as the Court sentenced Fitzpatrick to six months in the Work-house.

Failed to Prosecute.

When the case of John Lowery and Louis Levy was called in the Three C.'s Court this morning, William Mullin, the prosecuting witness, failed to appear, and the case was dismissed at his costs. The defendants were charged with having stolen an $18 coat from William Mullin, of No. 318 Chestnut street, on the 27th of last month.

For Want of Prosecution.

The case of Mary Ryan, John Gray and Michael Ranahan, charged with grand larceny in stealing $105 from Jacob Stocke on O'Fallon street, on the 20th of last month, was called in the Court of Criminal Correction this morning and dismissed for want of prosecution at the prosecutor's costs. It is the supposition that Stocke is out of the city.

Gone to the Work-house.

Henry Williams and Henry Jones, both colored, who stole $25 worth of brass cocks and lead pipe from Mawdsley plumbing establishment, No. 113 North Sixth street, one week ago, pleaded guilty to a charge of petit larceny before Judge Cady to-day and were sentenced to nine months' imprisonment in the Work-house each.

For Malicious Trespass.

Edward Nalhick has been arrested on a charge of malicious trespass, preferred by J. W. Welsh, of No. 1211 Morrison avenue, who alleges that on the 29th of last month Nahlick entered his premises and wantonly destroyed a bed of cultivated flowers.

Court of Criminal Correction.

Henry Williams and Henry Jones, grand larceny; changed to petit larceny and defendants sent to the Work house for nine months each.

Mary Ranahan, John Gray and Michael Ranahan, grand larceny; dismissed for want of prosecution.

John Fitzpatrick, petit larceny; sentenced to six months' imprisonment in the Work-house.

John Lowry and Louis Levy, petit larceny; dismissed for want of prosecution.

FINANCIAL.

The first of the month brought a moderate improvement in the demand for money on ordinary commercial account, but otherwise it was rather a falling off from yesterday in volume of business. Grain paper was in liberal offering, but it was heavy yesterday and the smaller amount to-day was really quite a relief. Currency was in active demand, both on local and country account. Counter business was fairly active. Exchange was dead dull. Business among the brokers was quite slow, the only movement being small transactions in various local and State and county securities.

Money and Stocks by Telegraph.

By Western Associated Press.

NEW YORK, August 1, 12 M.—Money easy at 2½@3 per cent. Sterling exchange weak, at 482¾@484. Bar silver here $1 11⅛. Subsidiary silver coin 1⅛@1⅛ discount. Governments quiet. Railroad securities firm. State bonds dull. Stocks irregular; Western Union, 90⅞; Pacific Mail, 14⅞; Adams Express, 104; Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, 97; American Express, 47; United States Express, 48; New York Central, 119; Erie, 28; preferred, 52⅞; Harlem, 156; Mich. Cent., 83⅞; Panama, 158; U. P., 77⅞; Lake Shore, 81⅞; Illinois Central, 88⅞; Pittsburg, 100; Northwestern, 74⅞; pretd., 99; Cleveland and Columbus, 53⅞; New Jersey Central, 54; Rock Island, 139⅞; St. Paul 64⅞; pref'd, 96⅞; Wabash, 37⅞; Ft. Wayne, 110⅞; C., C. & I. C., 8; Chicago, St. Paul and Minnesota, 42⅞; St. Louis and Iron Mountain, 27; O. and M., 16⅞; preferred, 48; Del. and Lackawanna, 62; Atlantic and Pacific Tel., 34⅞; Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, 117⅞; Hannibal and St. Joe, 20⅞; preferred, 43; Canada Southern, 60; Louisville and Nashville, 53⅞; Kansas Pacific, 57; Kan. and Tex., 16⅞; St. Louis and San Francisco, 9⅞; preferred, 11⅞; first preferred, 23; St. Louis, Kansas City and Northern, 20⅞; preferred, 54⅞.

Quotations of Active Stocks at New York

Compiled exclusively for the POST-DISPATCH by John J. White, Manager Public Grain and Stock Exchange, rooms 125 to 131 Chamber of Commerce:

STOCKS.	Closing Yesterday	Opening to-day	Highest	Lowest	Closing
Northwestern	74½	74¾	75	74	75
Do. pref.	99¾	99¾	99¾	98¾	98¾
St. Paul	64⅞	64⅞	66¼	64¼	66¼
Do. pref.	95⅞	96⅛	96½	96	96⅛
Michigan Central	83⅜	83¼	84	83¼	83⅜
Lake Shore	80⅞	80⅞	81⅜	80¾	81⅜
Erie	28⅛	28⅞	28⅞	28	28⅞
Wabash	37⅛	36⅞	36⅞	36⅜	38⅛
K. C. & N.	19⅛	19⅛	19	19⅛	21
Do. pref.	53⅛	53⅛	52⅛	52⅞	56¾
W. U.	90⅞	90⅛	98⅛	89⅞	89⅞
D., L. and W.	62⅛	62⅛	61⅛	61⅛	62
N. J. C.	54⅛	54	53⅞	53⅛	54⅛
D. and H.	50	50	49	49	49½
O. and M.	16½	16½	16½	16¼	16½
H. and St. J.	20¼	20½	20⅛	20¼	20⅛
Do. pref.	42¼	42¼	42⅛	42¼	43⅛
Pac. Mail	15	14¼	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛

COMMERCIAL.

For Additional Commercial Information See Third Page.

Change in the East Bound Freight Tariff.

Shippers and those interested should take notice that a new tariff goes into effect Monday next. The changes made are advances based on New York as follows: On grain and fourth class goods, 6c per 100 lbs; on flour, 12c per brl., on dressed meaths, 8c per 100 lbs.

Receipts and Shipments of Leading Articles

For the 24 hours ending on Friday, August 1, 1879, and corresponding day in 1878, as reported by the Merchants' Exchange.

ARTICLES.	Receipts by River and Rail. 1879.	1878.	Shipments by Rail. 1879.	1878.
Apples, brls	326	145	371	929
Barley, sacks	....	....	....	....
Barley, in blk, bu.	....	....	....	....
Butter, lbs	28,453	3,921	833	1,432
Corn, sacks	1,384	1,646	230	....
Corn, in bulk, bu.	30,150	76,700	10,159	1,114
Eggs, pkgs	424	415	....	....
Flour, brls	7,382	6,038	8,984	9,695
Hay, bales	636	688	104	....
Hides, lbs	15,858	67,563	37,070	46,450
Lard, lbs	350	573	9,867	16,825
Lead, pigs	4,986	1,082	1,426	750
Oats, sacks	1,670	196	634	160
Oats, in blk, bu.	31,500	16,900	750	650
Pork, brls	....	....	....	....
Hams, lbs	1,800	4,580	15,789	9,054
Meats, lbs	290,320	161,120	83,817	170,019
Potatoes, sks, brls	94	19	1,384	20
Potatoes, blk, bu.	....	....	350	2,367
Rye, sacks	42	....	19	....
Rye, in blk, bu.	450	350	1,980	....
Tallow, lbs	1,225	7,724	....	55
Tobacco, hhds	65	337	31	215
Wheat, sacks	19,393	12,111	....	222
Wheat, in blk, bu.	92,650	35,000	31,692	20,033
Wool, lbs	33,385	27,230	51,910	161,244
Lumber, M. feet	570	330	629	190

Withdrawals of Grain at St. Louis

FROM ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING 6 P. M., JULY 31.

(Warehouses not included.)

	City.	R.R.	River.	Total.
Wheat, bu	5,930	72,695	....	78,625
Corn, bu	6,111	7,946	30,000	44,057
Oats, bu	8,095	1,200	....	9,295
Rye, bu	....	459	....	459
Barley, bu	....	....	....	....

Visible Supply of Grain in the United States.

	July 26, 1879.	July 19, 1879.	July 27, 1878.
Wheat, bu	14,676,000	13,473,847	5,686,271
Corn, bu	10,068,000	10,796,086	6,212,204
Oats, bu	1,442,000	1,536,901	1,419,093
Rye, bu	318,000	341,743	271,076
Barley, bu	331,000	357,879	1,070,214
Total	26,835,000	26,506,456	14,654,858

Receipts and Shipments of Wheat at Principal Points.

	Receipts To-day	Yes'day.	Shipments To-day.	Yes'day
St. Louis	136,234	191,001	31,962	54,596
Chicago	76,950	64,259	131,191	137,279
Milwaukee	10,700	12,400	71,800	6,900
Toledo	101,000	124,000	54,000	134,000
New York	367,000	599,000	....	....
Baltimore	265,972	294,490	240,964	170,078

Comparative Closing Values of Leading Articles at 1 P. M.

	Yesterday.	To-day.
No. 2 red wheat, cash	1 03	95⅞
" " Aug.	95⅞	95
" " Sept.	95⅞	94⅞ nom
" " Oct.	96⅞	95⅞ nom
" " Nov.		
" " year	95¼	94⅞ bid
No. 3 red wheat cash	92	91⅞@⅞
No. 4 red wheat cash	89	
No. 2 spring, cash		
No. 2 Mediterranean	91 bid	92
No. 2 mixed corn, c'h	33	33
" " Aug.	33⅞	33
" " Sept.	34⅞	34⅞
" " Oct.	33⅞	32⅞ bid
" " Nov.	31	30⅞ bid
" " Dec.	30	29⅞
" " year	30	29⅞
Rejected corn, cash	31⅞ bid	32 bid
No. 2 wh. mxd c. cash	41⅞	41@41⅞
No. 2 oats, cash	24	22⅞
" " Aug.	23	22⅞
" " Sept.	23⅞	22⅞ bid
" " Oct.	23⅞	23⅞
" " year	22⅞	22 bid
Rejected oats, cash	18⅞	18@18⅞
No. 2 white oats		23⅞
No. 2 rye, cash	48⅞	48
Rejected rye, cash	43 bid	
Mess pork, cash	$8 75@9 nm	$8⅞@9 nom
D. S. shoulders		
D. S. clear ribs		
" clear		
Bacon shldrs, cash	3.85@90	3.85@.90
" clear rib, cash	4⅞@90	4⅞@90
" " Aug.		
" " Sep.		
" clear, cash	5⅞@30	5⅞@.30
Canvased S. C. Hams	9⅞@11	9⅞@11
Tallow, prime	5⅞	5⅞
Lard, prime steam	5⅞ nom	5⅞ nom

Breadstuffs and Provisions.

The corner on July wheat was closed up this morning by the settlement of all the shorts at $1 03. At the meeting before the committee several of the largest millers testified that they could afford to pay $1 05 for No. 2 wheat, and not make a loss, which statement was the decisive point in the question. It now remains to be seen whether the holders of all this cash grain can unload it at a profit. Something like 100,000 bushels was dumped by this morning on August contracts, but they still have a large amount to take care of. Cash and futures both were slow to-day, the price of the former dropping, it will be seen, to yesterday's quotation for August. Cash No. 2 sold at 95⅞c, No. 3 at 91⅞@91⅞c, No. 2 Mediterranean at 92c. August at 95⅞@95c, September [...] closed with sellers at 94⅞c; O[ctober ...] year 94⅞c bid. Corn was qui[et] and steady; trading was [...] August and fair in Se[ptember]. Cash No. 2 mixed sold at 33c, do. whi[te] at 42@41⅞c. August at 32⅞@33c, Se[ptember] 34@33 13-16@33⅞c, December and [...] 29⅞c. Oats lower and dull all round. [...] No. 2 sold at 23@22⅞c, rejected 18@18⅞c, No. 2 white 23⅞c, August at 22⅞@22⅞c, September 22⅞c, October 23⅞c. Rye lower and quiet at 48c for No 2. Provisions dull and heavy, but quotably unchanged.

Flour was steady and in fair demand, the inquiry coming for choice and lower qualities, though not so particularly for xxx and xx as for the other descriptions. We quote the closing rates: Fine $2 60@2 80; superfine $3 10@3 25; x $3 50@3 75; xx $4@4 25; xxx $4 55@4 65; family $4 75@4 80; choice $4 85@5 00; fancy $5 10@5 50.

Wheat—Grades dull, depressed and lower, closing weak at above bids for Nos. 2 and 3 red, while light sales were made earlier at 95⅞@95⅞c for No. 2 East side; at 92@91⅞c for No. 3 East side and 91⅞@⅞c (⅞@⅞c off) this side. The July corner was amicably settled up at yesterday's rate of $1 03 for cash No. 2 red, to-day's prices on E side showing 7⅞@⅞c decline therefrom. (And very large cash deliveries were made on August contracts this morning.) No. 4 1@1⅞c lower, with light early sales at 88c to 87⅞—but only 85c bid at close. No. [2] Mediterranean a drug and 1c off at 92c; No. [2] white 2c off at 92c; rejected down to 81c [and no] grade nominally 77c. Samples dull too—[pr]ime to choice sold in part at yesterday's [rat]es, but considerable went at 1c less; medium and low grades very dull and depressed at full 1⅞@2c decline; No. 2 Mediterranean 1@1⅞c lower. Sales: Grades—[st. fr. unless otherwise stated]—20 cars No. 2 red in E. & V. at 95⅞c, 9 cars do at 95⅞c—sellers this side at 95⅞c late with 95c bid, 2 cars No. 3 red in Ad. at 92c, 2 do in E. at 91⅞c, 6 cars do this side part fr. at 91⅞c, 13 do at 91⅞c—but only 91c bid late; 2 cars No. 4 this side at 88c, 3 do at 87⅞c; 3⅞ cars rejected this and East side at 81c; 2 cars No. 2 Mediterranean this side at 92c; 2 cars No. 2 white reg. at 92c; for No. 3 white, 88c bid.

Corn—Grades—No. 2 mixed dull and weak at 33c—⅞c decline from yesterday's latest sale; no inquiry for round lots—large cash deliveries on August contract; No. white 2 mixed in good order and fair milling demand—firmer on East side at 42c in Av. early, and 41⅞c in V. later, but easier this side at 42c in C. and 41⅞@41⅞c in St. L.; rejected white mixed offered at 41c st. fr. in C., with 39⅞ (⅞c lower) bid; rejected sold ⅞c better than yesterday's bid, at 32c. Samples—St. Charles and choice white in large supply and lower, at 43⅞c for former and 43@43⅞c for the white; No 2 white mixed steady on E. trk at 42c, but some sold to arrive early next week ⅞c lower at 41⅞c; bulk mixed steady at 33⅞c on E. trk, sacked do dull at 37⅞c in elev. Sales: GRADES—7 cars No. 2 mixed in C. at 33c; 3 cars No. 2 white-mixed in Ad. early and 8 do in C. at 42c, 1 do in St. L. at 41⅞c, 20 do in do V. and E. (part to be delivered Monday next), at 41⅞c: 2 cars rejected in C. at 32c.

Oats—Grades—No. 2 lower and dull—sold early at 22⅞c, but stiffened up afterward, closing at 23c (1c decline)—demand mainly speculative; rejected in active speculative demand and firmer—opened ⅞c lower at 18c, but advanced soon after to 18⅞@⅞c; no-grade dull and ⅞c lower at 16c; No. 2 white steady, but dull at 23⅞c. Samples—New in large offering, dull and lower; bulk mixed sold at 21c E. trk, 23⅞c this side, and at 25c del, no grade at 18⅞c in elv.; sacked at 28@29c early for choice, at 26c down to 24⅞c E. trk @24c later for fair, and at 21c for damaged; old in light supply and quiet; sold at 29c for mixed, and at 31@31⅞c to 32⅞c for choice and fancy white. Sales: Grades—5,000 bu No. 2 reg. early and 1 car short storage late at 22⅞c, 5 cars do st. fr. in St. L., C., V. and E. at 23c, 1 car No. 2 white in St. L. at 23⅞c: 2 cars rejected st. fr. and reg. St. L. at 18c, 30 do reg. to st. fr. in do at 18⅞c, 10 cars (one lot) in St. L. at 18⅞c; 2 cars no-grade in St. L. at 16c.

Provisions, Etc.—Little doing. Pork held with increased firmness, but very dull—small lot sales at $8 85; order lots of 100 brls at $9 25. Lard had a stronger feeling too—5.55c bid for prime summer steam. Refined in tcs dull at 6⅞@⅞c on orders. D.S. Meats—Sales 4 cars c'ribs at 4⅞c f. o. b. East side and 12 bxs short clear at 4.70c; quote nominally at 3⅞c to 4⅞@4⅞c for shoulders. c'ribs and short clear. Bacon—unchanged. Sales: 37,000 lbs loose clear rib and short clear at 4.72⅞c and 5⅞c, 6 pkgs shoulders at 3⅞c, 31 pkgs clear rib at 4⅞c, 7 csks do at 9.90c, 35 csks short clear 5⅞c; Orders (25 pkgs)—Shoulders 4⅞c, clear rib 5⅞c, short clear 5⅞c; c. s. c. hames 10⅞@11c, breakfast sides 7⅞@8c. Futures—Yesterday evening, 200 csks August clear rib sold at 4⅞c and 150 csks September do at 4⅞c, in settle.

Tallow—Steady. Prime country at 5⅞c.

AFTERNOON BOARD—2:15 P. M.

Wheat—Firm and steady. Sales: 25,000 August at 95⅞c; 20,000 September at 94⅞@95c; cash salable at 95⅞c; October salable at 95⅞c and year at 94 9-16c.

Corn—Unchanged. Sales—5,000 cash at 33c; 10,000 September at 33 13-16c; 5,000 year at 29⅞c. October salable at 33c; November at 30⅞c and December at 29⅞c.

Oats—Dull and easy; sales, 5,000 bu; October at 23⅞c; cash and August salable at 22⅞c; September at 23 1-16c, and year at 22 3-16c.

Closing Prices at Other Points.

Closing prices at other markets, reported by Mr. Jno. J. White, manager Public Grain and Stock Exchange, rooms 125 to 131 Chamber of Commerce.

CHICAGO, August 1, 2:30 p. m.

Wheat—88⅞c August, 87⅞c September.
Corn—34⅞c August, 34⅞c September.
Oats—23⅞c August, 23⅞c September.
Pork—$.... August, $8 25 September.
Lard—5.55c August, 5.65c September.

The Cotton Market.

The spot market was entirely inactive and nominal, no cash movement being reported. Quotations ⅞c lower also, New York declined 1-16c and Liverpool 1-16d, with quiet markets at both places.

QUOTATIONS.

	St. Louis.	New York
Low ordinary	9⅞	——
Ordinary	10	10⅞
Good ordinary	10⅞	10⅞
Low middling	11	11⅞
Middling	11⅞	11 9-16
Good middling	11⅞	11⅞
Middling fair	12⅞	12 13-16

STOCKS IN ST. LOUIS WAREHOUSE.

Stocks to-day, 3,638; same day last year, 1,068 bales.

ST. LOUIS GROSS RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.

	Receipts, bales.	Shipments bales.
To-day	6	25
Same day last year	7	31
Total for season to date	330,135	329,027
Same time last year	244,752	246,136

NEW YORK.

Futures closed barely steady. Sales 105,000 bales.

Future quotations: January, 10.49; February, 10.59; March, 10.72; April, ——; May, ——; June, ——; July, ——; August, 11.39; September, 11.34; October, 10.65; November, 10.46; December, 10.45.

RECEIPTS AT OTHER POINTS.

New York, —; Savannah, 51; Galveston, 200; Wilmington, 5; Baltimore, —; Boston, 243; Cincinnati, ——; City Point, ——; New Orleans, 24; Charleston, 10; Mobile, 8; Norfolk, 32; Philadelphia, 1; Memphis, ——; Port Royal, ——; other points, ——.

NET RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS FOR 8 DAYS.

Receipts this week, 2,758 bales; same time last year, 3,377 bales. Exports this week, 6,266 bales. Stocks to-day, 126,140 bales; same day last year, 82,908 bales.

LIVERPOOL QUOTATIONS.

Uplands, 6⅞d; Orleans, 6 9-16d. Sales 6,000 bales.

RAIL FREIGHTS ON COMPRESSED COTTON.

St. Louis to Boston, 53; Providence, 53; New York, 48; Philadelphia, 46; Baltimore 45.

Grain Inspections.

Wheat—19 cars No. 2 Mediterranean, 3 cars No. 2 white winter, 101 cars No. 2 red winter, 42 cars No. 3 red winter, 24 cars No. 4 winter, 20 cars rejected winter, 2 cars no-grade winter. Total—211 cars.

Corn—29 cars No. 2 white mixed, 4 cars rejected white mixed, 11 cars No. 2 mixed, 1 car rejected. Total—45 cars.

Oats—12 cars No. 2, 14 cars rejected, 3 cars no-grade. Total—29 cars.

Barley—None.

Rye—1 car rejected. Total—1 car.

Sales on 'Change.

BUTTER—Steady, under a very fair demand from retailers; none but prime to choice stock. Creamery—choice 17@19c, off-lots 15@16c. Dairy—selections 14@15c, choice 12@13c, prime 9@11c, medium 7@8c, low 5@6c, grease 3⅞c. Country salable at 5@10c.

CHEESE—Slow and unchanged. Full-cream 5⅞@6c, part skimmed 5@5⅞c; sharp, skimmed or poor 1@2c.

EGGS—Steady. Good local demand for strictly fresh, which sold in a small way at 8@8⅞c; s. c. to 9@9⅞c candled.

LIVE CHICKENS—Young in excessive supply, largely of held-over stock, and market dead dull and weak; demand for very small quantities strictly choice; small and poor medium entirely neglected and nominal. Choice old hens in better demand than anything else, though moving very slowly also; mixed and cocks very dull. Sales were at annexed rates: Old—cocks $2, mixed $2 25@2 50, hens $2 75; spring—poor and small 75c to 90c@$1, medium $1 25 to $1 40, choice, $1 50@1 65, extra $1 75.

POTATOES—The few in by river and rail were consigned to dealers; choice early rose worth 30@35c per bu in sks and 90c@$1 per brl. Wagon receipts large and lower in price, selling mainly at $1@1 05 per brl measure.

ONIONS—Again lower and drooping; supply in excess of demand, dealers taking enough for present wants and no more. Sales 20 brls yellow (rough in s. h. brls) at $1 80, 65 prime yellow and mixed at $1 85 del, 53 red (ves. p. m.) at $2 05, latter salable to-day $1 90@2.

SWEET POTATOES—In light supply and quiet at $1 50@1 75 ⅌ bu for home grown red Bermuda.

LEAF TOBACCO—Dull and easier all round. Offered—84 hhds; Passed—45 hhds (including a lot of 19 lugs at $2 90); Rejected—Bids on 16 hhds at $2 70 to $13 75 and 1 Virginia wrappers at $15. Sales 22 hhds—2 (scraps) at 30c, 3 at $3 10@3 70, 6 at $4 10@4 90, 3 at $5@5 60, 1 at $6 50, 2 at $7 10@7 80, 3 at $8 50@8 60, 2 at $9 30@9 70. By sample—12 hhds at $6 30.

We quote, per 100 lbs: Trashy and light lugs nominally $2 20@2 30, common dark lugs $2 50@2 75, fair to good dark lugs $2 75@3, fair to good bright lugs (smokers) $3@5; inferior nondescript leaf $3@3 75, common dark leaf $4@5, low medium to medium dark leaf $5 25@6, low medium to medium red leaf $6 50@9, good to prime bright leaf $9 50@13 75; medium half-bright wrapping leaf $12@20, medium bright wrapping leaf $25@35, good to fine bright wrapping leaf $40@75.

APPLES—Slow and weaker. Receipts large and mainly of poor stock, which are very dull, as there is only a very limited demand from peddlers; order and shipping demand small too for choice fruit. Dealers filled orders in new brls for good to choice home grown at $1 75@2 to $2 25@2 50 per brl; inferior home grown sold at 75c@$1 per brl measure. Consignments range at $1 50 for good to $2 for choice; damaged and poor nominal at 75c to $1 25. Sales [...] [diff]erent varieties) at $2 per [...]

[...] unchanged. Receipts large (but [...] did not arrive until late), and [...] heretofore were mainly of fair to good [...]-stone varieties; condition good as a general thing. Demand fair for choice and fancy cling and free-stone, but poor and medium stock moves very slowly. Sales were at 30c to 40c per ⅞-bu box for small and hard, 50@60c for good, 70@80c for choice, and 90c@$1 for fancy—all cling-stone; free-stone at 60@[...] for seedling, $1@1 25 for good to choice [...] Crawfords, and a few boxes fancy do at [...]

PEARS—Quiet and unchanged; [...] demand light. Sales: Bartlett $1[...] bu bx and $8@8 50 ⅌ brl; other [...]ties 75c@$1 ⅌ qx and $4@4 [...] green cooking 40@50c ⅌ bx and [...] brl; California $3 50@4 ⅌ bx.

PLUMS—Damson low [...] at $1 ⅌ ⅞-bu bx; California [...] $3@3 50; home-grown Chickasaw [...] $1 75@2 ⅌ bu.

GRAPES—In [...]pply, slow and easier; considerable [...] grown arriving now. Sales at 3@5c ⅌ [...] Hartford, 4@5c for Ives' seedling, 6@8c [...] Concord, and 15@18c for fancy Delawa[re].

WATERMELONS—Demand better, but prices unchanged; supply lighter. Sales in jobbing lots [...] $6@9 ⅌ 100 (choice large Georgia at [...] [...]te). Car lots on trk sold at $5@7 50 per [...]

CANTELOPES—Lower and slow at $4 to $5 per 100; white Japan held at $1 per crate (two dozen).

WHORTLEBERRIES—Dull. Offerings in excess of demand. Sales at 75c ⅞-gal box and at $2 per bu loose.

BLACKBERRIES—Quiet and steady. Fresh receipts sold lightly at $1 75@2 per 4-gal case.

Groceries.

CANDLES—Star, full weight; 6's and 8's, 40 lbs, per lb. 12c; star, short weight, 14 oz. to the lb. 6's and 8's, 40 lbs, per lb. 11c; star, half-boxes, ⅞ higher; quarter-boxes, 1c highe.

CANNED GOODS, ETC.—Peaches ⅌ doz, 2-lbs, $1 60; 3-lb, $2 40@2 60; Strawberries, 2-lb, $1 15@1 30; Raspberries, 2-lb $1 25@1 35; Gooseberries, 2-lb, $1 15; Whortleberries, 2-lb, $1 50; Pine Apples, 2-lb, $1 25@1 55; Cherries, red, $1 20@25; do, white, $2 25@40; Pears, $1; Damsons, $1 15; Tomatoes 2-lb, 90@95c; 3-lb, $1 15@1 20; String Beans, 2-lb, $1@1 10; Lima Beans 2-lb, $1 15@1 60; Green Peas, 2-lb $1 25@1 50; Yarmouth Corn 2-lb, $1 40; Erie Corn, 2-lb, $1 50; Sardines, hf-boxes in case, 19c; quarters, 12@12⅞; Oysters; full weights, 2-lb, $1 20@25; do, do, 1-lb, 80@85c; do, light weights, 2-lb, 95c; do light weights, Salmon, 1-lb, ⅌ doz, $1 55; do 2-lb, $2 65.

CHEESE—New York factory, full cream, 7@8c, Swiss, genuine, 32c; Swiss, imitation, 18c; Limburger, 14c.

COFFEE—Rio, common 11@12⅞c; fair to good 13@14c; prime 14⅞@15⅞c; choice 16@16⅞c; Singapore Java ——; O. G. Java 25@27⅞c, Mocha 27⅞c; Mexican —c.

FRUITS FOREIGN—Currants, crop of 1878, small quantities, ⅌ lb, 6c; new, 1878, by the barrel, ⅌ lb, 5c; figs, layers, 2, 6 and 8 lbs, crop 1878, ⅌ lb 20c; prunes, 1878, choice, Bosnia, ⅌ lb 6⅞@7c; raisins, layers, new crop, 1878, ⅌ box, $1 80; layers, raisins, new, 1878, ⅞-bx, $1 05; layers, raisins, new, 1878, ⅞-bx, 60c; London layers, new, 1878, $2 20; muscatels, loose, new crop, 1878, $1 90; Valencias, new crop, 1878, ⅌ lb, 8⅞c; citron, Leghorn, any quantity, new, 1878, ⅌ lb, 20c, dates, Persian, 200-lb frails, ⅌ lb, 9c—less quantity ⅌ lb, 10c; lemon peel, ⅌ lb, 20c; lemons, ⅌ box, $5 75; oranges, ⅌ box, $—; cocoanuts, each, 5⅞c.

REFINED SUGARS—Cut loaf 10c; crushed 9⅞c; granulated, standard 9⅞; granulated, St. Louis, 9⅞c; powdered 9⅞c; fine do 9⅞c; coffee, standard A, 9⅞c; coffee, St. Louis A, 9c; coffee, Missouri A 8⅞c; coffee, extra C, 8⅞c; coffee, standard C, 8⅞c; coffee, yellow C, 8⅞c.

PICKLES—Glass—Pts, 1 doz in case, ⅌ doz, 90c; glass, qts, 1 doz, in case, ⅌ doz, $1 60; glass, ⅞ gals, 1 doz, in case, ⅌ doz, $2 65; glass, 1 gal, plain, ⅞ doz, in case, ⅌ doz, $3 75 1 gal, hexagon, ⅞ doz, in case, Am. style, ⅌ doz, $8; 1 gal, hexagon, ⅞ doz, in case, English style ⅌ doz, $9; gherkins, Eng. style, ⅌ doz, pts, $2 25, qts, $4 50; chow chow, Eng. style, ⅌ doz, pts, $2 25, qts, $4 50; mixed, English style, ⅌ doz, pts, $2 25, qts, $4 50; cauliflower, Eng. style, ⅌ doz, pts, $3 00, qts, $6 00; onions, English style, ⅌ doz, pts, $4, qts, $6. Pickles in wood—Medium, in brls, 1,200, $6 50; do, in ⅞ brls, 600, $4 00; small, in brls, 2,400, $7 75; do ⅞ brls, 1,200, $4 50; gherkins, in brls, 3,500, $8 25; do, ⅞ brls, 1,750, $4 75; do, in 10 gallon kegs, $4 00; do in 5 gallon kegs, $2 75. (Crosse & Blackwell's.)—Gherkins 2 doz, in case, pts, ⅌ doz, $3 50; do, 1 doz, in case, qts, ⅌ doz, $6 75; chow chow, 2 doz, in case, pts, ⅌ $3 50; chow doz, chow, 1 doz, in case, qts, ⅌ doz, $6 75; mixed, 2 doz, in case, pts, ⅌ doz, $3 50; do, 1 doz, in case, qts, ⅌ doz, $6 75; cauliflower, 2 doz, in case, pts, ⅌ doz, $3 50; do, 1 doz, in case, qts, ⅌ doz, $6 75; onions 2 doz, in cases, $4 50, ⅌ doz Less than case 25c ⅌ doz, extra, [...]

RICE—Carolina, choice per lb, 8c; Louisana, choice 7⅞c; Louisiana, prime per lb, 7⅞c; Louisiana, fair per lb, 7⅞c; Rangoon, 7⅞c. Tapioca per lb, 10c. Sago, East India per lb, 9c; sago, German per lb, 10c.

SYRUPS AND MOLASSES—New Orleans molasses—reboiled 39c. Belcher's—Golden syrup, 38c brls, 42c hf brls, 45c kegs, 50c hf kegs; sugar house syrup molasses, 33c brls, 36c hf brls, 40c kegs, 45c hf kegs.

CONCENTRATED LYE—Pittsburg saponifier, $3 25; Greenwich, $3 25; Universal, $3 25; Excelsior granulated $3; Globe, $3 50. All above 4 doz in case.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples—Western prime, 3⅞c; Western choice bright, 4c; N. Y. sliced, 5⅞c; No. 1 Alden, 15c; No. 2 Alden, 12⅞c. Peaches, Etc.—Western, halves, 4⅞c; Westean mixed, 4c; Western peeled, 13c. Blackberries, dried, 7⅞c. Raspberries, dried, 38c. Cherries, pitted, 26c.

NUTS—Almonds, Ivicas, ⅌ lb, 19c; Brazil, new, ⅌ lb, 9c; filberts, Sicily, ⅌ lb, 12⅞c; pecans, choice Texas, ⅌ lb, 10c; pecans, choice Indian Territory, ⅌ lb, 8c; peanuts, raw, choice white, in sacks, ⅌ lb, 8c; peanuts, raw, choice red, in sacks, ⅌ lb, 6c; peanuts, roasted, choice red, in sacks, ⅌ lb, 8c; peanuts, roasted, choice white, in sacks, ⅌ lb, 9c; walnuts, Naples, ⅌ lb, 15c.

NAILS—$2 10@15, rates.

N. O. SUGAR—Kettle, 6⅞@7⅞c; clarified, 8@8⅞c.

SPICES—Whole—Allspice (sacks about 100 lbs, ⅞c less), ⅌ lb 19c; Cinnamon, in mats, ⅌ lb 25c; Cloves, best quality, ⅌ lb 50c; Ginger, Race, ⅌ lb 10c; Ginger, Jamaica, ⅌ lb 25c; Mace, ⅌ lb $1 25; Nutmegs, No. 1 Penang, ⅌ lb 95; Pepper, sifted Singapore, ⅞c less in sacks, ⅌ lb 13⅞c. Ground—Cream Tartar, 10-lb cans, ⅌ lb 30c; Cinnamon, Java, Screw-tops, 6-lb cans, ⅌ lb 65c, pure, 6-lb cans, ⅌ lb 50c; Ginger, Borneo, Screw-tops, 6-lb cans, ⅌ lb, 35c; Ginger, African, Pure, 6-lb cans, ⅌ lb, 25c; Mustard, pure, Screw-tops, 6-lb cans, ⅌ lb, 35c; Mustard, fine, 6 and 10-lb cans, ⅌ lb, 30c; Mustard, Superfine, 6-lb cans, ⅌ lb, 34c; Pepper, Black shot, Screw-top, 6-lb cans, ⅌ lb, 27⅞c; Pepper, Black pure, 10-lb cans, ⅌ lb, 25c; Pepper, Cayenne, African, 6-lb cans, ⅌ lb, 30c.

SOAP—Palm, 3⅞@3⅞c; extra family, 4⅞c; Castile; mottled Marseilles, 11⅞c; white Marseilles, 16c, American mottled, 9c.

St. Louis Lumber Market.

[Free on board cars.]

TRADE QUOTATIONS.

White Pine.

First and second clear, rough—1¼@2 inches thick	$32 50
First and second clear, rough—1 in., 12&14 ft. $31 50; 16 ft.	32 50
Third clear, rough—1¼ to 2 in.	28 00
Third clear, rough—1 in., 12 ft. $26; 14 to 20 ft.	27 00
Third clear, rough—7 to 9 in.	
A Select, rough—1¼ to 2 in.	24 00
A Select, rough—1 in. (10 in. & over)	21 00
A Select, rough—7 to 9 in.	20 00
A Stock, 12 in., rough—12 ft. $29; 16 to 20 ft.	29 00
B Stock, 12 in., rough—12 to 20 ft.	26 00
C Stock, 12 in., rough—12 to 20 ft.	19 00
D Stock, 12 in., rough—20 ft. $15 00; 12 to 18 ft.	13 50
A Box, rough, 12 ft., $29 00; 16 to 20 ft.	32 00
B Box, rough, 12 ft., $27 00; 14 to 16 ft.	29 00
C Box, rough, 14 to 16 ft.	21 00
D Box, rough, 12 to 16 ft.	15 00
Flooring, D. and M. clear—4 in., $30 00; 6 in	30 00
Flooring, Cl. and 1st com.—4 in., $25 50; 6 in.	26 00
Flooring, 2nd com.—4 in., $22 50; 6 in.	23 00
Flooring, 3rd com.—(18 ft., $17 50;) 6 in.	18 00
Flooring, 4th com.—(18 ft., $13 50;) 6 in.	14 00
Drop Siding 50 cts. per M. more than flooring.	
Plain or Beaded Partition $1 50 per M. more than flooring.	
Casings and Baseboards, 4, 6, 7 and 8 inches wide, dressed 2 sides and 2 edges, same price as partition.	
Dressing 1 side $1 50; 2 sides	$ 1 00
Ship lap, 7 to 9 in., $14 00; 10 in.	15 00
Siding, clear	17 00
Siding, clear & 1st com.	14 50
Siding, clear & 2d com.	12 50
Siding, clear & 3d com.	9 50
Siding, clear & 4th com.	7 50
Ceiling, ⅞ in., clear	18 00
Ceiling, Cl. & 1st com.	15 50
Ceiling, 2d com.	13 50
Ceiling, 3d com.	11 00
Ceiling, ⅞ in., 1st com., 4 or 6 inch	19 00
Ceiling, ⅞ in., 2d com., 4 or 6 inch	16 00
Ceiling, ⅞ in., 3d com., 4 or 6 inch	14 00
Ceiling, ⅞ in., 1st com., 4 or 6 inch	25 00
Ceiling, ⅞ in., 2d com., 4 or 6 inch	22 00
Ceiling, ⅞ in., 3d com., 4 or 6 inch	17 50
No. 1 Boards 10 & 20 ft $13; 12 ft.	12 50
No. 1 Boards 14, 16 & 18 ft.	12 50
No. 2 Boards 10 & 20 ft	12 00
No. 2 Boards 12, 14 & 16 ft	11 50
Cull Boards or sheathing, 12 & 14 ft.	10 00
No. 1 fencing, 6 in 12, 14, 18 ft	12 00
No. 1 fencing, 6 in 12, 16 ft	12 50
No. 1 fencing, 4 in, 50 cts per M. more.	
No. 2 fencing, 4 or 6 in. 14 & 18 ft	11 00
No. 2 fencing, 4 or 6 in. 16 ft.	11 00
Cull fencing, 12 & 14 ft.	10 00
Joists, 10 to 16 ft., 2x12 & under	11 50
Joists, 18 ft., 2x12 & under	12 00
Joists, 20 ft., 2x12 & under	12 50
Joists, 22 & 24 ft., 2x12 & under	14 00 & 14 50
Joists, 26 & 28 ft., 2x12 & under	16 00 & 17 00
Scantling, 2x4 to 4x4, 12 ft.	12 00
Scantling, 2x4 to 4x4, 14 and 16 ft.	12 00
Scantling, 2x4 to 4x4, 18 ft, $12 50, 10 and 20 ft	13 00
Yard timbers, up to 8x8, 12 to 16 ft.	11 50
Yard timbers, up to 8x8, 18 ft, $12; 20 ft.	12 50
Yard timbers, up to 8x8, 22 & 24 feet	13 50 & 14 50
Yard timbers, up to 8x8, 26 & 28 ft.	
Large Timbers at special prices—	
Flat, common pickets, rough	$10 00
Flat, selected pickets, rough	13 00
Flat, selected pickets, d and h. No. 1 or No. 2	17 50
1⅞ inch square pickets, rough	8 00
1⅞ inch square pickets, dressed and headed	14 00
1st and 2d cl. Y. P. flooring (count), 4 in. $21 50; 6 in.	21 60
Star cl. Y. P. flooring (count) 4 in. $19 00; 6 in.	19 00
Common cl. Y. P. flooring (count) 4 in. $15 00; 6 in.	15 50
1st and 2d cl. Y. P. flooring, mixed widths, (tape)	24 00
Star cl. Y. P. flooring, mixed widths, (tape)	20 00
Common cl. Y. P. flooring, mixed widths, (tape)	16 00
1st and 2d cl. Y. P. step stuff, S. 2 sides, 1 to 1½ inch	30 00
First poplar siding	13 00
Second poplar siding	10 00
First poplar ceiling, 7-16 in.; 4 in., $13; 6 in.	14 00
Second poplar ceiling 7-16 in.; 6 in.	12 00
First poplar ceiling ⅞ in., $20; 2nd	16 00
First poplar box boards, rough, 12 & 16, $27; 14 ft.	29 00
Second (select) poplar box boards, rough, 12 & 16, $17; 14 ft.	19 00
First poplar box boards, rough, 10 ft. 6 in, or 14 ft. by 12 or 14 in.	32 00
Second poplar box boards, rough, 14 ft. by 12 or 14 in.	22 00
Common poplar boards, rough	15 00
First and second clear poplar 1 to 2 in., rough	29 00
Red cedar sawed posts (quartered), No. 1, 28c; extra	32
Red cedar sawed posts, square, 8 ft. 4x4, 27c; 5x5, 40c; 6x6	62
Red cedar sawed timbers, 10 to 16 ft. b. m.	32 00

	Car load.	End.
Eau Claire, extra clear shingles, dry	$2 30	$2 35
Conn's choice "A" shingles, dry	2 15	2 20
Boyden & Akeley's standard "A" shingles, dry	2 05	2 10
Nichols or Chippewa A (shaded) shingles, dry	1 50	1 55
Lath, dry	1 90	2 00

Drugs.

(Jobbers' Quotations.)

Acid, citric, ⅌ lb, 65c; tartaric, powdered, 55c. Ammon, carb., 24c; assafœtida, 30c; balsam copaiva, 45c; bismuth subnit, $2 25; blue mass, 40c; blue vitriol, 10c; borax, ref., 12@14c, calomel Amer., 75c; do, English, $1 35; camphor, 32; cream tartar, pure, 32c; cinchonidia sulp., $1 25@1 35; chloroform, 80c; corros. sub. 55c; glycerine, 20@25c; morphine, sulph. ⅌ doz., $3 85; opium, ⅌ lb, $5 50; do, powdered, $7 50; bergamot sand, $3 00; oil lemon sand, $3 00; potash, bichrom, 20c; do, bromide, 55c; do, chlorate, 25c; do, iodide, $4 50; powdered rhubarb, $1 00; powdered ipecac, $1 50; powdered jalap, 40c; quinine, R. & Sons, or P. & W., oz., $3 50; root, gentian, ⅌ lb 12c; root ginger (Jamaica), lb, 30c; root rhubarb (E. India), $1 25; root seneca, 50c; root squills 16c; sal epsom, 2⅞@3⅞c; sal nitre com, 6@8c; sal nitre ch. 1, pure, 14@16c; sal Rochelle, 37c; seed canary, 6c; do cardam, malabar, $3 00; do, hemp, [...]c; do, mustard, white, 12⅞c; silver nitrate cryst, ⅌ oz., 85c; do, fused, ⅌ oz., 85c; soap, castile, mottled, lb, 9@11c; do, do, white, 15@18c; strychnine, cryst, ⅌ oz., $1 75; powdered, $1 60; sulphur, ⅌ lb 5@6c; zinc, sulphate, 12c.

"[THE EARLY] BIRD."

[In th]e early morn, while the lark is singing sweetly, before the scorching rays of an August sun have a chance to beat on your defenseless heads, repair to the "Famous" with little Georgie; buy him a pair of knee-pants for 25 cents that will wash and wear like pig-iron. You can find boys' cassimere pants, for ages 8 to 16, $1, $1 25, $1 50, $1 75, $2 to $3; boys' odd coats, $1, $1 25, $1 50, $1 75, $2, $2 25, $2 50, $3 and up; children's suits, $1, $1 50, $2 and up; boys' suits, the greatest bargain ever seen in this city, $6 50; all-wool Cheviot, very handsome and cheap; cost more to make than we ask for it. Youths' suits, $3 50, $5, $6 50, $7 50 (Scotch Cheviot, rare bargain), $8, $9, $10 and up. Since the heated term has been upon us we have exhausted our supply of adjectives, but promise ample stock before school commences, so be prepared to hear what we have to offer. In the meantime be assured we are comfortable and have everything desirable for the youth and children at the

"FAMOUS,"

705 to 715 Franklin Avenue.

Dry Goods.

(Jobbers' Quotations.)

PRINTS.

Dark styles	7	Merrimack fancy shirtings	7
Dunnel	7	" "	6
Albion solids	6½	Regatta shirtings	5½
Allens	6½	Harmony fancy	6
Allens purples	6½	Lowell	5
American fancy	7	Simpson's	6½
Hamilton	7	Gloucester	6½
Codreco (dark)	7	Richmond	7
Washington	6½	Cocheco robes	7
Hartel	6½	Pacific robes	7
Mallory pink	6½	Wamsutta robes	5½
Garner's fancy	6½	Stifel 4-4 indigo blue	16

BLEACHED COTTON.

Auburn 4-4	8½	Green G 4-4	6½
Barnsley 7-8	6	Linwood 4-4	9
Bates 36	8½	Lonsdale 4-4	9½
Blackstone 36 AA	8½	Fruit de Loom 4-4	9½
Great Falls S 7-8 (Tiger)	6½	" 7-8	8½
		Hills 4-4	9½
Great Falls M 7-8 (Dog)	7¼	" 7-8	8
		Hope 4-4	8
Great Falls A 7-8 (Stag)	7½	Social L 4-4	7½
Great Falls AA 4-4	8	" Q	8

BROWN SHEETINGS.

Androscoggin 10-4	25	Pepperell 10-4	24
" 9-4	22½	" 9-4	21½
Monadnock 10-4	21	" 8-4	18½
" 9-4	20	" 7-4	12½
Pequot 10-4	30	" 48 inch	11½
" 9-4	27½	Utica 10-4	35
" 8-4	25	" 9-4	31
" 7-4	21	" 58 inch	25

BLEACHED COTTON CAMBRICS.

Fruit of Loom cambric	13	J. C. Knight cambric 32	8½
Waukegan	12½	Lonsdale	13½

BROWN COTTONS.

Indian standard 4-4	8½	Portsmouth P 28 in.	4½
Great Western	8	Bedford R 30	5
St. Louis 4-4	8	Conestoga D 28	5½
Belmont 4-4	8	" G 30	6
Penn Mills 4-4	8	" S 33	6½
Premium A 4-4	7½	" W	7½
Trion AAA 4-4	7½	Newmarket N 4-4	6½
Rock City 4-4	7	Continental C	7½
Hoosier 4-4	6½	Pepperell N	6½
Cabot W 4-4	7	" O	7
Carondelet 4-4	6½	" R	7½
Cherokee	5	" E	8

CHEVIOTS.

Amoskeag	11½	Bristol	7½
Slater	10½	Arlington X	7½
Slaterville	9	Bates	8½

BLEACHED SHEETINGS.

Pepperell 10-4	27	Monadnock 10-4	25
" 9-4	24	Androscoggin 10-4	28
" 8-4	20	" 9-4	25
Utica 10-4	37½	" 8-4	22½
" 9-4	34	" 48 inch	15

DENIMS—BLUE.

Amoskeag	16	Otis AXA	13
Pearl River	15	" BB	12
Boston	8½	" CC	10½
Belmont A 1	10	Belmont CCC	11½
" BBB	12½	" AAA	14

DENIMS—BROWN.

Amoskeag	16	Warren AXA	13
Pearl River	15	" BB	12
Boston	8½	" CC	10½
Belmont A 1	10	Belmont CCC	11½
" BBB	12½	" AAA	14

BROWN DUCKS.

Albion C	10	Champion twilled	15
Boston 80	10½	Oriental	14
" XX	12½	St. Louis	15
Belmont 10	11	Belmont 20	12½
" 30	13½		

DRILLS.

Crescent City	8½	Rock City	8
Amoskeag	8½	Trion	8½

TICKS.

Amoskeag ACA 4-4	20	Connestoga X 30 in.	9½
" ACA 7-8	17	" AA 32 in.	10½
" A 7-8	15	" CCA	13
" B 7-8	14	" CT 34 in.	14
" C 7-8	13	" Extra	16
Lancaster 7-8	16½	Ocean 29 in.	7½

GINGHAMS.

Amoskeag	9½	Glasgow	8½
" dress styles	9	Carrolton	8

LIVE STOCK.

Comparative receipts and shipments for the 24 hours ending to-day, and the same day in 1878:

	Receipts. 1879.	1878.	Shipments. 1879.	1878.
Cattle	571	600	1,819	549
Hogs	2,930	4,148	1,234	2,195
Sheep	166	555	....	450

CATTLE—There is but little change to note in the cattle market, save that the receipts are very small and may be called scant this morning. Most of the supply consisted of grass Texans from common to medium, that found ready sale at strong prices. All classes of buyers wanted purchases, and an active market would have ensued in grass Texans had the offerings proved large. Buyers were disappointed, and had to postpone active operations until the coming week, as from now on the supply will be small. Eastern shippers were not out in force as usual, and the few present manifested utter indifference in regard to operating, as New York and other markets are full of stock, and there is nothing lost by waiting until the coming week. Stock and feeding steers slow. Ruling quotations slow.

RULING QUOTATIONS.

Export steers	$4 90@5 00
Prime native steers, av. 1,400 to 1,500 lbs	4 70@4 90
Good to prime graded steers, av. 1,100 to 1,350	4 00@4 60
Common to good grass native steers	3 00@3 85
Good to prime native feeding steers, av. 950 to 1,100	3 00@3 50
Fair native stock steers, av. 800 to 950	2 50@3 00
Good to prime native cows and heifers	2 50@2 85
Common to fair native cows	1 75@2 25
Fair to good corn-fed Texan steers	3 00@3 75
Common to good grass Texan steers	2 00@3 10
Fair to good Colorado steers	4 25@4 00
Common to good veal calves, per head	4 00@10 00

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
66	native steers	1,192	$3 70
34	native steers	1,164	3 40
15	native mixed	036	2 39
21	Texan steers	810	2 60
22	Texan steers	886	2 85
13	Arkansas mixed	793	2 40
24	Texan steers	772	2 12½
18	native steers	1,130	3 30
19	native steers	910	2 75

HOGS—Business picked up considerably in the hog market this forenoon, and the moderate supply found ready disposal to shippers, principally at advances of 5c per 100 pounds over last night's closing quotations.

Light shipping hogs—Yorkers and Baltimore—brought $3 55@3 70 ⅌ 100 lbs, with bulk of sales at $3 62½ ⅌ 100 lbs. Heavy hogs a little slow and weak. Skips and culls dull. Values steady at $2@2 75 for skips and culls, $2 85@3 40 for mixed packing, $3 50@3 70 for heavy and select, and $3 55@3 70 for Yorkers and Baltimores.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
16	262	$3 60	50	180	$3 62½
18	272	3 65	67	188	3 62½
10	284	3 35	51	192	3 62½
55	261	3 55	50	178	3 62½
62	258	3 60	40	183	3 60
64	181	3 52½	39	177	3 65
54	180	3 62½	39	225	3 60
163	193	3 62½	15	200	3 60
87	187	3 60	12	210	3 60
66	181	3 55	77	186	3 60
27	177	3 55	19	211	3 10
20	195	3 10	18	283	3 25

SHEEP—Good grades in demand and scarce—common and medium mixed in fair offering and dull of disposal. Values steady.

We quote: $2 25@2 40 for common to medium muttons, $2 50@3 25 for fair to good and $3 35@3 50 for choice. Extra heavy and prime shipping sheep $3 50@3 65 per 100 lbs. Lambs $1@2 50 per head. Texan sheep $2 25@3 00 per head.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
50	good native sheep	110	$3 15
75	good native sheep	147	3 62½
44	fair native sheep	88	2 85

Live Stock Markets by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, August 1.—Hogs—Light $3 60@3 75; mixed packers $3@3 25; heavy shipping grades $3 50@3 70. Cattle—Quiet; receipts 4,250. Shipments of hogs for July, 127,186.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

By Western Associated Press.

BALTIMORE, August 1.—Flour steady and quiet, with superfine at $3@3 50; do extra $4@4 75; do family $5@5 75. Wheat—Western lower and weak; No. 2 Western winter red spot and August $1 09⅞@$1 09⅞; September $1 10@1 10⅞; October $1 10⅞@1 10⅞. Corn—Western firmer and quiet; Western mixed spot and August 44⅞@44⅞c; September 45⅞@45c; October 46⅞@47c; steamer 42@42⅞c. Oats lower, fairly active; western white 36@38c; do mixed 35@37c; Pennsylvania 36@38c. Rye quiet at 56@58c. Hay steady, prime to choice Pennsylvania $13@15. Provisions lower for bulk meats and steady at a decline. Mess pork $10 25. Bulk meats—Loose shoulders 3⅞c; clear rib sides 4⅞c; packed 4⅞c and 5⅞c for bacon; shoulders 4⅞c, clear rib sides 5⅞c; hams 11@12c. Lard 7c. Butter firm; prime to choice western packed at 12@14c. Eggs quiet, fresh 9@11c.

NEW YORK, August 1.—Cotton—9-16c for middling uplands. Flour dull; receipts 18,000 brls; sales 10,000 brls. Rye flour quiet at $3 26@3 50. Wheat—Spring dull and nominal; winter ⅞c to ⅞c lower and fairly active; receipts 367,000; sales 102,000; No. 2 red August $1 10@1 25 to $1 50. Rye quiet, State 69c. Corn fairly active; receipts 150,000; sales 130,000; 43@44⅞c for Western mixed. Barley dull. Oats steady; receipts 11,000; sales 26,000; 34⅞@37c for mixed Western. Pork firmer, $8 80. Beef unchanged. Lard stronger, 5.97⅞c. Butter 7@17c. Cheese unchanged. Whisky $1 06⅞. Sugar unchanged. Eggs 9@15c. Petroleum—Crude 2⅞c; refined unchanged. Tallow unchanged.

CHICAGO, August 1.—Wheat unsettled and lower; No. 2 red 97c cash, 96⅞c August; spring, 88c cash, 88c August, 87⅞c bid September. Corn easier; 34⅞c cash, 34⅞c August, 34⅞c September. Oats lower; 25c old, 23⅞c new: cash, 23⅞c August, 23⅞c September. Rye unchanged. Barley, new 75c September. Pork firmer; $8 17⅞c cash, $8 12⅞ bid August, $8 22⅞ bid September. Lard, steady; 5.55c cash, 5.62⅞ bid Sept. Whisky at $1 05. Hogs—receipts 12,000; moderately active and firm; light $3 60@3 65; heavy packing, $3@3 85; heavy shipping, $3 60@3 70.

BUFFALO, August 1.—Receipts—Flour, 1,396; wheat, 181,200; corn, 40,000. Shipments—Canal—wheat, 85,449; corn, 238,966. Railroad—wheat, 36,289; corn, 59,764. Wheat quiet and steady; sales, 13,000 bu No. 2 Duluth, $1 07; 4,000 new white Ohio $1 04; 1,000 sample Duluth p. t. Corn more active and steady; sales 228,000; sample 39c; No. 2 mixed western 40⅞c. Oats and rye neglected. Canal and rail freights unchanged.

TOLEDO, August 1.—Wheat firm but dull; amber Michigan, seller August $1 00⅞ asked; No. 2 red cash $1 00⅞; August $1 00⅞ asked, $1 00⅞ bid; Western amber $1 00⅞. Corn steady; high mixed 38⅞c; No. 2 seller August 37⅞c asked, September 37⅞c asked, rejected 37⅞c. Oats unchanged; No. 2 seller August 24⅞c; No. 2 white 27⅞c.

MILWAUKEE, August 1.—Wheat declined ⅞@1⅞c; noon board closed dull; $1 05 hard; 89⅞c No. 2 and August; 88⅞c September; 88c; October 79⅞c; No. 3; 77c No. 4; 68⅞c rejected; receipts 30,700; shipments 71,800. Corn quiet at 34⅞c No. 2. Oats dull, 25⅞c No. 2. Rye steady, 53c No. 1. Barley 62c No. 2.

CINCINNATI, August 1.—Flour quiet. Wheat easier at 93@98c. Corn quiet at 40@41c. Oats quiet; new 27@30c. Whisky steady at $1 03. Pork nominal. Lard quiet 5.65c bid. Bulk meats firmer; sales—shoulders 3.15c, short ribs 4.15c bid, short clear 4.40c. Bacon steady at 3⅞@4⅞@4.90@5.10.

NEW ORLEANS, August 1.—Flour quiet and steady; xxx $4 25@5 12⅞; family $5 25@5 50; receipts 1,457 brls. Corn easy; mixed 46c; white 64@65; yellow 48@49c. Oats weak at 34@35c. Hay quiet and easier; choice $20 00; prime $17. Bran dull at 60c. Cornmeal irregular at $2 65@2 75.

DETROIT, August 1.—Flour steady. Wheat easier; old extra nothing done; No. 1 white, old, $1 02⅞; extra new $1 04⅞; No. 1 white, new, $1 02⅞; August $1 02 bid; September $1 02⅞ bid; October $1 03⅞ bid; milling No. 1, 98c bid. Receipts 73,000 bu. Shipments 22,000 bu.

CLEVELAND, O., August 1.—Petroleum steady and quiet; S. W. 110, 6⅞c.

KEEP C[OOL]

American Seersucke[r ...]
Genuine Foreign Se[...]
Alpaca and Mohair [...]

F. W. [HUM...]

200 and 202 [...] Cor. Pine.

TIME TABLE

OF TRAINS RUNNING INTO THE

UNION DEPOT.

(ST. LOUIS TIME.)

Railroad managers are requested to notify of any changes in the running of trains, that the time card may be kept correct.

CHICAGO, ALTON AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

Trains.	Depart.	Arrive.
Chicago Mail	* 8:10 a. m.	*8:15 p. m.
Chicago Express	† 7:40 p. m.	†7:50 a. m.
Kansas City and Cal. Ex.	* 8:10 a. m.	*6:45 p. m.
Kansas City and Denver Ex.	* 8:30 p. m.	*7:20 a. m.
Louisiana & Jacksonville Ex.	* 8:10 a. m.	*6:45 p. m.
Springfield & Jacksonv'le Ac.	* 5:10 p. m.	*10:30 a. m.

CHICAGO THROUGH LINE, VIA WABASH AND ILLINOIS CENTRAL.

Chicago Day Express	* 7:30 a. m.	*8:20 p. m.
Chicago Night Express	† 6:40 p. m.	†7:40 a. m.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY R. R.
Burlington Route.

Omaha and California Exp.	* 8:00 a. m.	6:05 p. m.
St. Paul and Minneapolis Ex.	* 8:00 a. m.	6:05 p. m.
Omaha Night Express	† 8:45 p. m.	†7:15 a. m.

CAIRO SHORT LINE.

Fast Mail*	* 7:35 a. m.	*10:05 a. m.
New Orleans & Memphis Ex	8:50 p. m.	†11:50 p. m.
Nashville & Chattanooga Ex	8:50 p. m.	11:50 p. m.
Belleville Accommodation	8:20 a. m.	7:50 a. m.
" "	*10:50 a. m.	10:45 a. m.
" "	* 2:50 p. m.	2:00 p. m.
" "	5:35 p. m.	5:20 p. m.
Sunday Belleville Accom'n.	8:50 a. m.	8:20 a. m.
" "	6:05 p. m.	5:50 p. m.

CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.
Leave Ticket Office, 520 Walnut street.

TRAINS DEPART. Sparta Accomd'n.	Cairo Exp.		TRAINS ARRIVE. Sparta Ac. com'dn.	Cairo Express.
4:30 p. m.	8:30 a. m	St. L.	9:20 a. m.	5:20 p. m.
5:00 p. m.	9:00 "	E. St. L	9:00 a. m.	5:00 p. m.

INDIANAPOLIS AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

Day Express	* 7:30 a. m.	* 7:00 p. m.
New York Express	†6:45 p. m.	† 8:00 a. m.
Accommodation	* 4:45 p. m.	*10:05 a. m.

ILLINOIS AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

Belleville Accommodation	8:25 a. m.	8:10 a. m.
	11:00 a. m.	10:35 a. m.
	2:30 p. m.	2:05 p. m.
	5:00 p. m.	4:45 p. m.
Sunday	9:25 a. m.	9:10 a. m.
	6:00 p. m.	5:45 p. m.

MISSOURI, KANSAS AND TEXAS RAILWAY.

St. Louis and Tex. Express	† 9:00 a. m.	†5:15 p. m.
Missouri and Kansas Express	† 9:25 p. m.	7:00 a. m.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Texas Express	† 9:00 a. m.	†5:15 p. m.
Omaha and California Ex	† 9:00 a. m.	†5:15 p. m.
Kansas and Colorado Ex	† 9:20 p. m.	†7:00 a. m.
Texas and Kansas Express	† 9:20 p. m.	†7:00 a. m.
St. L. & San Francisco Ex	9:38 p. m.	†6:25 a. m.

ACCOMMODATION TRAINS.

Kirkwood	* 8:00 a. m.	* 7:33 a. m.
Pacific (Sunday only)	8:30 a. m.	7:06 p. m.
Kirkwood	12:13 p. m.	2:58 p. m.
Kirkwood (Sunday only)	1:08 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
Kirkwood	* 3:25 p. m.	6:05 p. m.
Washington	* 4:55 p. m.	* 8:20 a. m.
Kirkwood	* 6:25 p. m.	*10:48 a. m.

OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY.

Vincennes Accommodation	* 6:35 a. m.	*9:35 p. m.
Day Express	* 7:50 a. m.	*8:30 p. m.
Salem Accommodation	* 5:05 p. m.	*9:05 a. m.
Night Express	† 6:50 p. m.	†7:00 a. m.

ST. LOUIS, KANSAS CITY AND NORTHERN R'Y

Omaha and California Ex	* 8:50 a. m.	* 5:30 p. m.
Kansas and Colorado Ex	† 9:20 p. m.	† 7:05 a. m.
Iowa and St. Paul Ex	† 9:20 p. m.	† 7:05 a. m.
Ferguson Ac. (Sunday only)	9:00 a. m.	10:40 a. m.
Rosedale Ac.	* 9:00 a. m.	*10:20 a. m.
Rosedale Ac. (Sunday only)	11:00 a. m.	12:02 p. m.
Rosedale Ac.	* 1:30 p. m.	* 2:32 p. m.
Rosedale Ac.	* 3:00 p. m.	* 4:07 p. m.
Ferguson Ac.	4:30 p. m.	7:00 p. m.
Ferguson Ac.	* 7:15 p. m.	* 8:15 a. m.
Warrenton Ac. from Biddle street	* 4:30 p. m.	*10:10 a. m.
St. Charles Ac. from Biddle street	* 6:15 p. m.	* 8:15 a. m.

ST. LOUIS AND SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY.

Southern Kansas and Texas Ex	9:38 p. m.	6:25 a. m.

ST. LOUIS AND SOUTHEASTERN RAILWAY.

Nashville Mail (except Sunday)	8:00 a. m.	5:50 p. m.
Belleville Ac. (except Sunday)	11:55 a. m.	4:00 p. m.
Mt. Vernon Ac. (except Sunday)	4:40 p. m.	10:20 a. m.
Nashville Ex. (Daily)	9:30 p. m.	7:00 a. m.
Queen's Lake Ac. (Sunday only)	8:00 a. m.	7:10 p. m.

VANDALIA LINE.

Day Express	† 8:30 a. m.	* 5:00 p. m.
Mail and Accommodation	* 3:00 p. m.	
Highland Accommodation	* 6:00 p. m.	1:30 p. m.
Fast Line	† 7:00 p. m.	
Pacific Express		†7:30 a. m.
St. Louis Express		†9:00 p. m.

UNION RAILWAY AND TRANSIT COMPANY.

Stock Yard Accommodation	*6:20 a. m.	*4:40 p. m.
Stock Yard Accommodation	*5:00 p. m.	*6:40 p. m.

ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN AND SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

St. Louis Union Depot.		
Southeastern Express	* 8:40 a. m.	* 5:50 p. m.
Mobile & N. O. Express	† 8:35 p. m.	† 6:45 a. m.
Arkansas & Texas Express	† 9:30 a. m.	† 7:00 a. m.
Plum Street Depot.		
DeSoto Accommodation	* 5:00 p. m.	* 8:00 a. m.
Saturday Arcadia Accom.	5:00 p. m.	8:00 a. m.
Sunday's Arcadia Ex. Train.	8:40 a. m.	7:20 a. m.

Week Day Carondelet Trains—Leave, a. m.: 6:25, 7:00, 7:40, 8:05, 9:10, 10:00, 10:30; p. m.: 12:05, 1:50, 3:10, 4:30, 5:00, 6:25, 7:35, 9:00, 11:30.

Arrive—A. m.: 5:50, 6:15, 7:00, 7:55, 8:15, 9:00, 9:57, 11:25; p. m.: 1:15, 2:35, 3:55, 4:25, 4:55, 5:50, 7:00, 8:00, 10:50.

Sunday Carondelet Trains—Leave, a. m.: 6:25, 7:00, 8:40, 10:00, 11:05; p. m.: 1:40, 2:25, 5:10, 7:30, 9:00, 11:30.

Arrive—A. m.: 5:50, 6:15, 8:00, 9:00, 10:30; p. m.: 1:00, 2:15, 4:30, 6:55, 8:00, 10:50

WABASH LINE.

Atlantic Express	* 7:30 a. m.	
Accommodation	* 4:50 p. m.	
Daily Lightning Express	† 6:40 p. m.	
Local Express		* 7:40 a. m.
Daily Fast Line		† 8:00 a. m.
Fast Mail		* 8:20 p. m.

WEST END NARROW-GAUGE RAILROAD.

WEEK DAYS.

Leave St. Louis 6:56, 8:20, 10:00, 11:30 a. m.; 3:00, 4:25, 5:45, 7:05 p. m.

Arrive at St. Louis 6:30, 8:00, 9:24, 11:04 a. m.; 2:04, 4:04, 5:29, 6:49 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave St. Louis 9:00, 10:30 a. m.; 1:00, 2:20, 3:40, 5:00, 6:20, 7:40 p. m.

Arrive at St. Louis 8:40, 10:04 r. m.; 12:40, 2:04, 3:24, 4:44, 6:04, 7:24 p. m.

*Except Sunday. ‡Except Saturday.
†Daily. ‖Except Monday.

[AMUSEME]NTS.

BOD[EMANN'S ...] GARDEN,

Second Caron[delet ...] [L]afayette Avenues,

HALCYON OPERA CO.,

C. W. HONEY, Manager.

"PINAFORE."

Admission, 25 cents; reserved seats, 50 cents.

UHRIG'S CAVE.

Monday evening, July 28, during the week and Saturday Matinee,

STEWART COMIC OPERA COMPANY

in the

BELLS OF CORNEVILLE.

DR BLANK'S BLACK MEDICINE

To move the bowels according to wants, take a tablespoonful once or twice a day. A Grand Purgative. Sold by all Druggists. Price Fifty Cents and One Dollar per bottle.

STEAMBOATS.

MISSOURI RIVER.

KANSAS CITY PACKET CO.--STAR LINE.

For Augusta, Jefferson City, Boonville, Glasgow, Cambridge and New Frankfort.

Str. BELLE ST. LOUIS.......CARTWRIGHT, Master.

Leaves every Tuesday, at 5 p. m.

For Augusta, Washington and Hermann.

Str. MATTIE BELLE.......WM. BALL, Master

Leaves every Wednesday and Saturday at 4 p. m.

Jefferson City, Boonville, Glasgow, Cambridge, New Frankfort, Lexington and Kansas City.

Str. JO. KINNEY.......VICKERS, Master,

Leaves WEDNESDAY, 30, at 5 p. m., from wharf-boat foot of Olive st.

L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, HUNTER BEN JENKINS, Agents.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

Keokuk Northern Line Packet Co.

For Burlington, Muscatine, Rock Island, Davenport, Dubuque, La Crosse, Winona and St. Paul.

Str. NORTHWESTERN.......Fl. Lee, Master,

Leaves SATURDAY, August 2, 12 m.

For Clarksville, Louisiana and all Way-Landings.

Str. BALD EAGLE.......Williams, Master,

Leaves every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 4 p. m.

Str. MINNESOTA.......Davis, Master.

Leaves every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 p. m.

For Clarksville, Louisiana, Hannibal, Quincy and Keokuk.

Str. WAR EAGLE.......Thompson, Master,

Leaves TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 p. m.

For Clarksville, Louisiana, Hannibal, Quincy and Keokuk.

STR. GOLDEN EAGLE.......Asbury, Master,

Leaves MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 4 p. m.

W. F. DAVIDSON, President.

Ticket and Passenger Office, 114 N. Fourth street.

JAS. A. LYON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DIAMOND JO. LINE,

For Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Dubuque, McGregor, St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Str. JOSEPHINE,

CONGAR.......Master.

Leaves FRIDAY evening, August 1. Loading at the foot of Washington avenue. Through rates given to all points on the Han. and St. Jo. and M. I. and N. Railroads.

T. J. BUFORD, Agent, 517 North Levee.

EAGLE PACKET COMPANY.

For Madison, Alton and Grafton.

Str. SPREAD EAGLE.......H. Leyhe, Master,

Leaves this day at 3 p. m.

Receiving at Eagle Packet Company's wharfboat, foot of Vine street.

HENRY LEYHE, Supt.

TRUE DODGE, Agent.

LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

NEW ORLEANS ANCHOR LINE.

FOR NEW ORLEANS AND WAY LANDINGS.

STEAMER

W. P. HALLIDAY,

GOULD.......Master.

Leaves SATURDAY, Aug. 2, at 5 p. m.

For freight or passage apply on board wharfboat, foot of Market street.

JOHN W. CARROLL, Gen. Ft. Agt.

KOUNTZ LINE.

For New Orleans and all Way Landings,

Str. J. B. M. KEHLOR

Will leave with dispatch.

JOHN W. KING, Agent.

KOUNTZ LINE.

For Chester, Cape Girardeau, Grand Tower, and all way landings, the steamer

JOHN D. SCULLY,

O. T. IRONS.......Master,

Leaves every TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 5 p. m., from Kountz Line wharfboat.

JOHN W. KING, Agent.

PLEASURE YACHT.

The new and elegant steam yacht FROLIC, suitable for picnic and moonlight excursion parties, can be secured by applying on board to

HUNTER BEN JENKINS, Mo. River Star Line Wharfboat.

FOR SALE CHEAP!

1 Scale, 2,500 lbs.
1 Scale, 1,500 lbs.
2 Second-hand Steam Pumps.
15 Second-hand Boilers, of several sizes.
12 Second-hand Stationary Engines, several sizes.

P. P. MANION B. AND W. CO.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

SITUATION as shipping clerk, drive livery wagon or any place I can earn a living. Address D. T. C., this office. 1

POSITION by a lady as housekeeper for widower or bachelor; none need apply unless persons of means. Address A. M. Bosworth, Post-office. 1

STEADY woman wanted for general work at 819 Chestnut st.

1827 OLIVE street; front room on third floor, southern exposure, with board. Also hall rooms. 1

LOST—A velvet pocket-book on Thursday between Franklin and Washington avenues, containing a lace handkerchief and cards with names of Sally Batdorf and Josie Z. Garney. The finder will do a favor by leaving the same at 2625 Stoddard street. 1

A PRIVATE family at Webster Groves have desirable furnished room to rent with board at reasonable price. Ref. exchanged. Address H. A., this office. 1

A MAN who understands running wood-working machinery, and who has a few hundred dollars cash, can hear of a good business opening. Address S. H., this office. 1

ST. LOUIS SEMINARY.—A select school for young ladies limited to thirty. Its location, course of study, home comforts, moderate expenses, proximity to St. Louis, maturity of teachers, all render it a very desirable home for young ladies. Send for catalogue. Enters on the ninth year September [...]

B. T. BLEWETT, L. L. D., [...] Jennings, M[o.]

SITUATION as porter in a flour, commission [or] wholesale house; six years in last place; be[st] references. F. W., S. W. cor. Main and Olive.

ADDITIONAL RIVER NEWS.

STEAMER Jo Kinney, bringing a big c[argo], returns to Kansas City to-morrow evening.

THE Carrier takes out, this evening, 200 [tons] pig iron, with a prospect of getting a few [...] sand sacks grain along the Ohio.

SHIPMENTS of bulk grain to New O[rleans] week ending at noon to-day: Wheat, [...] bushels; corn, 30,000 bushels. Multip[ly] by ten or twenty for next year's probabl[e ship]ments.

O. G. CATES, Esq., arrived this morning [from] visiting his relations in delightful Houst[on], Texas. He is ready to work, and hopes hi[s] Commonwealth, of the Anchor Line, will soo[n] be on the move.

River Telegrams.

By Western Associated Press.

EVANSVILLE, August 1.—Arrived: B. S. Rhea, 9 p. m.; B. H. Cooke, 8 a. m.; Evergreen, noon. Departed: Evansville, Bowling Green, 9 p. m.; Fawn, Cairo, midnight; B. S. Rhea, Louisville, 1 a. m. Weather clear and hot; wind south. River falling; 9 feet and [...] inches.

CAIRO, August 1.—Arrived: John A. Scudder, New Orleans, 6 a. m. Departed: Silver Cloud, Evansville, 9 p. m.; Scudder, St. Louis, 7 a. m. Clear and hot.

CINCINNATI, August 1.—No arrivals or departures. River 10 feet 6 inches and rising rapidly. Coal boats arriving. Cloudy, thermometer 92.

PITTSBURG, PA., August 1.—River, 3 feet [...] inches and stationary. Weather clear and warm. Departed: C. W. Batchelor, 12 m.

WHEELING, August 1.—River 4 feet 1 [...] and falling. John Rhoads passed for St. Louis Thursday at 6 p. m.

LOUISVILLE, KY., August 1.—River falling; [...] feet in canal. Ben Franklin, Cincinnati, [...]

CRYSTAL CITY, MO., August 1.—Alice [...] at 8 a. m.; Illinois up at 9 a. m.